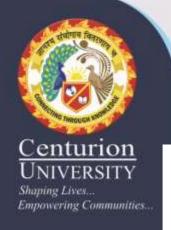
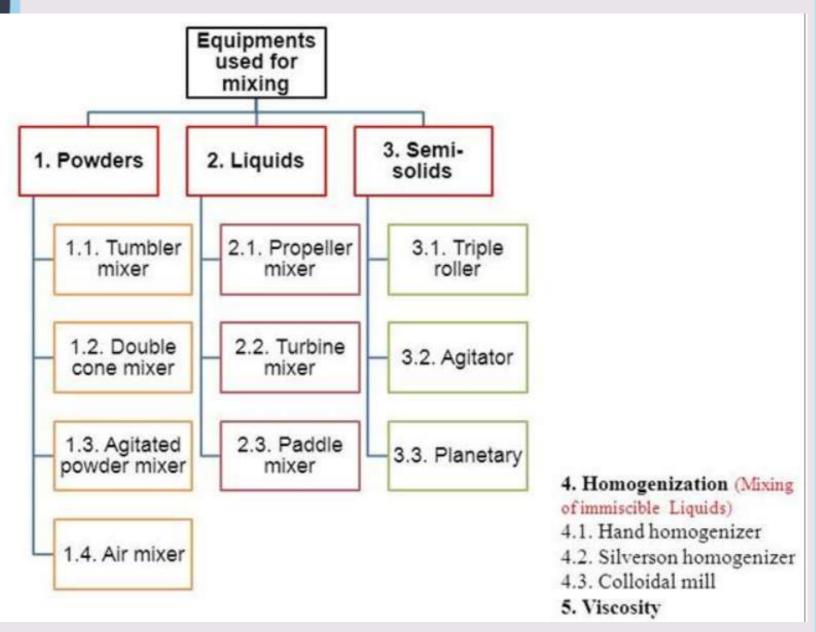


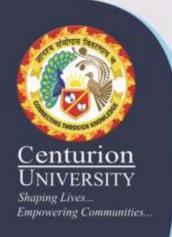
Homogenization

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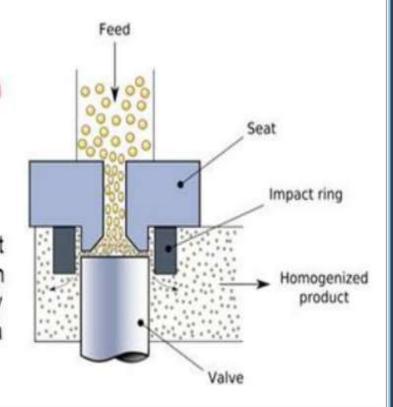


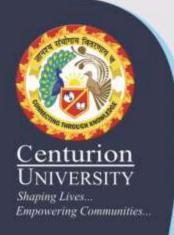
4. Homogenization (Mixing of immiscible Liquids)

It is the process of preparing fine emulsion from a coarse emulsion by converting the larger globules in to smaller globules.

Principle:

Homogenisers works on the principle that the large globules in a coarse emulsion are broken in to smaller globules by passing them under pressure through a narrow orifice.

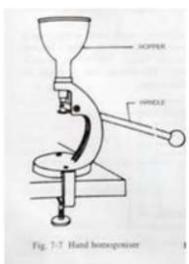


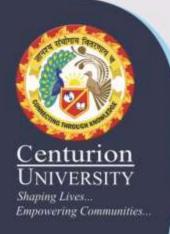


4.1. Hand homogeniser

- · Coarse emulsion is passed through fine orifice.
- The emulsion is placed in the hopper of the homogenizer.
- The up and down movement of the handle causes coarse emulsion to draw in through inlet valve and pass through homogenizing valve.







4.2. Silverson homogeniser

Construction: Emulsifier head (with blades), shaft, stand and electric mortar.

Working:

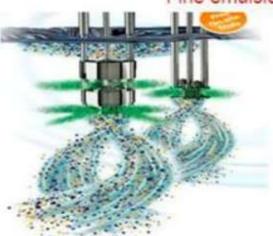
Emulsifier head is placed in vessel containing immiscible liquids

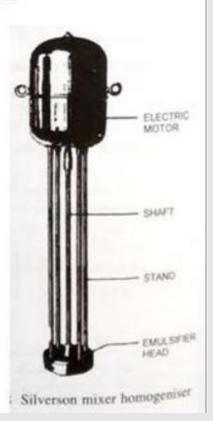


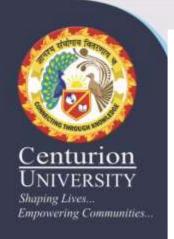
When the mortar started, the liquids are sucked through the fine holes and oil is reduced into fine globules due to the rotation of the blades



Fine emulsion is expelled out







4.3. Colloidal mill

Principle: Size reduction occur due shearing when the material passed b/w narrow gap of rotor and stator

Construction: Rotor and stator (Speed: 3,000-20,000 rpm)

Use: To prepare pharmaceutical suspensions and emulsions

having particle size less than one micron.

