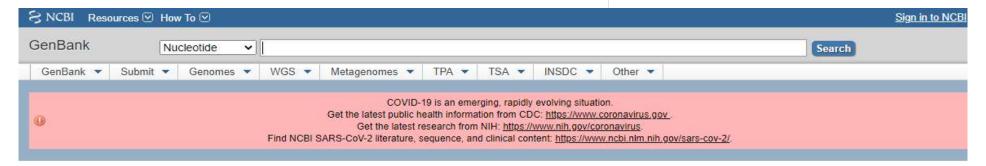
FILE FORMATS



INTRODUCTION

- File formats is a part of bioinformatics that stores DNA and protein sequences which are of many types.
- The types of file format is used according to the different context.
- Following are some important types of file format:
- 1. GenBank
- 2. FASTA Format
- 3. CluatalW2

GenBank



GenBank Overview

What is GenBank?

GenBank [®] is the NIH genetic sequence database, an annotated collection of all publicly available DNA sequences (<u>Nucleic Acids Research</u>, 2013 Jan;41(D1):D36-42). GenBank is part of the <u>International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration</u>, which comprises the DNA DataBank of Japan (DDBJ), the European Nucleotide Archive (ENA), and GenBank at NCBI. These three organizations exchange data on a daily basis.

A GenBank release occurs every two months and is available from the ftp site. The release notes for the current version of GenBank provide detailed information about the release and notifications of upcoming changes to GenBank. Release notes for previous GenBank releases are also available. GenBank growth statistics for both the traditional GenBank divisions and the WGS division are available from each release. GenBank growth statistics for both the traditional GenBank divisions and the WGS division are available from each release.

An <u>annotated sample GenBank record</u> for a Saccharomyces cerevisiae gene demonstrates many of the features of the GenBank flat file format.

Access to GenBank

There are several ways to search and retrieve data from GenBank.

- · Search GenBank for sequence identifiers and annotations with Entrez Nucleotide.
- Search and align GenBank sequences to a query sequence using <u>BLAST</u> (Basic Local Alignment Search Tool). See <u>BLAST info</u> for more information about the numerous BLAST databases.
- · Search, link, and download sequences programatically using NCBI e-utilities.
- The ASN.1 and flatfile formats are available at NCBI's anonymous FTP server: ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ncbi-asn1 and ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ncbi-asn1 and ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ncbi-asn1

GenBank Data Usage

The GenBank database is designed to provide and encourage access within the scientific community to the most up-to-date and comprehensive DNA sequence information. Therefore, NCBI places no restrictions on the use or distribution of the GenBank data. However, some submitters may claim patent, copyright, or other intellectual property rights in all or a portion of the data they have submitted. NCBI is not in a position to assess the validity of such claims, and therefore cannot provide comment or unrestricted permission concerning the use, copying, or distribution of the information contained in GenBank.

GenBank Resources

GenBank Home

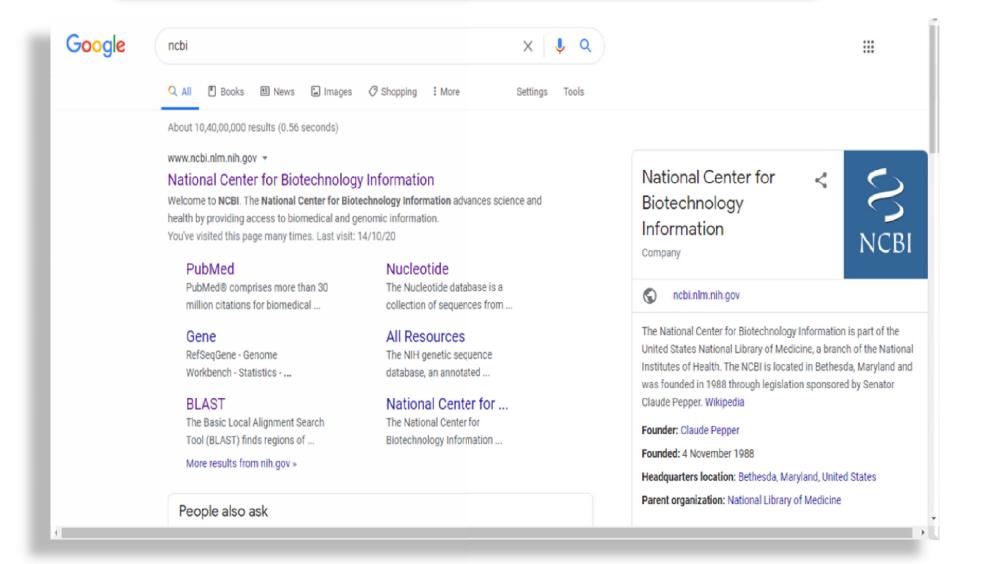
Submission Types

Submission Tools

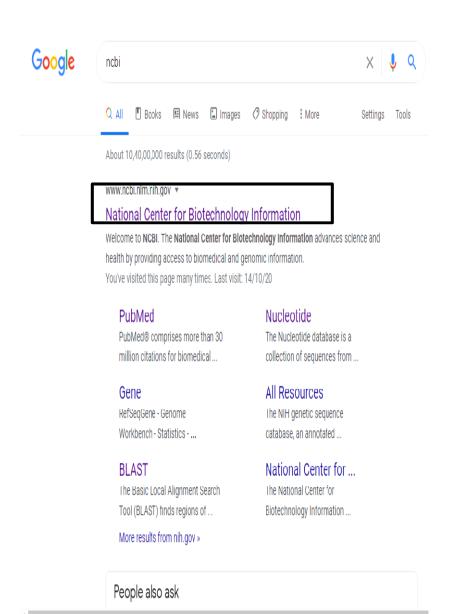
Search GenBank

Update GenBank Records

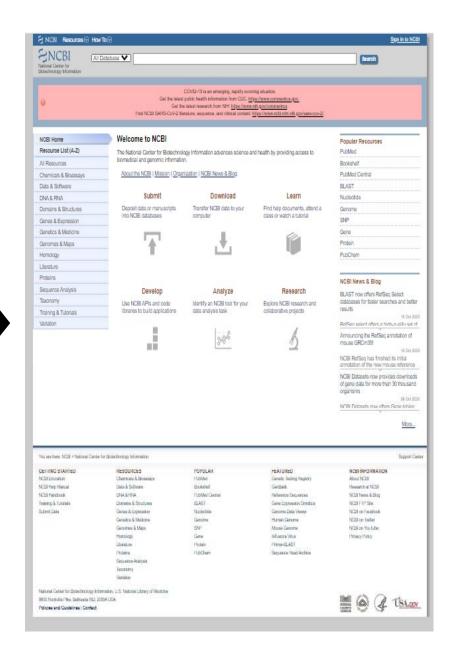
THE PROCEDURE IS SHOWN BELOW.



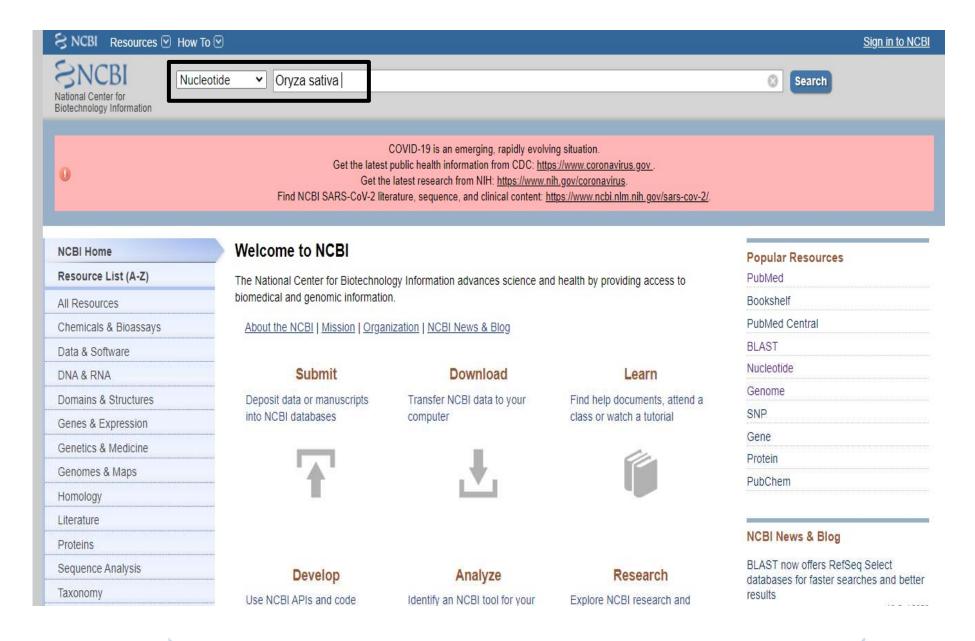
Search for NCBI in Google page.



Enter into the website.

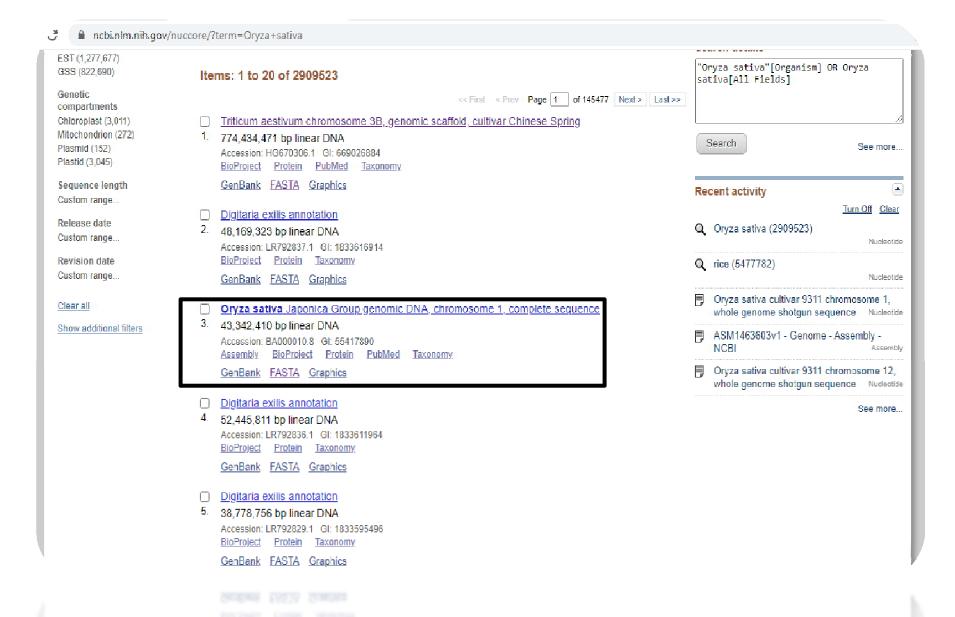


NCBI home page.



Enter nucleotide in the pop up box and search for a organism.

Here I've taken Rice.



Enter on the GenBank/FASTA sequence of Oryza sativa japonica group.

GenBank Format

FASTA Graphics MZEGLB15A Linear LOCUES DEFINATION Maize embryo globulin 5 allele (75-like) mena, complete cds. MERSION MUNICIPAL T gliobolin. KEYNORDS. SCHOOL E Zea marri **HEADER** CRIGANUSPI Zone mary's ryota, Viridiplantas; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta; matuphyta; Magnoliopsida; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceas; PACMAO clade; Panicoldese; Andropogomodae, Andropogomose; Tripsacinae; MEFERENCE (bases I to 2003) Belanger, F.C. and Kriz, A.L. Molecular Characterization of the Major Malie Embryo Globulin BLITTHORES. FIRE Encoded by the Gibt Game Plant Physiol 91 (2), 635-643 (1989) HOLIFONIAL PUBLIC DOMMENT Source text: Paice (inbred Line Wa26) 27 DAP embryos, cOMA to mRMA, clone pcGlbtS.

Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided SOLETICAL 1...2003 /organism-"Zea mays /mol type-"mbmA" /db xref**taxen:45//* MORPH. 37..1758 CDS e-"globulin precursor" /codon start=1 /protein_id="AAA33467.1" /translation="MVSARIVVLLAVLLCAAAAWASSWEDDW####KG#KSGRCVRRC **FEATURE** EDRPWHORPRICLEGEREEREKROERSRHEADDRSGEGSSEDEREREGEKEEKOKORR PYVFDRRSFRRVVRSEGGSLRVLRPFDEVSRLLRGIRDYRVAVLEAMPRSFVVPSHTD AHCIGYWAEGEGWYTTIEMGERRSYTIKQGHWFWAPAGAYTYLANTDGRKKLVITKIL HTISVPGEFQFFFGPGGRMPESFLSSFSKSIQRAAYKTSSDRLERLFGRHGQDKGIIV TABLE RATEGUREL RRHAS EGGHGPHWPLPPF GESRSPYSLUDORPS I ANOHGOLYEADARS FHOLAEHDVSVSFANITAGSPISAPLYNTRSFKIAYVPWGKGYAETVCPHRQSQGGESE REBSKGRRSEEEEESSEEGEEVGOGVHT LRARLSPGTAFVAPAGHPFVAVASRDSNLO TVCFEVHADRMERVFLAGADRVLQKLDRVAKALSFASKAEEVDEVLGSRREKGFLPGF K ESGGHEERBOEEEERBERHGGRGERERHGREEREKEEEEREGRHGRGRREEVAET LL 37.,98 olg_peptide /note="globulin signal peptide" 295..1755 met, peptide BI CICCICHOCK toctcctatg cgctgccgcc PC DETC SCST cetccteesa RESCRIPTION. ggaccggccc caagtccsss CHATRESTRE BESERVES a CRESERVICE 282 THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF eccccoggtg cctggagcag THE SHEET WEEK STREET, STREET, STREET, ST. gaage gecaa gctcgtcgga BBCac Bagge cgacgaccgc 3858238586 egatgagcec 301 REPRESENTED BY SHORT OF ардарандра драдаарсад ARREST ACCESSES perceptacet. gittemaccas Meagettte gtcgcgtggt CHRESETOCC tsassstert 4.25 RESIDENCE TO SERVICE T ccagactcct CONCERCATO careactace ecetaecest cctesaescs goccagocac 491 cettcetest accuacacac actgeategg RECERTORIA ---MARKET STREET, STREET, ST. gastastsac gacgategag ARCHITICAL SERVICE caccatcaag tettegtgge tggteateac caccgacggc -SCCESCCESS. casgatocto cataccatct ccatacctes ceasttccas COL Corp. and a second SICTIONS 221 SCCCC SSC SS gaggaacccg gaatogttoc Tellegeett cascaasasc ctgcgtacaa **BACKTCRASS** < preparation at atccasasas RECCRECTER assasser tett 3-51 seeraseara cargortege aggggateat egtgegtgee DERESERASE TRRECCETES agacccgcga gctecescec < gagt< gc CECCETTCEE ARREST RECCA CRECCCECAC 596 E specific time in goeteetgga ccageggeee agrategees accagraces gcagetetac RABBUC BACK CRERCARCET ccacgacete BCCBARCACE acgicagogi DECERTACE R **SEQUENCE** 1001 campatecat gamegegees **Etetacasca** cccgttcgtt cassatosoc gtcgcagggc Tacatecesa. acascaasss. <tacgccgag</pre> atcatatacc caccacca 1.2391 BRANCHES B RECECERRECE CREC BARRES REPRESENTE ARREST AREA OF A agaatcetct graggggtac gtcaccgggc BARRAGE PER aggaagtcgg BESCHOOL T acgarattes ctoragates SERVICE SERVICES 1321 Testscoope SESCUSCECCE T.L. CHICAGO taggraturers 1381 tgtgcttcga agtocacgoo agaaggtgtt 1461 RECEIVED HORE R Textures **getegacega** gtcgccaagg cartage trait. egectecaage 1501 tegacgaggt gctcggctcg ASSESSTITUTE T BS BB PB B PB B CHRCHCHAR 1561 CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR geggeeacga ggagegggag CONTRACTOR AND RE CONTRACTOR OF STREET ARREST SECTION 888888888 seresersts RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF 1681 CHICAGARAGAC **RCCACRECCE** CRESCROOK REPRESENTER CHRISTIANCRET cctgaggatg 1.767 gtplacegeea SSATSTEASS. ccagccgtgc **ETMECHCINCE** gtacgtagca Telegoc Leag Languagerett **ACCESCRIPC** geacetetat gtatatacct cgtangcggc 1501 ctctgcgtgt taactatgta aggragtgra ggtacgatgc tgtacgtgcg gtgcgtgttc contagatas ctctgt.agta THE WHITE SHEET Taxabase cause t 1981 atastgacac

GenBank: M24845.1

Bank Header section

Sequence field identifier

GenBank sequence section

ORIGIN

```
4845.1
hics
```

```
MZEGLB1SA 2003 bp mRNA linear PLN 27-APR-1993
Maize embryo globulin S allele (7S-like) mRNA, complete cds.
M24845
M24845.1
globulin.
Zea mays
```

Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta; Spermatophyta; Magnoliopsida; Liliopsida; Poales; Poaceae; PACMAD clade; Panicoideae; Andropogonodae; Andropogoneae; Tripsacinae; Zea.

l (bases 1 to 2003)

Belanger,F.C. and Kriz,A.L.

Molecular Characterization of the Major Maize Embryo Globulin

Encoded by the Glb1 Gene

Plant Physiol 91 (2), 636-643 (1989)

16667080

Original source text: Maize (inbred line Va26) 27 DAP embryos, cDNA to mRNA, clone pcGlb1S.

Oraft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided by A.L.Kriz, 16-MAY-1989.

```
1 cgcacacac cgagcatatc acagtgacac tacacgatgg tgagcgccag
 61 ctcctcgccg tcctcctatg cgctgccgcc gcagtcgcgt cgtcctggga
121 caccaccacc acgggggcca caagtccggg cgatgcgtgc ggcggtgcga
181 tggcaccagc gccccggtg cctggagcag tgcagggagg aggagcggga
 241 gagcggagca ggcacgaggc cgacgaccgc agcggcgagg gctcgtcgga
 301 gagcgcgagc aggagaagga ggagaagcag aaggaccggc ggccgtacgt
 361 cgcagctttc gtcgcgtggt ccggagcgag caggggtccc tgagggtgct
421 gacgaggtgt ccaggctcct ccgcggcatc cgggactacc gcgtggcggt
481 aacccgcgct cgttcgtggt gcccagccac accgacgcgc actgcatcgg
541 gaaggcgagg gagtggtgac gacgatcgag aacggcgaga ggcggtcgta
601 caaggccacg tcttcgtggc gccggccggg gcggtcacct acctggccaa
661 cggaagaaac tggtcatcac caagatcctc cataccatct ccgtgcctgg
721 ttcttctcg gccccggcgg gaggaacccg gaatcgttcc tgtcgagctt
781 atccagagag ctgcgtacaa gacctcgagc gaccggctgg agaggctgtt
841 gggcaggaca aggggatcat cgtgcgtgcc acggaggagc agacccgcga
901 cacgcctcgg agggcggcca cggcccgcac tggcccctgc cgccgttcgg
961 ggcccctaca gcctcctgga ccagcggccc agcatcgcca accagcacgg
1021 gaggccgacg cgcgcagctt ccacgacctc gccgagcacg acgtcagcgt
1081 aacatcaccg cggggtccat gagcgcgcca ttgtacaaca cccgttcgt
1141 tacgtgccga acggcaaggg ctacgccgag atcgtgtgcc cgcaccgcca
1201 ggcgagagcg agcgcgagcg cggcaagggc aggaggagcg aagaagaaga
1261 gaggagcagg aggaagtcgg gcaggggtac cacaccatcc gggcgcggct
1321 acggcgttcg tggtgcccgc gggccacccg ttcgtcgcgg tggcgtcccg
1381 ctccagatcg tgtgcttcga ggtccacgcc gacaggaacg agaaggtgtt
1441 gccgacaacg tgctgcagaa gctcgaccgg gtcgccaagg cgctgtcatt
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1561 aaggagagcg gcggccacga ggagcgggag caggaggagg aggaacgcga
1621 ggcgggcgtg gggagaggga acgccacgga cgtgaggagc gggagaaaga
1681 cgcgaaggac gccacggccg cgggcgccgc gaggaagtgg cggagacgct
1741 gtgaccgcca ggatgtgagg ccggccgtgc tcgccaaaac gagcaggaag
1801 gtggcgcgcg accgacgtgc gtacgtagca tgagcctgag tggagacgtt
1861 gtatatacct ctctgcgtgt taactatgta cgtaagcggc aggcagtgca
1921 ctctgtagta tgtacgtgcg ggtacgatgc tgtaagctac tgaggcaagt
1981 ataatgacac gtgcgtgttc tat
```



FASTA Format

- FASTA format, the widely used format and can be easily read by wide range of programs. It is a standard format used for DNA and protein sequences.
- Basically, represented as '>'.

FASTA Format

Definition line

ClustalW2

ClustalW2

Input form

Web services

Help & Documentation

Bioinformatics Tools FAQ

♠ Feedback



Tools > Multiple Sequence Alignment > ClustalW2

ClustalW2 is a general purpose DNA or protein multiple sequence alignment program for **three or more** sequences. For the alignment of two sequences please instead use our pairwise sequence alignment tools.

Please Note

The ClustalW2 services have been retired. To access similar services, please visit the Multiple Sequence Alignment tools page. For protein alignments we recommend Clustal Omega. For DNA alignments we recommend trying MUSCLE or MAFFT. If you have any questions/concerns please contact us via the feedback link above.

Thank You