## Class Cephalopoda



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## Cephalopods

© Among the entire invertebrate groups, cephalopods are considered as much advanced groups.

- They are one of the most interesting groups of molluscs due to their high level of organization and the complex behavior patterns that they exhibit.
- The cephalopods, whose living representatives include cuttlefish, squid, octopus, and nautilus.
$\odot$ These species are exclusively marine.
- Adapted for a swimming existence, they are the most highly organised of all the molluscs and include the largest species of the invertebrate animals.


## Morphology

- Body may be globular or oval or arrow-shaped and have fins on the sides.
- Body divided into a head and trunk.
© Head bears a pair of large lateral eyes and mouth.
- Mouth bears jaws and radula.
© Trunk consists of symmetrical and uncoiled visceral mass.
© Foot altered into a series of large prehensile suckers bearing arms of tentacles encircling the mouth.
© Fin inserted laterally may surround the body (cuttlefish) or divided into two lateral fins placed more or less posteriorly (squid).

- Sub-class 1. Nautiloidea
- Nautilus sp
- Sub-class 2. Coleoidea or Dibranchiata
- Order 1. Sepioidea (cuttle fish)
- Order 2. Teuthoidea (Squids)



## Cuthle fish

$\odot$ Genus: Sepia
$\odot$ Body either elongate and broad or very slender dorso-ventrally flattened.
$\odot$ Fins marginal and narrow, extending all along mantle on either side.
$\odot$ Internal shell (sepion) present.
$\odot$ Head free from dorsal mantle.

- Sepia pharaonis
- Sepia prashadi
- Sepia aculeata


Sepia

## Squid

- Genus: Loligo
$\odot$ Internal shell (gladius or pen) chitinous, feather or rod-shaped.
- Eight sessile arms.
- Two tentacular arms
$\odot$ Suckers stalked and with or without hooks.
$\odot$ Finlobes fused posteriorly.
$\odot$ Eyes either covered or open and without supplementary eyelid.
$\odot$ Sub-order Myopsida (Neretic squids): Eyes completely covered with a corneal membrane.
$\odot$ Sub-order Oegopsida (Oceanic squids): Eyes not covered with a corneal membrane and open to the surrounding medium.

