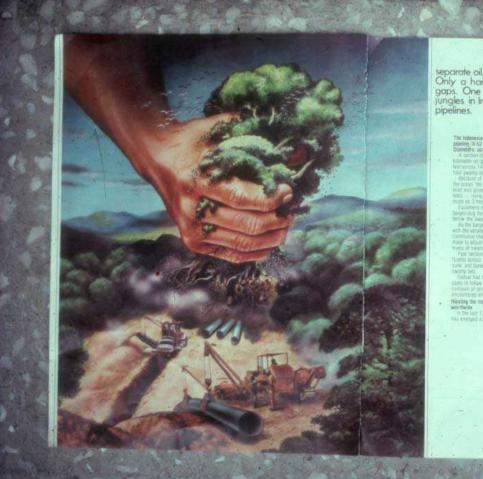
## Livelihoods, Equity and Sustainability

## Ashish Kothari Kalpavriksh

### **Dominant vision of 'development'**



cultures ... growth as cancer

All over the world, nature's mighty barriers separate oil, gas minerals and water from their destinations. Only a handful of international giants can bridge these gaps. One of them is Indian. Dodsal Ripping through jungles in Indonesia... Moving the earth in India... Laying

> title was just the most s kind in the world.

Dodsal The Indian hand... worldwide

eline (X-52 alpe. meters wate 60 cm.) The loads vecant gisting the Indian flag

18 2975 Covering head ndia a first ever short Muniture For The Maddow tilest in Kartislaka

Violence against nature, communities, and



## Ecological context: Destruction of India's environment

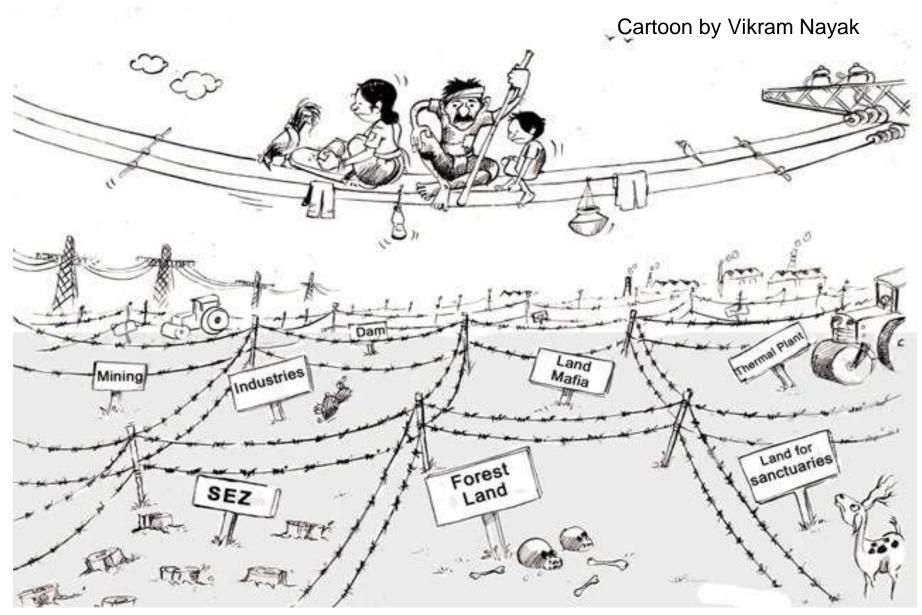
50% forest disappeared in last 200 years
70% waterbodies polluted or drained out
40% mangroves destroyed
Some of the world's most polluted cities and coasts

Nearly 10% wildlife threatened withextinction

## The social context

- Ecosystem-dependent people (60-70% of India's population): food, medicine, livelihoods, fuel, shelter, clothing, culture
- Environmental destruction = livelihood, cultural, and physical displacement...for tens of millions of people





60 million displaced by 'development' projects

## Clash of civilisations ...



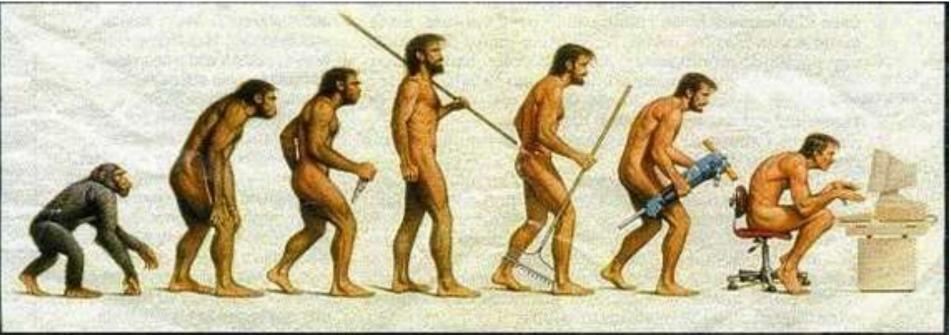
### From livelihoods as ways of life ...

... to livelihoods as jobs, divorced from rest of life:

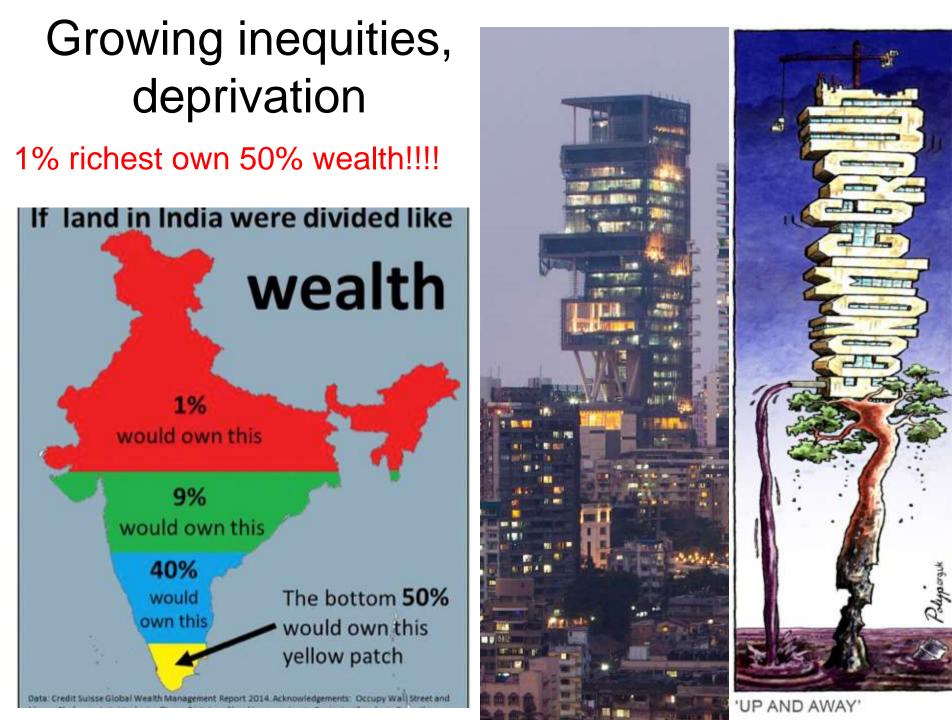
Violence against each of us: our identity, our health, our well-being!

## **Livelihoods to Deadlihoods**

Illustrator unknown



Somewhere, something went terribly wrong



## Are there alternatives?

## Alternatives to what? Structural roots of unsustainability & inequity

Concentration of power Capitalism State-dominated regimes Patriarchy Caste / race / ethnicity





'ROAD TO NOWHERE

## Resistance ...

satyagraha

# ... is part of the alternative

"Civil society responsible for 2-3% GDP loss" Ministry of Home Affairs

## Assertion of selfdetermination & ancient ways of life, recognition of the unrecognised

Dongria Kondh indigenous people vs. Vedanta corporation & Indian state



### India: alternative initiatives for well-being







## Livelihood security





## Deccan Development Society (Andhra Pradesh)

- •Reviving traditional agr diversity, community grain banks
- •Empowering women/dalit farmers, securing land rights
- •Creating consumer-producer links (Zaheerabad org. food restaurant)
- •Linking to Public Distribution System
- •Community media (films, radio)





## Dharani farmer producer company, Andhra Pradesh (facilitated by Timbaktu Collective)







### Maati Sangathan, Uttarakhand Women's empowerment through local resource-based





# Rural revitalisation: outmigration is *not* inevitable

Ralegan Siddhi & Hivare Bazaar (Maharashtra), Kuthambakkam (TN) Kudumbashree (Kerala)





. महाराष्ट्र क्रिमन . आदर्शग्राम संकल्पवप्रकल्प ज मतरे बाजार ता जि अ नगर कार्यसम्प्र क्रांस्ट्रन् व्याप्र क्रांस्ट्रन्



Jharcraft

(Jharkhand)

## Employment for >3 lakh families... reviving crafts, reducing outmigration



## Dignified livelihoods for urban poor







## Kagaj Kach Patra Kashtakari Panchayat

&





## 'Modern' sectors

- Civil society groups
- Alternative media
- Activist research
- Appropriate technology development and use
- Non-profit social enterprises
- Responsible governance

## Self-governance & livelihoods: Mendha-Lekha (Maharashtra)



All decisions by consensus in *gram sabha* (village assembly)





Informed decisions through monitoring, and regular study circles (*abhyas gat*)

## Conservation of 1800 ha forests, now with full rights under Forest Rights Act

Earnings from sustainable forest use (over Rs. 20 million in last few years), and use of govt schemes towards:

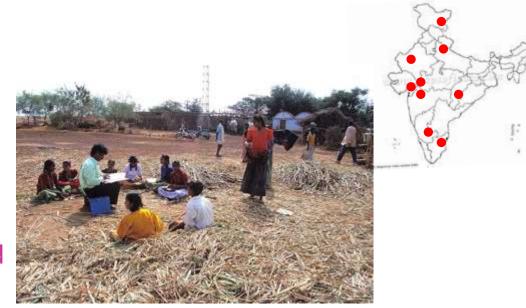
•Full employment, energy security, new livelihoods (barefoot engineers, GIS mapping)

### Our government in Mumbai and Delhi, we are the government in our village"

2013: all agricultural land donated to village, collective ownership

Learning / education: re-locating it in community, ecological roots, creativity, inquisitiveness ...

- •Adharshila, MP
- •Jeevanshala, Narmada
- •SECMOL, Ladakh
- •Imli-Mahua, Chhattisgarh
- •Marudam, Tamil Nadu
- •Adivasi Academy, Guj
- Swaraj University, Rajasthan
- Beeja Vidyapeeth, UttarakhandBhoomi College, Karnataka





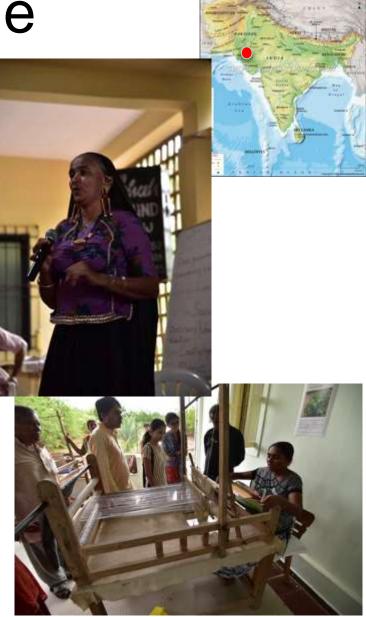
#### Skhole = leis<mark>ure!</mark>



# Intergenerational transmission of knowledge

- •Surshala (music)
- •Karigarshala (construction)
- •Sagarshala (coastal communities)
- •Kala Vidyapeeth (crafts)
- Parageohydrologists

## Traditional & new skills for livelihoods



## Alternatives across the world



and it pages and one state of Million in 1974 it of an of the same. There is no additional plant of

Colligies of spectrum has sprogramme as that become right by the set

## Eco-swaraj: Radical ecological democracy

(Radical = going to the roots, challenging the conventional)

- achieving human well-being, through:
  - empowering all citizens & communities to participate in decision-making
  - ensuring socio-economic equity & justice
  - respecting the limits of the earth

Community (at various levels) as *basic unit of organisation*, not state or private corporation

## Towards a sustainable and equitable society 5 interconnected, integrated circles Radical democracy Olympics 2016 Ecological resilience & wisdom Olympics 2050? **Economic democracy** Culture & knowledge diversity Social justice & wellbeing

### A NEW POLITICS

Direct democracy (local): decentralised and nested decisionmaking

Direct democracy (state/national): referendums & deliberative processes

Delegated/representative democracy, with mechanisms of accountability (right to recall, public audit, reporting back...)

Ecoregional planning across states and countries ... political units aligned with ecological and cultural ones? Borderless world?

Conditions: Rights, Capacity, Forums, and Maturity

### A NEW ECONOMICS

Mindful of ecological / planetary limits

Open localisation: self-sufficiency/sovereignty in basic needs, larger trade built on this

Production, consumption (*prosumption*) locally controlled; & *sustainable consumption line?* 

Re-integrating work & leisure: *livelihoods* 

**Re-commoning** private & state property

Demonetisation & decentralisation of currencies: Relations of caring/sharing, local exchange systems, restructuring the market (*haat*)

### A JUST SOCIETY

Towards equity amongst classes castes (*eradication of*) genders ethnic groups species 'able'ities



Towards universal rights-based approaches, infused with responsibilities ... sarvodaya



### CULTURE AND KNOWLEDGE

Respecting non-divisive diversity of languages, cuisines, knowledges

Democratic R&D / S&T / knowledge / innovation: in public domain, participatory, transparent

Media and arts commons

Opportunities for spiritual / ethical growth (without falling into trap of communal religious institutions)









## Alternative globalisation

 Global flow of ideas, cultures, materials (millennia old)

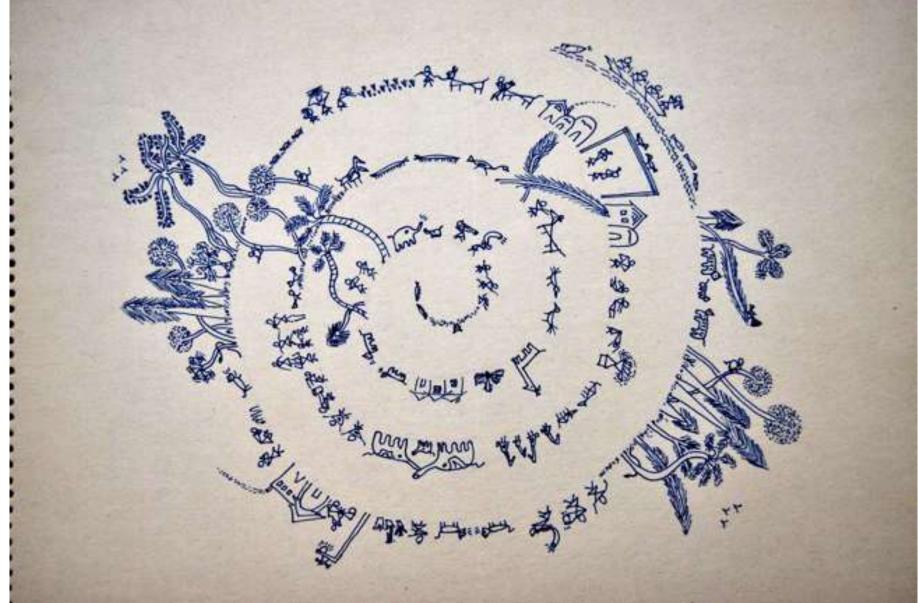
### NOT

Globalisation dominated by:

–unrestricted financial and economic flows
–imposition of one model of 'development' across the world

### Ingredient 5.

### **RENEWED RELATIONSHIP WITH/IN NATURE**



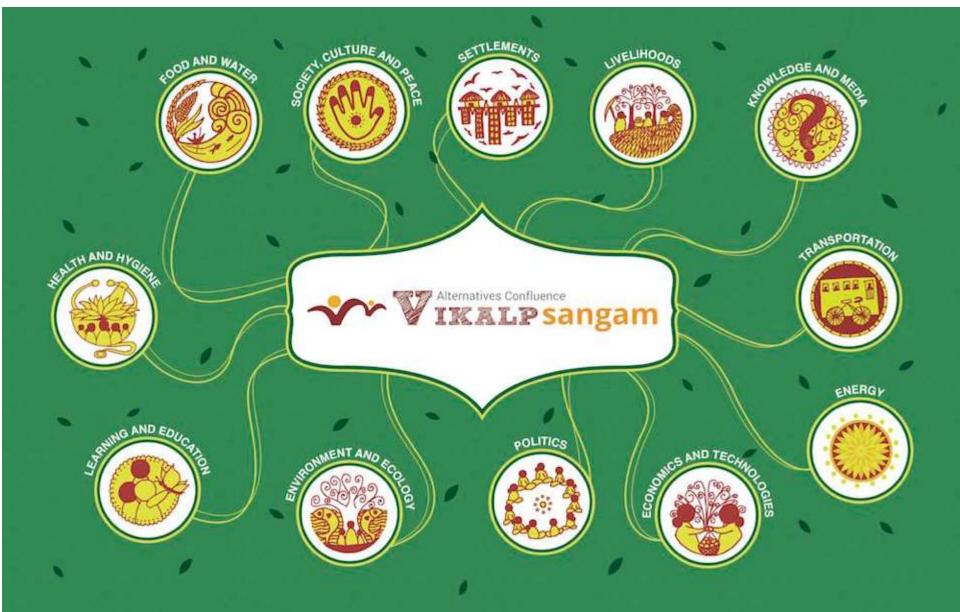
### And the cooking medium?

# Values & principles of transformative alternatives ....

- Diversity and pluralism (of ideas, knowledge, ecologies, economies, ideologies, polities, cultures...)
- Self-reliance for basic needs (swavalamban)
- Self-governance / autonomy (swashasan / swaraj)
- Cooperation, collectivity, solidarity, commons
- Rights with responsibilities of meaningful participation
- Dignity & creativity of labour (*shram*)
- Qualitative pursuit of happiness
- Equity / justice / inclusion (sarvodaya)
- Simplicity / sufficiency / enoughness (*aparigraha*)
- Rights of nature / respect for all life forms
- Non-violence, peace, harmony (ahimsa)
- Subsidiarity & ecoregionalism



## Vikalp Sangams (Alternatives Confluences): practical collaborations, democratic visioning of futures



Vikalp Sangams (regional) Andhra Pradesh, Oct 2014 Tamil Nadu, Feb 2015 Ladakh: July 2015 Maharashtra, October 2015 W. Himalaya, Aug 2016 Kerala Apr 2017

### (thematic)

Energy democracy: March 2016 Food sovereignty : 2016 & 2017 Youth: Feb 2017 Arts / media: 2018 Adivasi livelihoods: 2018







3<sup>rd</sup> draft for discussion in Vikalp Sangam process<sup>1</sup>

#### THE SEARCH FOR ALTERNATIVES: KEY ASPECTS AND PRINCIPLES

#### Notes for a dialogue

Can we collectively search for frameworks and visions that pose fundamental alternatives to today's dominant economic and political system, as part of the Vikalp Sangam process? How can such frameworks and visions build on an existing heritage of ideas and worldviews and cultures, and on past or new grassroots practice? This note attempts to lay out some thoughts towards such a process, and is offered as one means to stimulate dialogue and visioning.

The note does not contain a critique of the that we have some common understanding structural roots to the crises of ecological u loss of life and livelihoods. Centralised and

# Visioning the future, grassroots-up





transformap.co

### wiki.p2pfoundation.net

## For continuing the dialogue ...

## chikikothari@gmail.com

