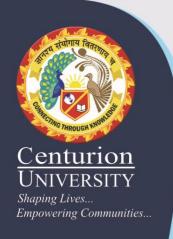


OCULAR DISEASE

Corneal vascularisation

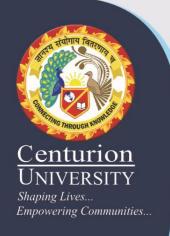


VASCULARIZATION OF CORNEA

- Normal cornea is avascular except for small capillary loops which are present in the periphery for about 1 mm.
- In pathological states, it can be invaded by vessels as a defence mechanism against the disease or injury.
- Vascularization interferes with corneal transparency

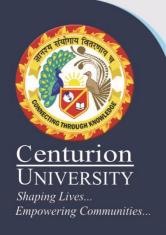
WASCULARIZATION OF CORNEA

Centurion Harversity



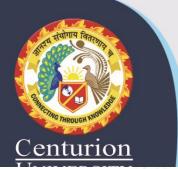
Pathogenesis

- Vasoformative stimulus (chemical factor) released during pathological states, there occurs proliferation of vessels which invade from the limbus;
- When compactness of corneal tissue is loosened *due to oedema*.

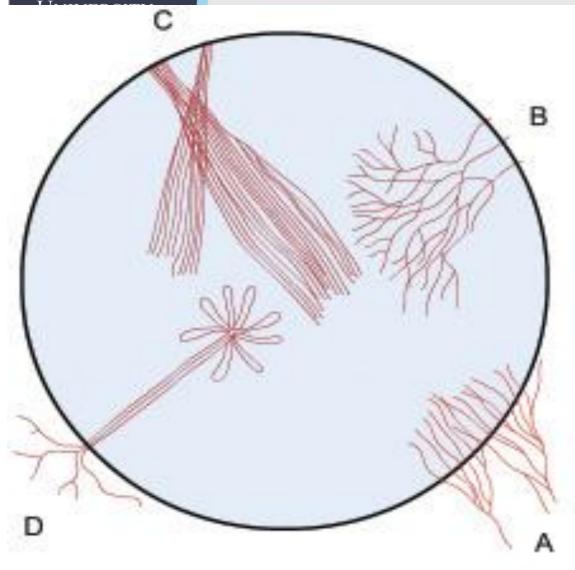


Clinico-etiological features

- 1. Superficial corneal vascularization
- 2. Deep vascularization.



Corneal vascularization

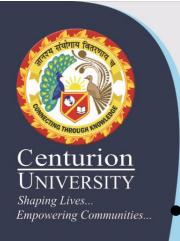


A, superficial

B, terminal loop type

C, brush type

D, umbel type



1. Superficial corneal vascularization.

In it vessels are arranged usually in an arborising pattern, present below the epithelial layer and their continuity can be traced with the conjunctival vessels.

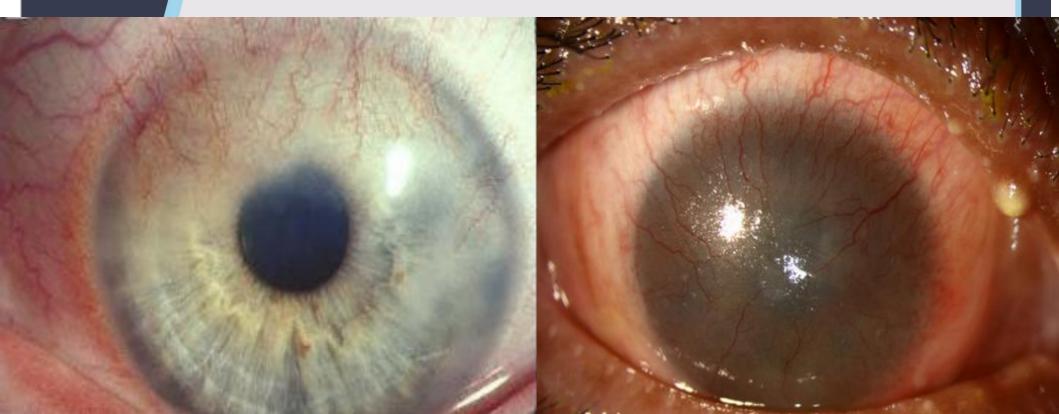
· Common causes are:

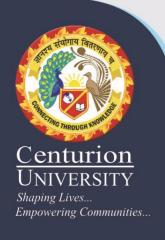
trachoma, phlyctenular keratoconjunctivitis, superficial corneal ulcers and rosacea keratitis.



Pannus

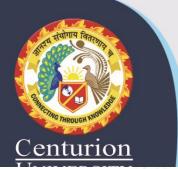
When extensive superficial vascularization is associated with white cuff of cellular infiltration, it is termed as pannus.



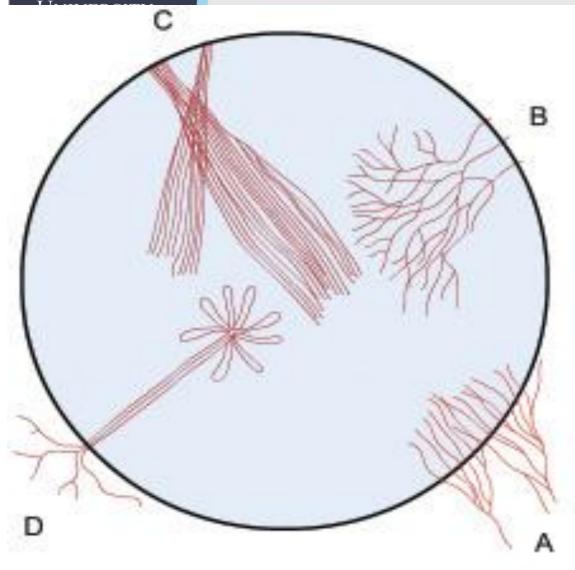


2. Deep vascularization.

- In it the vessels are generally derived from anterior ciliary arteries and lie in the corneal stroma.
- These vessels are usually straight, not anastomosing and their continuity cannot be traced beyond the limbus.
- Deep vessels may be arranged as terminal loops, brush, parasol, umbel, network or interstitial arcade.



Corneal vascularization

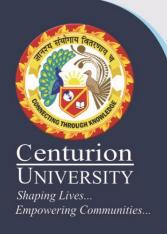


A, superficial

B, terminal loop type

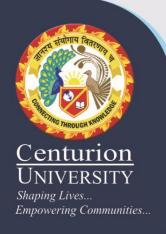
C, brush type

D, umbel type



Common causes

- Interstitial keratitis
- Disciform keratitis
- Deep corneal ulcer
- Chemical burns
- Sclerosing keratitis
- Corneal grafts.



Treatment

- Vascularization may be prevented by timely and adequate treatment of the causative conditions.
- Corticosteroids may have vasoconstrictive and suppressive effect on permeability of capillaries.