

DIAWACORS

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INTRODUCTION

DNA vaccine is DNA sequence used as a vaccine.

- This DNA Sequence code for antigenic protein of pathogen.
- As this DNA inserted into cells it is translated to form antigenic protein. As this protein is foreign to cells, so immune response raised against this protein.

In this way ,DNA vaccine provide immunity against that pathogen.





In 1990, University of Wisconsin, <u>Jon Wolff</u> found that injection of DNA plasmids produce a protein response in mice.

- In 1993, Merck Research Laboratories, <u>Dr.</u> <u>Margaret Liu</u> found that intramuscular injection of DNA from influenzae virus into mice produced complete immune response
- In 1996, trials involving T-cell lymphoma, influenzae & herpes simplex virus were started

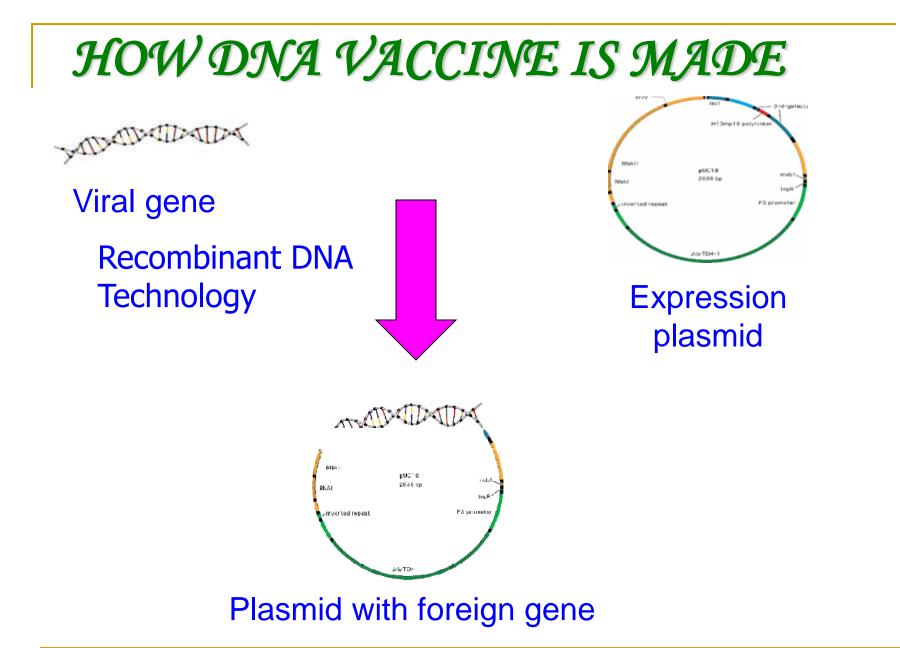
DNA vaccines Vs Traditional vaccines

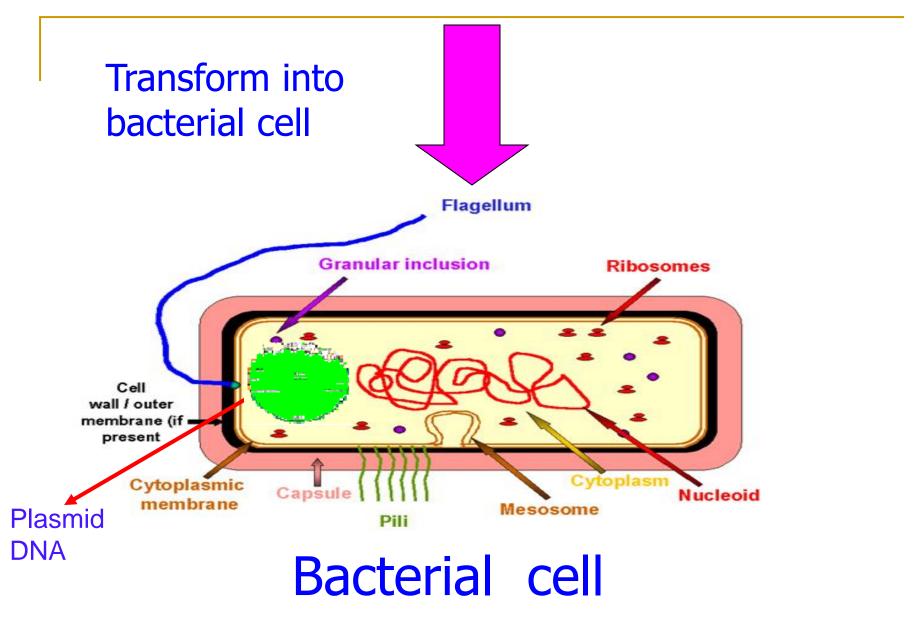
DNA vaccines

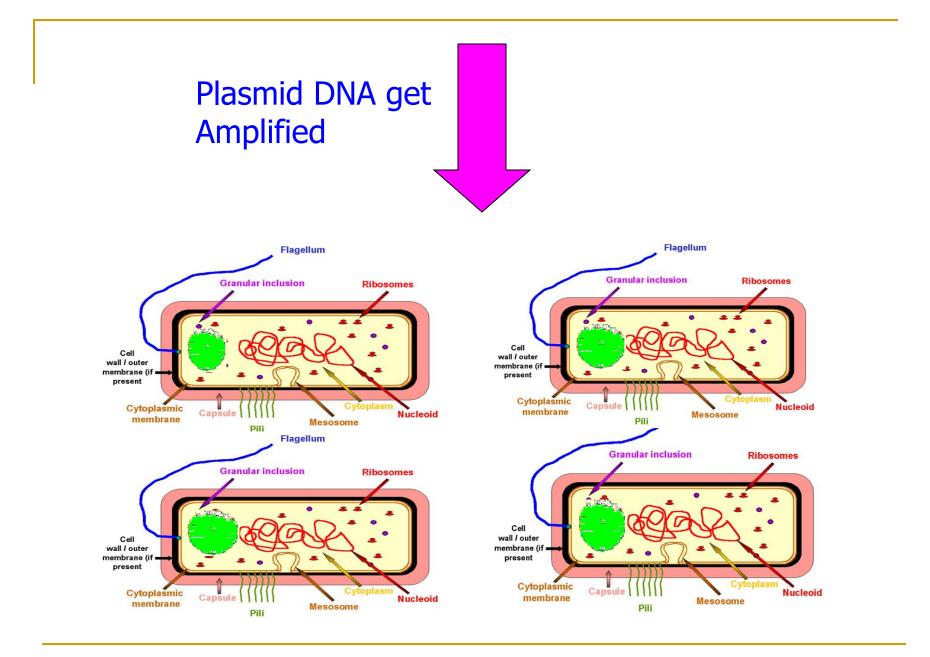
- Uses only the DNA from infectious organisms.
- Avoid the risk of using actual infectious organism.
- Provide both Humoral & Cell mediated immunity
- Refrigeration is not required

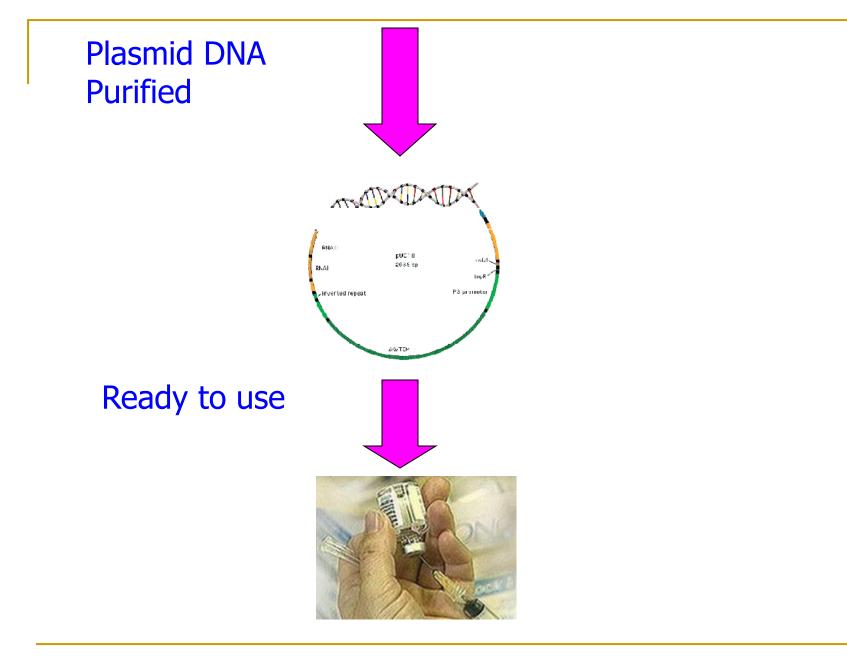
Traditional vaccines

- Uses weakened or killed form of infectious organism.
- Create possible risk of the vaccine being fatal.
- Provide primarily Humoral immunity
- Usually requires Refrigeration.











METHODS OF DELIVERY

Syringe delivery:-



Either intramuscularly

or Intradermally

Contd..

Gene gun delivery:-



 Adsorbed plasmid DNA into gold particles
Ballastically accelerated into body with gene gun.

HOW DNA VACCINE WORKS

BY TWO PATHWAYS

ENDOGENOUS :- Antigenic Protein is presented by

cell in which it is produced

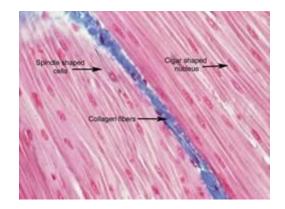
EXOGENOUS: Antigenic Protein is formed in

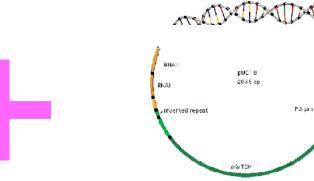
one cell but presented by

different cell

HOW DNA VACCINES WORK







Plasmid DNA

pUC18

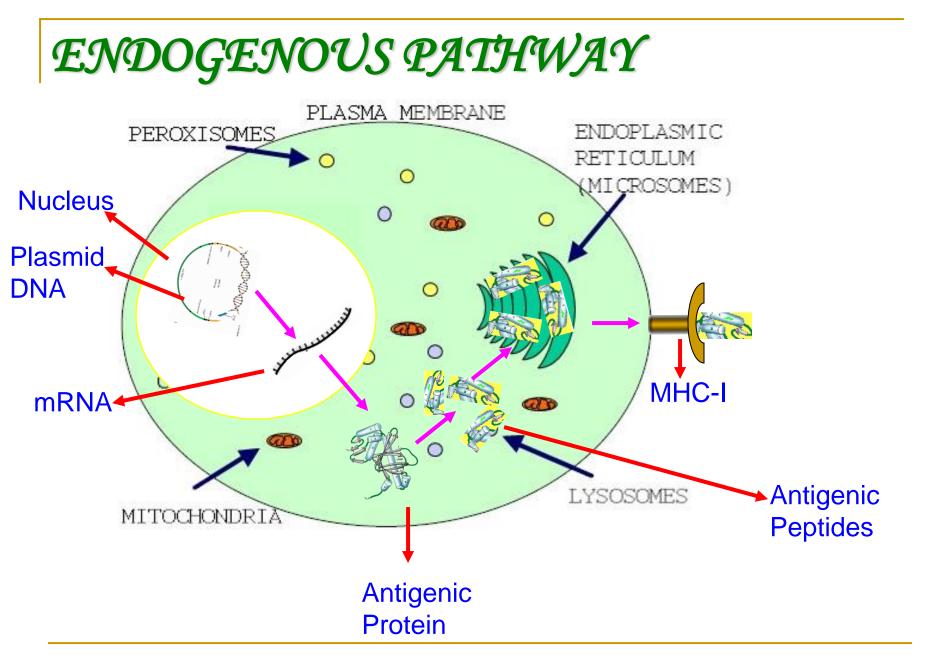
2635 kp

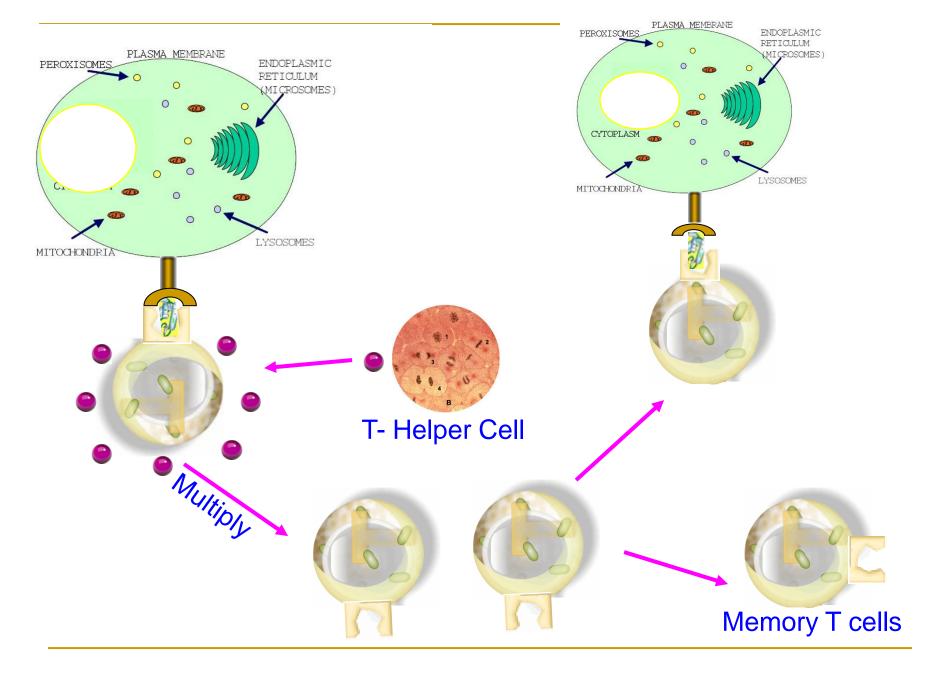
A WITCH

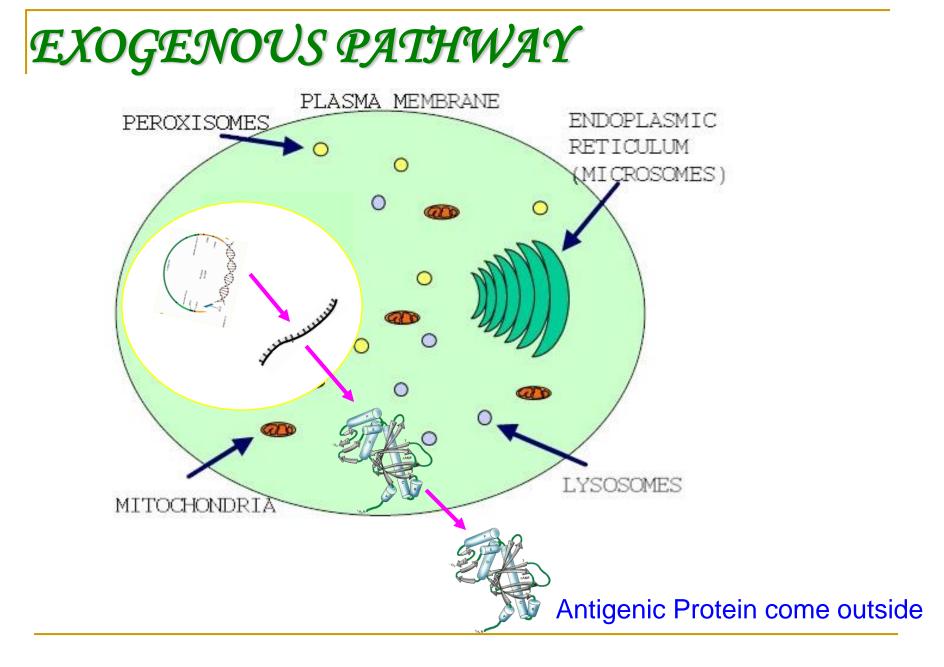
onbi

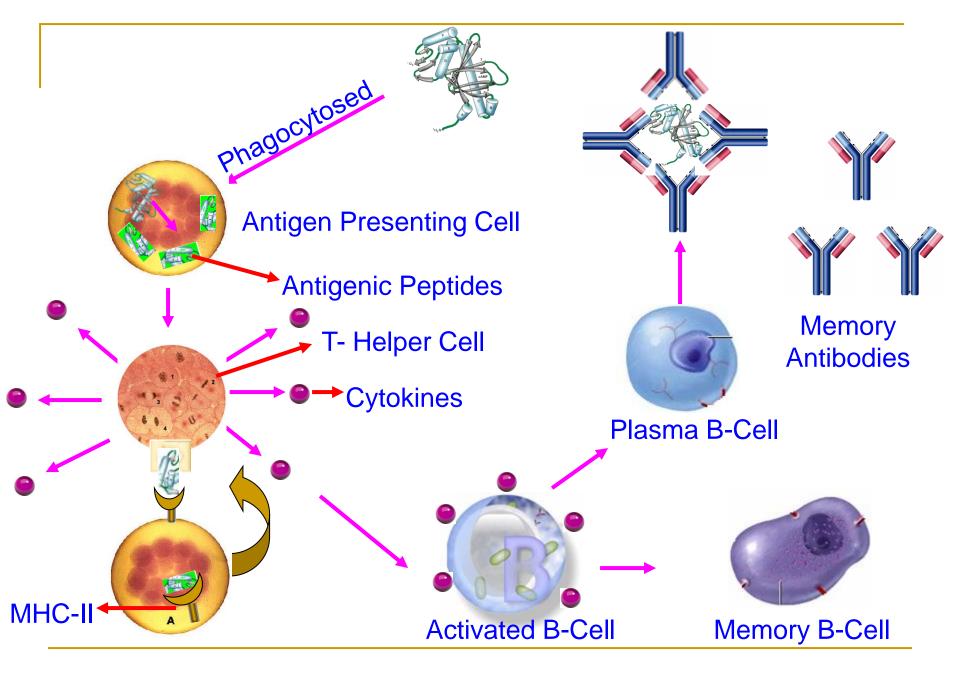
topP P3 promoter

Muscle Cells

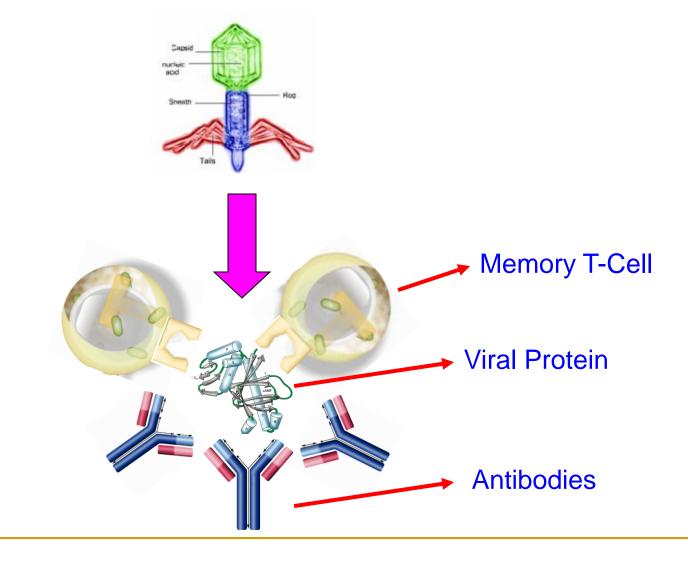








WHEN VIRUS ENTER IN THE BODY





Elicit both Humoral & cell mediated immunity Focused on Antigen of interest Long term immunity Refrigeration is not required Stable for storage

DISADVANTAGES

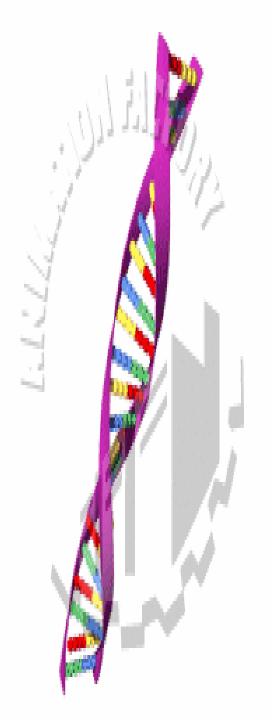
Limited to protein immunogen only

- Extended immunostimulation leads to chronic inflammation
- Some antigen require processing which sometime does not occur

CURRENT CLINICAL TRIALS

June 2006, DNA vaccine examined on horse Horse acquired immunity against west nile viruses

August 2007, DNA vaccination against multiple Sclerosis was reported as being effective





Genetic Toxicity

Integration of DNA vaccine into host Genome

- Insertional mutagenesis
 - Chromosome instability
- Turn ON Oncogenes
- Turn OFF Tumor suppressor genes

Over Expression of DNA vaccine

Acute or chronic inflammatory responses

Destruction of normal tisues

Generation of Autoimmune diseases

- Anti DNA Antibodies
 - Autoimmune diseases
- Autoimmune Myositis

Antibiotic Resistance

Plasmid used is resistance to antibiotics for selection

Raise the resistance to same antibiotic in the host





Plasmid with multiple genes provide immunity against many diseases in one booster

DNA vaccines against infectious diseases such as AIDS, Rabies, Malaria can be available

COMMERCIAL/LIECENSED DNA VACCINES FOR FISH ?????????



- www.medscape.com
- www.wikipedia.org
- www.sciencedirect.com
- www.nature.com
- www.biokenyon.com
- www.biolife.com
- Immunology by Kuby 6th Edition
- Immunology by Tizard 4th Edition

THANK YOU

