

N₂/28.01

<u>MOP</u>:-

It is prepared by fractional distilation of liquid air

Properties :a)Physical Properties: Colorless gas Odorless tasteless **Dissolve** in water Less dissolve in alcohol Innert in nature Non inflammable gas

 b) <u>Chemical Properties</u> : i) It is directly combine with metals and form nitrides at high temperature.

ii) Not support combustion.

Uses:

- Antioxidant
- for replacement of air in container of Parenterals
- Reagent in pharmaceutical
 preparation
- Manufacturing of ammonia, nitric acid
- Preservation of materials
- Liquid nitrogen used as a coolant in freezing process



" It should be stored in metal cylinder painted gray on neck and black on body, painted name "nitrogen" on cylinder."

Sodium nitrite

Formula: NaNO2 Mol Wt : 69 g/mol

Method of Preparation

1. The salt is prepared by treating sodium hydroxide with mixtures of <u>nitrogen dioxide</u> and <u>nitric oxide</u>:

 $NaOH + NO_2 + NO \rightarrow 2 NaNO_2 + H_2O$

- The conversion is sensitive to the presence of oxygen, which can lead to varying amounts of <u>sodium nitrate</u>.
 - 2. Sodium nitrite can be prepare from sodium carbonate. Na2CO3 + NO + NO2→2 NaNO2 + CO2

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

It is a white to slightly yellowish crystalline powder

Odor: specific odor Density: 2.168g/cm³ Solubility: freely soluble in water and soluble in alcohol. Melting Point: 271 °C PH: Between 7 and 9.

Chemical Properties

1.In the laboratory, sodium nitrite can be used to destroy excess <u>sodium azide</u>.

 $2\,\text{NaN}_3 + 2\,\text{NaNO}_2 + 2\,\text{H}^+ \rightarrow 3\,\text{N}_2 + 2\,\text{NO} + 2\,\text{Na}^+ + 2\,\text{H}_2\text{O}$

2. Above 330 °C sodium nitrite decomposes (in air) to sodium oxide, nitric oxide and nitrogen dioxide.

2 NaNO₂ \rightarrow Na₂O +NO +NO₂

3. Sodium nitrite can also be used in the production of <u>nitrous acid</u> via <u>sulfuric acid</u>. This reaction first yields <u>nitrous acid</u> and <u>sodium sulfate</u>:

 $2\,NaNO2 + H2SO4 \rightarrow 2\,HNO2 + Na2SO4$

CONT...

The nitrous acid then, under normal conditions, decomposes: $2 HNO2 \rightarrow NO2 + NO + H2O$ The nitrogen dioxide of the prior decomposition is yield nitric acid: $2 NO2 + H2O \rightarrow HNO3 + HNO2$



1. Act as anti-oxidant that is used to cure meats

2. Sodium Nitrite is used as part of an intravenous mixture with sodium thiosulfate to treat cyanide poisoning

3. sodium nitrite works with sodium chloride, or salt, to inhibit the growth of Clostridium botulinum. Clostridium botulinum is an organism that can cause fatal food poisoning.