CALIBRATION OF SEED DRILL

Determine the nominal width of coverage of the drill. It is equal to the multiplication of row spacing (S) and number of rows (n) e.g. 4 furrow openers x 30 cm row spacing = 120 cm = 1.2 m is the width of coverage of the seed drill.

Shap Emp

> Calculate the circumference (C) of the drive wheel of the seed drill.



Calculate the number of revolution required (N) to cover 1/100th of a hectare

N= 10000/CxSxnx100

- Calculate the wheel revolution N_1 after allowing 10 % wheel skid e.g, $N_1 = N-0.1N$
- Put a mark on the drive wheel to count the wheel revolutions

Jack up the seed drill so that the drive wheel will be free to rotate.

VERSIT

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> Fill the seed box to the full and turn the drive wheel by 2-3 revolutions so that the seeds will fill into the feed cup of the seed-metering device.

> Place gunny bags or containers to collect seeds.



Rotate the drive wheel to revolutions at an appropriate speed. The speed of operation of an animal drawn seed drill will be 2-2.5 kmph whereas that of the tractor drawn seed drill is 3, 5 and 8 kmph. Exmp: A 60 cm dia. wheel will make 21 revolution per minute when traveling at 2.4 kmph speed.

Centurion UNIVERSITY Shaping Lives... Empowering Communities... Weigh the total seeds (W) collected in different bags. Calculate the observed seed rate (R= 100W) and compare that with the recommended seed rate.

If the difference is over 5 % take necessary adjustment to reduce the seed rate. All the seed tubes of different furrow openers should drop equal amount of seeds. Take two replications of each observation.



Repeat the process with the hopper 3/4th and ½ full.

 The fertilizer calibration can be done in the same way along with that of the seed.







CUP FEED TYPE



