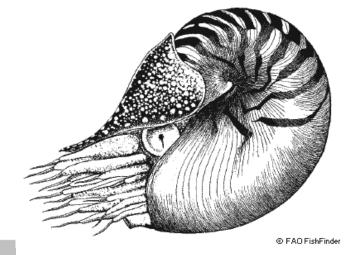
Class Cephalopoda



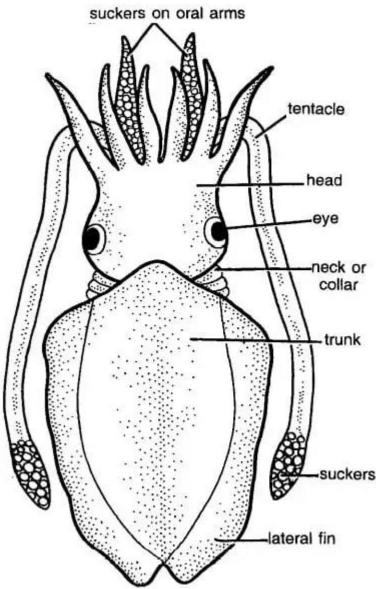
Dr. Saritha S Asst. Professor School of Fisheries CUTM, Paralakhemundi

Cephalopods

- Among the entire invertebrate groups, cephalopods are considered as much advanced groups.
- They are one of the most interesting groups of molluscs due to their high level of organization and the complex behavior patterns that they exhibit.
- The cephalopods, whose living representatives include cuttlefish, squid, octopus, and nautilus.
- These species are exclusively marine.
- Adapted for a swimming existence, they are the most highly organised of all the molluscs and include the largest species of the invertebrate animals.

Morphology

- Body may be globular or oval or arrow-shaped and have fins on the sides.
- Body divided into a head and trunk.
- Head bears a pair of large lateral eyes and mouth.
- Mouth bears jaws and radula.
- Trunk consists of symmetrical and uncoiled visceral mass.
- Foot altered into a series of large prehensile suckers bearing arms of tentacles encircling the mouth.
- Fin inserted laterally may surround the body (cuttlefish) or divided into two lateral fins placed more or less posteriorly (squid).



Sub-class 1. Nautiloidea Nautilus sp Sub-class 2. Coleoidea or Dibranchiata Order 1. Sepioidea (cuttle fish)

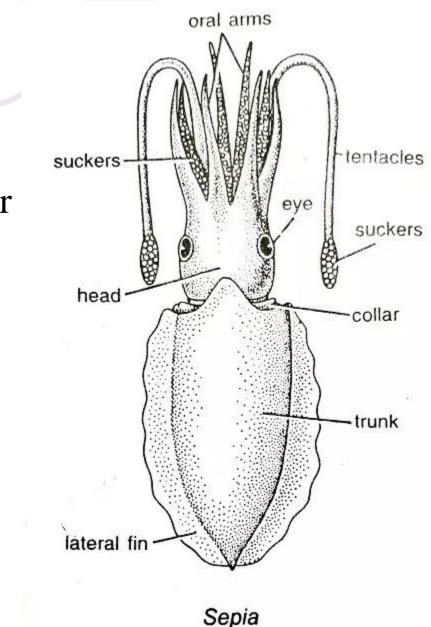
• Order 2. Teuthoidea (Squids)



Cuttle fish

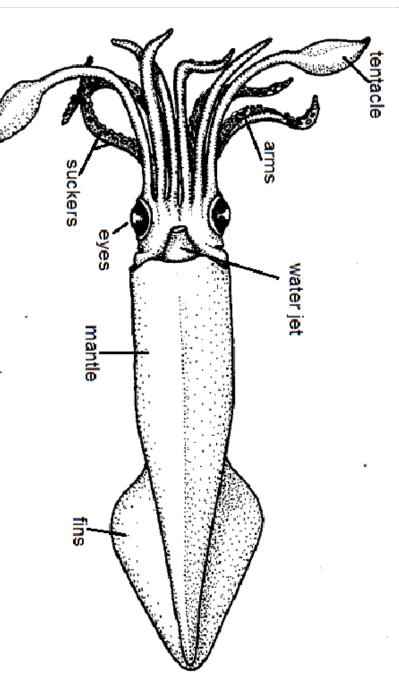
• Genus: Sepia

- Body either elongate and broad or very slender dorso-ventrally flattened.
- Fins marginal and narrow, extending all along mantle on either side.
- Internal shell (sepion) present.
- Head free from dorsal mantle.
 - Sepia pharaonis
 - ⊙ Sepia prashadi
 - Sepia aculeata



Squid

- Genus: Loligo
- Internal shell (gladius or pen) chitinous, feather or rod-shaped.
- Eight sessile arms.
- Two tentacular arms
- Suckers stalked and with or without hooks.
- Finlobes fused posteriorly.
- Eyes either covered or open and without supplementary eyelid.



- Sub-order **Myopsida** (Neretic squids): Eyes completely covered with a corneal membrane.
- Sub-order **Oegopsida** (Oceanic squids): Eyes not covered with a corneal membrane and open to the surrounding medium.