

### What is a brand marketing program?

Brand marketing program is simply the consideration of product, pricing and distribution strategies in particular for building brand equity.

- •How can marketers integrate these activities to enhance brand awareness, improve the brand image, elicit positive brand responses, and increase brand resonance?
- •The focus of brand marketing program is on designing marketing activities from a branding perspective.
- •It considers how the brand itself can be effectively integrated into the marketing program to create brand equity.





# **Integrating** Marketing

#### **Product Strategy**

gning and delivering a product or service that fully satisfies consumer needs and wants is a prerequisite for successful eting, regardless of whether the product is a tangible good, vice, or organization. For brand loyalty to exist, consumers' eriences with the product must at least meet, if not actually surpass, their expectations.

#### **Pricing Strategy**

ice is the one revenue-generating element of the traditional ing mix, and price premiums are among the most important its of building a strong brand. Pricing strategy considers the kinds of price perceptions that consumers might form, and nt pricing strategies that the firm might adopt to build brand equity.

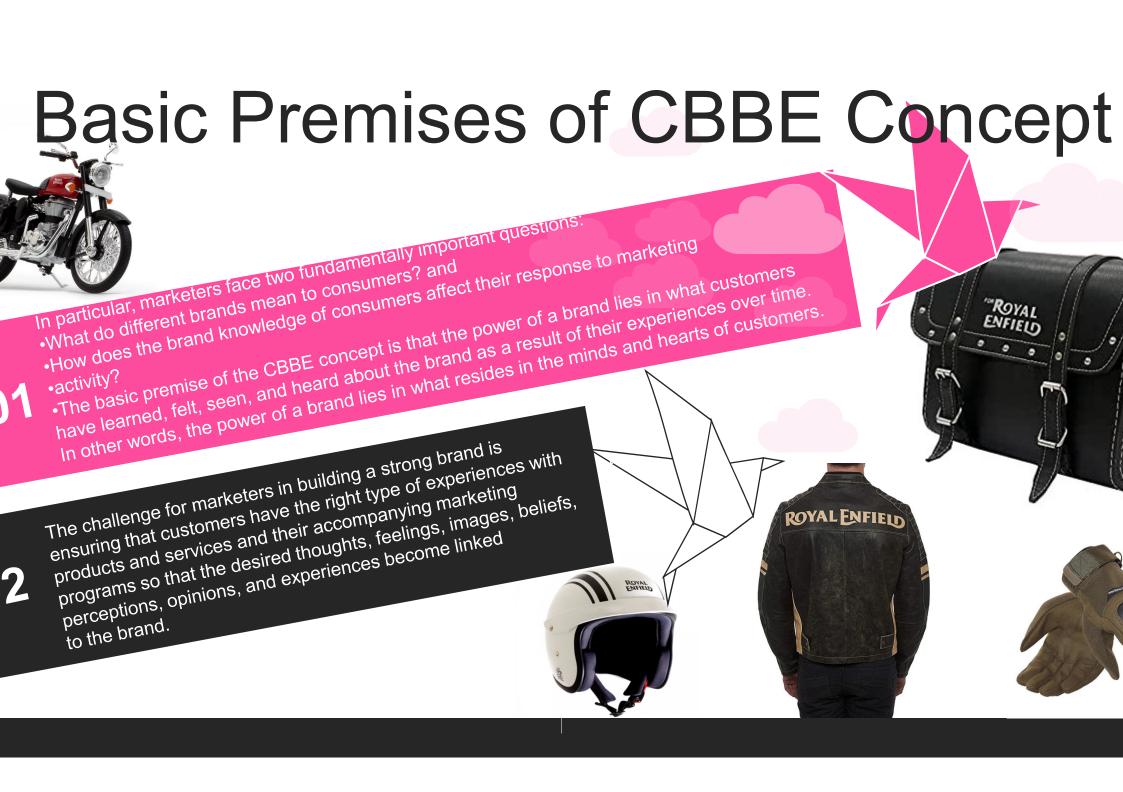
#### **Channel Strategy**

Marketing channels are defined as "sets of interdependent organizations involved in the process of making a product or service available for use or consumption." Channel strategy udes the design and management of intermediaries such as wholesalers, distributors, brokers, and retailers.









# Three Key Ingredients of CBBE

Let's look at the three key ingredients of CBBE:

(1) "differential effect,"

(2) "brand knowledge," and

(3) "consumer response to marketing."

#### **Differential Effect**

First, brand equity arises from differences in consumer response.
If no differences occur, then the brand-name product can essentially be classified as a commodity or a generic version of the product.
Competition, most likely, would then just be based on price.

#### **Brand Knowledge**

•Second, these differences in esponse are a result of consumers' knowledge about the brand, that is,

nat they have learned, felt, seen, and heard about the brand as a result of their experiences over time.

Thus, although strongly influenced by the marketing activity of the firm, rand equity ultimately depends on what resides in the minds and hearts of consumers.

#### **Consumer Response to Marketing**

 Third, customers' differential responses, which make up brand equity, are reflected in perceptions, preferences, and behavior related to all aspects of brand marketing,





Level – 1 : Brand Identity or Who you are?



Level – 2 : Brand Meaning or What are you?

Level -3: Brand Response or What are the feelings for the brand?

Level – 4 : Brand Resonance or A strong relationship









Keller's Brand Equity Model



### **Immary of CBBE Process**













#### Step 1

e brand identification let the customers to who you are through h and depth of brand awareness.



#### Step 2

Provide brand meaning on what you are all about, through both tangible/performing and intangible/imagery associations, that are both strong, favorable and preferably also unique.



#### Step 3

Elicit positive and accessible brand responses from your customers both in terms of rational judgments and personal emotions so they know what it is about you that makes you special.

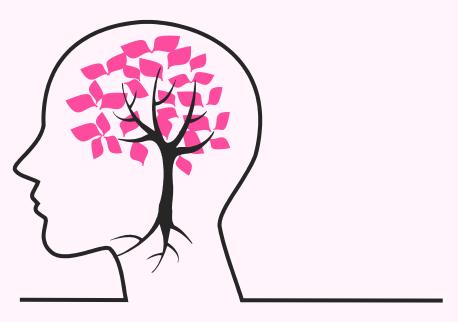


#### Step 4

Establish, grow and maintain intense and active brand relationships by making your brand resonate with your customers.



## Thank You



My Curiosity is all Yours