

EXPERIMENT NO: 17

Cardamom fruits: Fructus Cardamomi

Latin name: Elettaria cardamomum White and Maeon.

Family: Zingiberaceae

- Perennial small trees (2-3) m.
- The plant has very large leaves.
- Fruits form: capsule.
- Fruits color: pale green to yellow.
- Seeds: brownish black.
- Taste and odor: aromatic.
- Indigenous: India & Sri Lanka.



Elettaria cardamomum

Chemical constituents:

- 1- Volatile oil: a- Terpenyl acetate b- borneol c- cineole d- limonene
- 2- Fixed oil
- 3. Starch

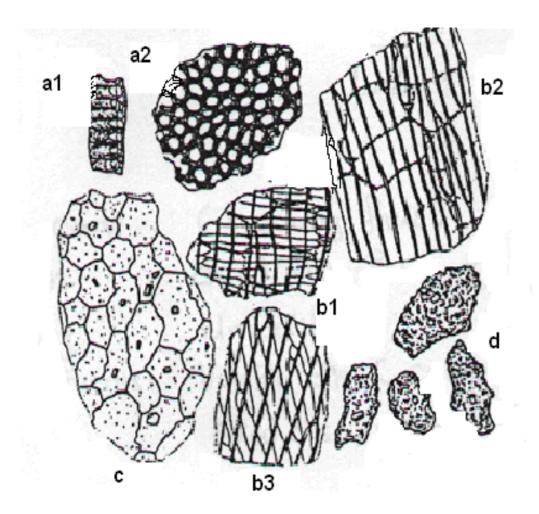
Uses:

Flavoring agent, carminative, condiment, antibacterial activity and halitosis treatment.

Microscopical examination

The characteristic microscopical features:

- 1. Stone cell layer (a1).
- 2. Cells from the endosperm with calcium oxalate single crystals (c).
- 3. Perisperm fragments containing starch (d).



- a1) Stone cell layer of the seed pod in side view, the cell walls dark brown.
- a2) Like a1 but in top view.
- b1) seed pod with lightly pitted epidermis cells, with the delicate walled cell layer, and large cells of excretory cell layer in top view.
- b2) like b1 without transverse layer.
- b3) like b2 without excretory cell layer.
- c) Cells from the endosperm with calcium oxalate single crystals.
- d) Perisperm fragments containing starch.