**SET-1**

**Multiple Choice Question (MCQ)**

**Ornamental Fish Production and Management (FSAQ 2103) 1+1**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **S. NO** | **MCQ** | **Instructions** |  | **CO** |
|  |  | Feeding habit of Gold fish is |  | CO1 |
|  | Herbivore |  |  |
|  | Carnivore |  |  |
|  | Omnivore | Yes |  |
|  | None |  |  |
|  |  | The common name of *Betta splendens* is |  | CO1 |
|  | Angel fish |  |  |
|  | Siamese fighter Fish | Yes |  |
|  | Platy |  |  |
|  | Swordtail |  |  |
|  |  | Common name of *Puntius tetrazona* |  | CO1 |
|  | Rosy barb |  |  |
|  | Tiger barb | Yes |  |
|  | Melon barb |  |  |
|  | Glass fish |  |  |
|  |  | The global ornamental fish trade is word as US $ |  | CO2 |
|  | 5 billion | Yes |  |
|  | 10 billion |  |  |
|  | 15 million |  |  |
|  | 1 billion |  |  |
|  |  | The Gestation period of molly |  | CO2 |
|  | 24 days |  |  |
|  | 12 days |  |  |
|  | 28 days | Yes |  |
|  | 60 days |  |  |
|  |  | The temperature requirement for gold fish breeding |  | CO2 |
|  | 15-17oC |  |  |
|  | 19-22oC |  |  |
|  | 35-37oC |  |  |
|  | 25-27oC | Yes |  |
|  |  | The family which exhibit parental care |  | CO1 |
|  | Cyprinidae |  |  |
|  | Characidae |  |  |
|  | Cichlidae | Yes |  |
|  | Cyprinodontidae |  |  |
|  |  | **Testosterone is a hormone of** |  | CO1 |
|  | Female |  |  |
|  | Male | Yes |  |
|  | Fetal |  |  |
|  | None |  |  |
|  |  | **The process, where sperm and ovum unite** |  |  |
|  | Ovulation |  |  |
|  | Fertilization | Yes |  |
|  | Gestation |  |  |
|  | Zygote |  |  |
|  |  | The common name of *Vallisneria* |  | CO1 |
|  | Eel grass | Yes |  |
|  | Hornwort |  |  |
|  | Napier grass |  |  |
|  | None |  |  |
|  |  | The sex ratio for gold fish breeding (Male:Female) |  | CO1 |
|  | 2:1 | Yes |  |
|  | 1:2 |  |  |
|  | 1:3 |  |  |
|  | 1:1 |  |  |
|  |  | The fish which feeds on their own young ones |  | CO1 |
|  | Discus |  |  |
|  | Fighter |  |  |
|  | Swordtail | Yes |  |
|  | Tetras |  |  |
|  |  | Breeding traps are generally used for |  | CO3 |
|  | Livebearers | Yes |  |
|  | Anabantids |  |  |
|  | Danio |  |  |
|  | Goldfish |  |  |
|  |  | The ornamental fish which is banned in India is |  | CO3 |
|  | Discus |  |  |
|  | Oscar |  |  |
|  | Piranah | Yes |  |
|  | Peacock cichlid |  |  |
|  |  | ---------- being first among ornamental fish producing country |  | CO3 |
|  | Singapore | Yes |  |
|  | India |  |  |
|  | Malaysia |  |  |
|  | Japan |  |  |
|  |  | Nest builder |  | CO1 |
|  | Killi fish |  |  |
|  | Gold fish |  |  |
|  | gourami | Yes |  |
|  | None |  |  |
|  |  | The male reproductive organ of livebearers is called |  | CO1 |
|  | Gonopodium | Yes |  |
|  | Pearl organ |  |  |
|  | Tubercles |  |  |
|  | Sexual organ |  |  |
|  |  | The bubble nests are built by |  |  |
|  | Discus |  | CO1 |
|  | Danios |  |  |
|  | Barbs |  |  |
|  | Gourami | Yes |  |
|  |  | The appearance of tubercle is the identification character of male |  | CO1 |
|  | Gold fish | Yes |  |
|  | Oscar |  |  |
|  | Discus |  |  |
|  | None |  |  |
|  |  | Which state in India has highest ornamental fish production |  | CO3 |
|  | West Bengal | Yes |  |
|  | Tamil Nadu |  |  |
|  | Maharashtra |  |  |
|  | Manipur |  |  |

Sample question paper

Mock test