CENTURION UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT



School of Engineering and Technology Paralakhemundi

Question Bank

Subject Name-Laplace & Fourier Transform (CUTM1002)

SHORT QUESTIONS:

- 1. Find the value of $\Gamma(5)$.
- 2. What is the crucial property of the Laplace transform that makes it suitable

for solving differential equation?

3. Evaluate the integral
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x} x^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$
 [CUTM- 2020]

- Define unit step function. What is the Laplace transform of the unit step function? [CUTM- 2019]
- 5. What is the Laplace transform of $f(t) = t \sin 2t$? (CUTM -2022).
- 6. What is the Laplace transform of the function

$$f(t) = t^2$$
 if $0 < t < 1$

- =0 otherwise.
- 7. Find the Laplace transform of $L(\cos(wt))$ using the result $L(e^{iwt}) = \frac{1}{s iw}$.
- 8. Show that $L(f''(t)) = s^2 L[f(t)] sf(0) f'(0)$.
- 9. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s^2(s-1)}$.
- 10. Find the Laplace transform of $5e^{2t}\sinh 2t$.
- 11. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{s^2 + 4s}$ by integration.
- 12. Find the Laplace transform of π^t .

13. Find the inverse Laplace transformation of $F(s) = \frac{4}{s^2 + 2s + 5}$.

- 14. What is the subsidiary equation? How is it used?
- 15. What is Dirac's delta function? How did we use it?

LONG QUESTIONS:

1. Find the Laplace transform of the following function:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } 0 < t < \pi \\ 0 & \text{if } \pi < t < 2\pi \\ \sin t & \text{if } t > 2\pi \end{cases}$$

- 2. Find the Laplace transform of the periodic function f(t) = t, 0<t<2 (with period 2).
- 3. Find the inverse Laplace transformation of $\frac{1-7s}{(s-3)(s-1)(s+2)}$.
- 4. Solve the initial value problem using Laplace transforms $y''-2y'+y=e^t$
- 5. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $F(s) = \frac{s}{\left(s^2 + \pi^2\right)^2}$ using

the convolution theorem.

6. Find the function f (t) whose Laplace transform is $\frac{6}{s^2(s^2-9)}$.

7. If
$$f * g = \int_{0}^{t} f(t - \gamma)g(\gamma)d\gamma$$
, then show that $f * g = g * f$

8. Solve the differential equation by using Laplace transformation:

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = e^{-3t} - e^{-5t}$$
, where $y(0) = 0$ and $y'(0) = 0$.

 Using convolution theorem, find the inverse Laplace transform of the following function:

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s(s^2 + 4)}.$$

10. Using Laplace transform solve the following integral equation:

$$y(t) = \sin t - \int_0^t \sin(t-\tau)y(\tau)d\tau .$$

SHORT QUESTIONS:

- 1. Find the smallest positive period of $\sin x \, \& \tan x$. (CUTM- 2012).
- 2. Find the smallest positive period of $\cos \frac{2\pi x}{k} \& \sin \frac{2\pi nx}{k}$.
- 3. If f(x) is a periodic function of period 2 π then find the period of f (2x) & f(x/3).
- 4. Write the formula for Fourier Transform of a function f(x). (CUTM -2012).
- 5. What are half-range expansions? What are they good for?
- Do you think any function can have a Fourier expansion? Give reason for your answer.
- 7. Explain how Fourier transform is used to solve initial value problems.
- 8. Expand $\sin^2 3x + 3\cos 3x \sin 4x$ in Fourier series over 2π period.
- 9. Check which function is even or odd
 - i) $f(x) = \sinh x$ ii) $f(x) = x(1 \cos x)$
- 10. What are even and odd periodic extension of a function?
- 11. Find the smallest positive period of the function $\sin 2\pi x$ and $\cos 2\pi x$.
- 12. Identify which of the functions are even in the specified period:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 2, 1 \le x \le 2\\ 2 - x, 2 \le x \le 3 \end{cases}$$

13. Identify which of the functions are even in the specified period:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2 - x, 1 \le x \le 2\\ 2 - x, 2 \le x \le 3 \end{cases}$$

- 14. Check whether the following functions are odd or even or neither:
 - i) e^x ii) x|x|iii) $x \cos x$ iv) $|x|^3$
- 15. Find the Fourier coefficients of the periodic function

$$f(x) = \sin\frac{x}{2}, \cos\frac{x}{2}, -\pi \le x \le \pi$$

LONG QUESTIONS:

- 1. Show that the function f(x) = const is a periodic function of period p for every positive p.
- 2. Find the Fourier series of the function $f(x) = x^2$, $-\pi \langle x \langle \pi \rangle$
- 3. Find the Fourier series expansion of the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k & \text{if } -\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0 & \text{if } \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{3\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

And hence show that $1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{4}$

- 4. Expand the following periodic function in Fourier series $f(x) = 1 + x, x \in (0, 2\pi)$.
- 5. Find the cosine series of the following function:

$$f(x) = x^2, 0 < x < \pi$$
 (CUTM -2012).

6. Find the Fourier series expansion of the following function which is assumed

to be periodic with period $\,2\,$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } 0 < x < 1 \\ \\ 1 - x & \text{if } 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$$

7. Show that
$$\frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{2} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{4n^2 - 1}$$
 by finding the Fourier series of the periodic

function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x, 0 \le x \le \pi \\ 0, \pi \le x \le 2\pi \end{cases}$$

8. Find the Fourier series of the periodic function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, 0 \le x \le \pi \\ 2\pi - x, \pi \le x \le 2\pi \end{cases}$$

9. Find the half- range expansion for the even extension of the function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \pi - x, \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

10. Find the Fourier series of the following periodic function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x, -\pi \le x \le 0\\ x, 0 \le x \le \pi \end{cases}$$

SHORT QUESTIONS:

1. Find Fourier integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, |x| < 1 \\ 0, |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$

2. Find Fourier Cosine integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, \ 0 \langle x \langle 1 \\ 0, \ x > 1 \end{cases}$$

3. Find Fourier Cosine integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, \ 0 \langle x \langle 1 \\ 0, \ x > 1 \end{cases}$$

4. Find Fourier Cosine integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, \ 0 \langle x \langle a \\ 0, \ x \rangle a \end{cases}$$

5. Find Fourier Sine integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} x, & 0 \langle x \langle a \\ 0, & x \rangle a \end{bmatrix}$$

6. Find Fourier Sine integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, \ 0 \langle x \langle 1 \\ 0, \ x \rangle 1 \\ \end{cases}$$

7. Find Fourier Sine integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x, \ 0 \langle x \langle \pi \\ 0, & x \rangle \pi \end{cases}$$

8. Find Fourier Sine integral representation of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^x, \ 0 \langle x \langle 1 \\ 0, \ x \rangle 1 \end{cases}$$

9. Find the Fourier Cosine integral of the function

$$f(x) = e^{-kx}$$
 (x>0, k>0)

10. Find the Fourier Sine integral of the function

$$f(x) = e^{-kx}$$
 (x>0, k>0)

11. Find Fourier Cosine Transform of the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 < x < a \\ \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$$

12. Find Fourier Sine Transform of the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 < x < a \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

13. Find Fourier Cosine Transform of the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k, & \text{if } 0 < x < a \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$$

14. Find Fourier Sine Transform of the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k, & \text{if } 0 < x < a \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$$

15. Do the Fourier Sine & Cosine Transform of $f(x) = e^x$ exist?

LONG QUESTIONS:

1. Find the Fourier Cosine integral of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, \ 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, \ x > 1 \end{cases}$$
 (CUTM- 2022)

2. Find Fourier Sine transformation of the following:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin 2x, 0 < x < \pi \\ 0, x > \pi \end{cases}$$

3. Find Fourier transform of the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^x & \text{if } -a < x < a \\ 0 & \text{if } otherwise \end{cases}$$

4. Find Fourier Cosine Transform of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, \ 0 \langle x \langle a \\ 0, \ x \rangle a \end{cases}$$

5. Find Fourier Cosine Transform of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, \ 0 \langle x \langle 1 \\ 0, \ x > 1 \end{cases}$$

6. Find Fourier Sine Transform of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, \ 0 \langle x \langle 1 \\ 0, \ x > 1 \end{cases}$$

7. Find Fourier Cosine Transform of the function $f(x) = e^{-ax}, a > 0$

by differentiation.

8. Find Fourier Sine Transform of the function $f(x) = e^{-ax}, a > 0$

by integration.

- 9. Find Fourier Cosine Transform of the following function: $f(x) = e^{-x}$
- 10. Find Fourier Cosine Transform of the following function: $f(x) = e^{-x}$