LECTURE - 7

<u>Counter</u> <u>CTU :: CTD</u>

Timers are 3 word instructions:-

| 1. | Addressing | (C5:0C5:255) | (1 Word) |
|----|------------|---------------------|----------|
| 2. | ACC | (Accumulator Value) | (1 Word) |
| 3. | PRE | (Preset Value) | (1 Word) |

Some of the addressing word's bit are used as output of counter.



A counter has two digital outputs and two analog outputs. They are:-

Digital :CU (Counter up Bit)
DN (Done Bit)Syntax : C5:0/CU or C5:0/DNAnalog :PRE (Preset)
ACC (Accumulator)Syntax : C5:0.PRE or C5:0.ACC

CTU (COUNTER UP)



CU (Counter Enable bit) :: This bit is high when the power to the counter block is high. i.e: I:1.0/0 is made on.

DN (Done Bit) :: This bit is high when counter has finished counting or ACC =PRE

Note :: If power is made off, after DN bit is high, it remains high until reset is used i.e. to reset the counter

CTD (COUNTER DOWN)



CD (Counter Enable bit) :: This bit is high when the power to the counter block is high. i.e: I:1.0/0 is made on.

DN (Done Bit) :: This bit is initially high and when counter has finished counting or ACC <PRE this bit goes low.

Note :: To reset the counter external reset must be used.