

## Soil and water Conservation Engineering

Presented By-

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### WHAT IS SOIL EROSION??

Soil erosion is the process of detachment of soil particles or aggregates.

• Transport of the detached soil particles.

• Soil erosion implies that the eroded soil gets deposited in the downstream (sedimentation).



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#### DIFFERENT PROCESS OF SOIL EROSION

#### Three step process of soil erosion





#### SOIL DETACHMENT

- Removal of soil particle from its original place.
- Impact of rain drops  $-1^{st}$  step in erosion process
- Soil loss due to splash is 50 to 90 times more than wash off losses
- > 100 tonnes of soil/acre is splashed due to heavy rainfall on bare soil
- Maximum amount of material in splash occurs about 2 to 3 minutes after the starting of rainfall.
- Particle size more more is the soil detachability



### SOIL TRANSPORTAION

The process of soil transportation is accomplished under following forms

- 1. Saltation
- 2. Suspension
- 3. Surface creep

Soil characteristics

Particle size less – more soil transportability (clay)





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- **Suspension:** Particles remain in suspension in flowing water for a considerable time with no contact with stream bed.
- Saltation : Particles skip or bounce along the stream bed Height of bounce  $\alpha$  (particle density/fluid density). Saltation is of lesser importance.
- Surface creep: Movement of particles in almost continuous contact with stream bed by rolling and dragging action of water along the bed. Contributes 10 50% of total sediments.



#### SOIL DEPOSITION

It is the process of settlement of soil on the soil surface and is the final step of soil erosion.

## Deposition

is the putting down or depositing of sediment, soil, and rocks



# THANK YOU