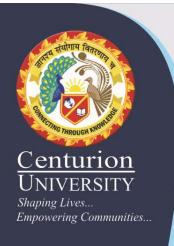


# HEART **ANATOMY &** BASIC FUNCTION

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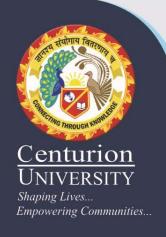


# (1) Cardiovascular Function

 <u>Cardiovascular</u> = Heart, Arteries, Veins, Blood

#### • Function:

- Transportation
- Blood = transport vehicle
- Carries oxygen, nutrients, wastes, and hormones
- Movement provided by pumping of heart



## (2) Cardiac Tissues

### Outermost = Pericardium & Epicardium

Pericardium is a membrane anchoring heart to diaphragm and sternum

Pericardium secretes lubricant (serous fluid)

Epicardium is outermost muscle tissue

### Middle = Myocardium

Contains contractile muscle fibers

#### <u>Innermost = Endocardium</u>

**Lines Cardiac Chambers** 



# (3) Cardiac Chambers

#### Human heart has 4 chambers

#### 2 Atria

Superior = primary receiving chambers, do not actually pump

Blood flows into atria

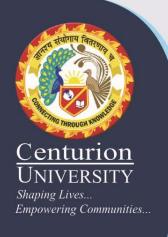
#### 2 Ventricles

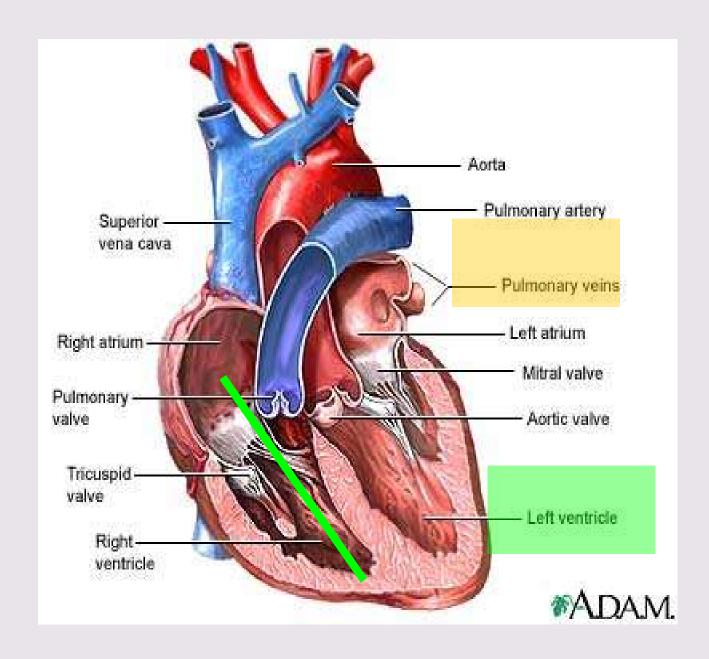
Pump blood

Contraction = blood sent out of heart + circulated

## Chambers are separated by septum...

Due to separate chambers, heart functions as double pump



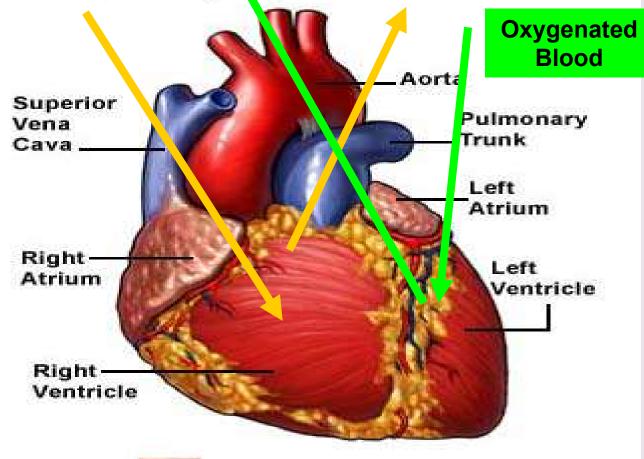


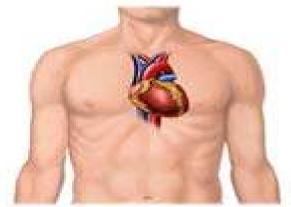
...To the rest of the body

Deoxygenat natomy of the ed Blood Anterior (front) view

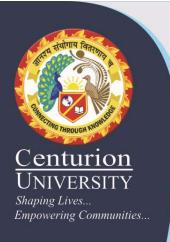
...To the lungs

Centurion University Shaping Lives... Empowering Communities...





Location of heart within the body

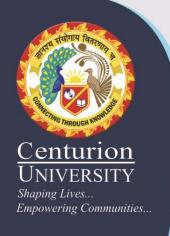


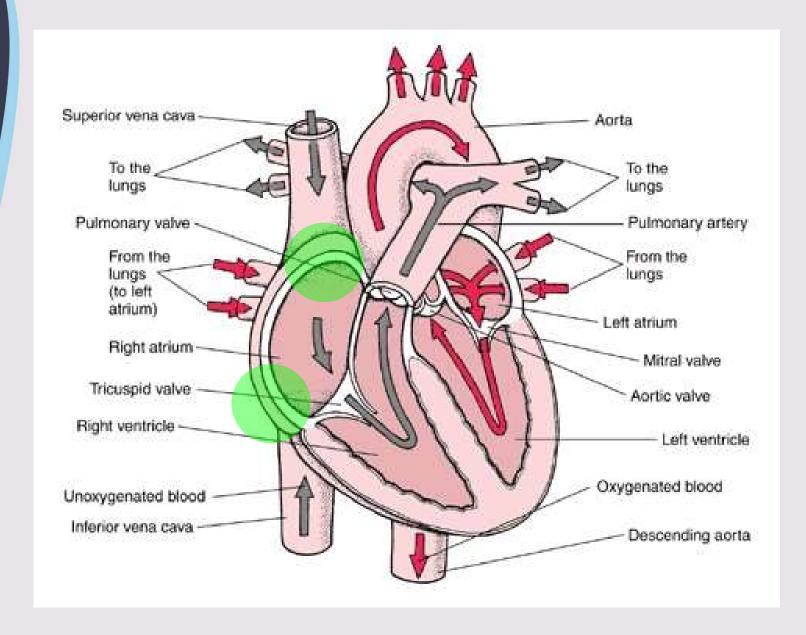
## (4) Pulmonary Circulation

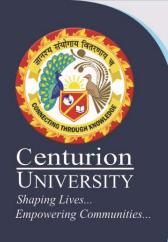
- Pulmonary = Deoxygenated Blood
- Involves Right Side of Heart

#### Pathway:

- Superior / Inferior Vena Cava
- 2. Right Atrium → Tricuspid Valve
- Right Ventricle → Pulmonary Semilunar Valve
- 4. Left Pulmonary Artery
- 5. Lungs







## (5) Systemic Circulation

- Systemic = Oxygenated Blood
- Involves Left Side of Heart

### Pathway:

- 1. Left Pulmonary Vein
- 2. Left Atrium → Bicuspid Valve
- Left Ventricle → Aortic Semilunar Valve
- 4. Aorta
- 5. All Other Tissues

