ZINC OXIDE

Chemical formula:-ZnO

Mol wt: 81.38

PREPARATION

a) commercially ZnO is obtained by heating metallic zinc in a current of air at higher temperature the metal burns into oxides which is collected as fine white powder.

$$2Zn + O_2$$
 \longrightarrow $2ZnO$

Medicinal grade ZnO is obtained from zinc sulphate by double decomposition. sulphate is added to a boiling solution of sodium carbonate collected washed until free from sulphate dried & ignited.

$$ZnSO_4 + Na_2CO_3$$
 $ZnCO_3 + Na_2SO_4$
 $ZnCO_3$ $ZnO + CO_2$

Properties:-

- Colour: White/yellowish white
- Odour:- Odourless.
- Nature:-fine amorphous powder
- Solubility:-Insoluble in water & alcohol soluble in NH₃.
- Storage:- Zinc oxide absorbs carbon dioxide....

ASSAY

- ✓ ZnO is insoluble in water therefore cannot directly titrated with acid.
- ✓ it is dissolved in excessive of acid & back titrated.
- ✓ Ammonium chloride is used in titration to prevent ppt
- ✓ White ppt interferes in end point
- ✓ Methyl orange is used as an indicator

$$ZnO + H_2SO_4$$
 $ZnSO_4 + H_2O$

$$H2SO4$$
 (Excess) + $2NaOH \rightarrow Na_2SO_4 + 2H_2O$

USES:-

- Mild Antiseptic & Astringent.
- in form of lotions, ointment paste or dusting powder.
- in treatment of urticaria, aczema, sunburns
- in combinations with other antimicrobial agents Eg Talc
- primary ingredient in calamine.
- pharmaceutical aid in mfg of adhesive tapes, bandages.
- It is used in the treatment of eczema, ring worm, pruritus and psoriasis

CALAMINE

Chemical formula: - ZnC0₃.Zn(OH)₂·xFe2O₃

Standard:- After ignition, it contains not less than 98.0% and not more than 100.5% of ZnO.

Properties:-

- ➤ Odour:-odourless.
- ➤ Nature:-fine powder & amorphous
- ➤ Taste :- tasteless
- ➤ Solubility:-Practically insoluble in water, almost completely soluble in mineral acids with effervescence.
- Colour: pink or reddish brown powderwater, almost
- > NOTE

The presence of ferric oxide gives the substance a pink colour

Preparation

- Calamine is obtained by calcination (powdered by heating) of the natural native zinc carbonate.
- prepared by mixing zinc oxide with ferric oxide
- Sieved & fine powder is collected.

Assay

- An ignited & cooled sample is dissolved in excess acid H₂SO₄ (1 N) & filter.
- residue washed with hot water to free from acidity.
- Ammonium Chloride is added to prevent ppt of ferric hydroxide during titration) & titrated with NaOH (1N) using methyl orange as indicator.

USES

- 1. Topical protective
- 2. it is used in dusting powders, ointments and lotions (Calamine Lotion) is applied on the skin for its soothing, adsorbent and protective properties.
- 3. It has better cosmetic acceptability than zinc oxide.
- 4. Various dermatological conditions including the exudation of fluids respond reasonably well to calamine.
- 5. Mild astringent, antiseptic & protective for skin.
- 6. Phenolated calamine lotion contain 1% liquefied phenol which provides local anesthetic antiseptic & antipruritic.