DRUG INFORMATION SERVICE



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INTRODUCTION

- Growth of medical information at an alarming rate.
- Vast data by FDA & from clinical investigations.
- Decision to chosing the best information.
- WHO

 developed DIC to promote rational use of drugs*

^{*}Promoting rational use of medicines: core components. WHO Policy Perspectives on Medicines, September 2002



DRUG INFORMATION

The Provision Of Written And/Or Verbal
Information About Drugs And Drug
Therapy In Response To A Request From
Other Healthcare Providing Organizations,
Committees, Patients, And Public
Community



Drug information center(DIC)

Provides in-depth, unbiased source of crucial drug information to meet needs of the practicing physicians, pharmacists and other health care professionals



MISSION

To increase the community knowledge & awareness about drug & drug usage





HISTORY:

- First DIC at University of Kentucky in 1960.
- ►In US-80% of the Hospitals have DIC.



INDIAN SCENARIO*

 WHO India country office + KSPC (Karnataka State Pharmacy Council)

5 DIČ in India

Haryana (Sirsa)

Chhattisgarh(Raipur)

Rajasthan (Jaipur)

Assam (Dibrugarh)

Goa(Panaji)

*Chauhan N:Indian aspects of drug information resources & impact of DIC on community, J. Adv. Pharm. Tech. Res



- Gear to the need of its users.
- Information- dependable, timely & standard.
- Expertise should be readily accesible.
- SOPs for categorising enquiries & maintaining search pattern.



OPTIMAL USAGE OF DRUG INFORMATION



STAFFING

- Pharmacy team:
 Pharmacist
 Pharmacy Technicians & Students
- Medical team:
 Toxicologists
 Clinical pharmacologist
- Supporting team:
 People trained in library science with computer knowledge

OBJECTIVES OF DIC

Promote evidence based practice.



2. Meet the patient's needs while providing pharmaceutical care



3. Improve the patient adherence

4. To provide accurate and unbiased information.

5. To provide an organized database.





AVAILABLE INFORMATION IN DIC

- ✓ General
- ✓ Pharmacological
- ✓ Toxicity
- **✓** Formulation
- **✓** Pharmacokinetics
- **✓** Adverse effects

SOURCES OF INFORMATION





Classification of Scientific Literature

Tertiary Textbooks

Secondary Sources

Bibliographies, Reviews, Abstracting and Indexing Services

Primary Sources

Patents, Conference Papers (Abstracts), Case Reports, Journal Articles, Correspondence, Thesis



1. PRIMARY SOURCE:

- Original information
- Scientific Journals
- Thesis
- Proceedings of conferences



2. SECONDARY SOURCE:

- Database(pubmed,embase, scopus, toxline,National Library of Medicine Gateway)
- Low drug information services[http://www.uiowa.edu/~idin/]
- Review articles.





3.TERTIARY SOURCE:

- Textbooks on drug or disease topics
- Pharmacopeias IP, BP, USP, BNF etc.,
- Encyclopedia
- Dictionaries
- Guides



Other Sources::

- Public and hospitals about the AE of any drug.
- Local drug lists
- National formularies, Hospital formularies
- Internet
- Phone calls to manufacturers, government and non-government organizations & to other DIC.



SERVICES OFFERED:

- > Information about drugs.
- > Poison management information.
- > Patient education service.
- > Assistance on drug usage in patients.
- Professional assistance for investigations in drug usage.
- Drug related information to hospital staff.
- > Reporting and investigating ADR.

Steps in Answering

Classification of question **Background Information** Search of literature **Preparation of Response** or answer

Fig. 1: Categorization of drug information queries based on speciality

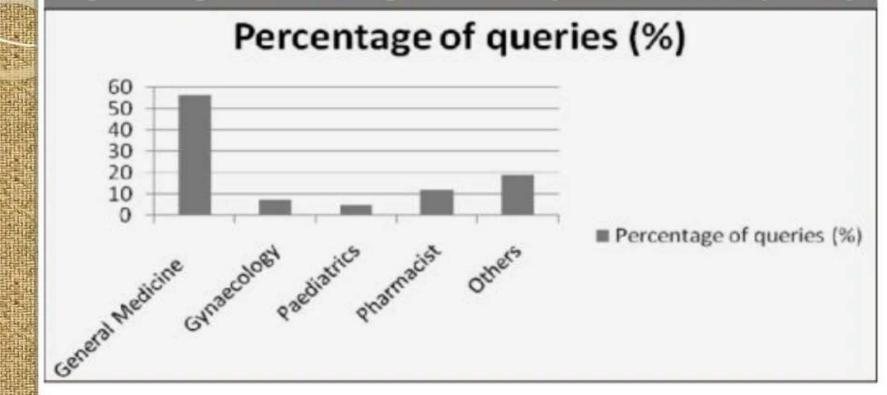
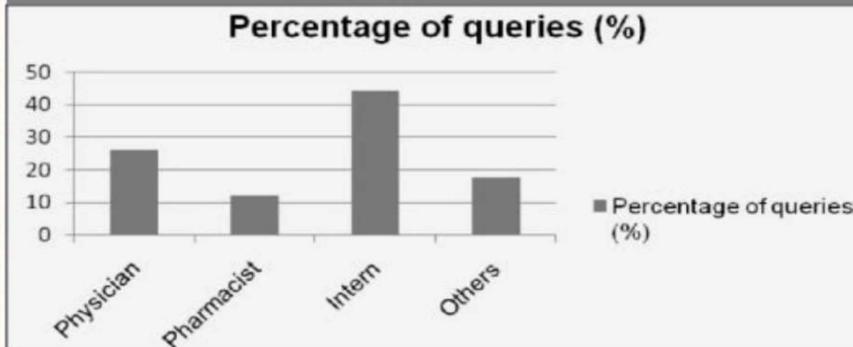
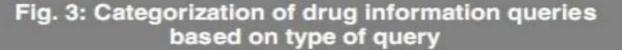
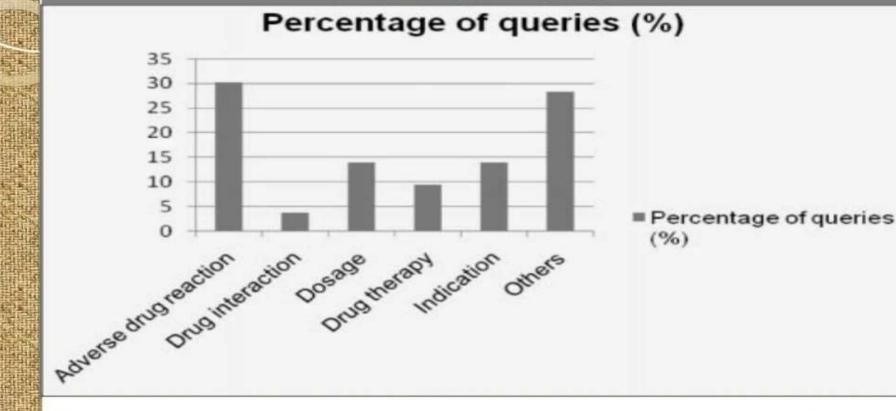


Fig. 2: Categorization of drug information queries based on status of the enquirer



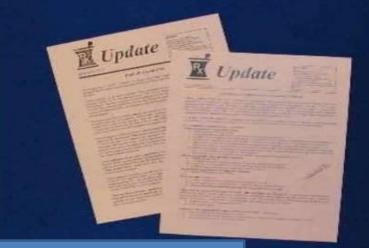




DRUG INFORMATION BULLETIN

- For transmission of information to the members of health care team.
- > Regular publication is needed on the latest developments.







- Report the abused drugs for victimizing some innocent.
- Illinois State Police has started this to report such cases of drug abuse & spread awareness in both public & US officials to ban such drugs OTC selling.
- Governed by DEA (Drug Enforcement Administration)

^{*}Available from: http://www.justice.gov/dea/pubs/abuse/index.htm [Last accessed on 2012 Oct 7].



- DICs are regarded as a gateway of drug information.
- They have responsibility to provide highest possible std information.
- Sources of information.
- DICs aim at rational use of drugs.
- A proper working DIC is necessary to make best use of its services.

THANKYOU