Sequence retrieval system(SRS)







The Sequence Retrieval System (SRS) – a network browser for databases in molecular biology.

It is a powerful sequence information indexing, search and retrieval system (http://srs.ebi.ac.uk/)

• Developed in 1993, by Thure Etzold.

SRS Features:

- SRS databases are well indexed, thus reducing the search time for the large number of potential databases
- SRS allows any **flat file database** to be indexed to any other. The advantage being the derived indices may be rapidly searched, allowing users to retrieve, link and access entries from all the interconnected resources
- The system has the particular strength that it can be readily **customized** to use any defined set of databanks.

- SRS is a homogeneous interface to over 80 biological databases that has been developed at the European Bioinformatics Institute (EBI) at Hinxton, UK.
- The types of databases included are sequence and sequence related, metabolic pathways, transcription factors, application results (e.g. BLAST), protein 3-D structure, genome, mapping, mutations and locus-specific mutations. You can access and query their contents and navigate among them.
- The Web page listing all the databases contains a link to a description page about the database and includes the date on which it was last updated.
- You select one or more of the databases to search before entering your query. Over 30 versions of SRS are currently running on the WWW. Each includes a different subset of databases and associated analytical tools.



Procedure



EMBL-EBI response to COVID-19

To help protect staff and visitors from the coronavirus outbreak, EMBL-EBI closed its premises on 18 March at 17:00. Our data resources and tools will continue to function as normal. Read more >



Empowering Commu

Search results for **P^53**

Showing 15 results out of 45,428,598 in All results \rightarrow Protein sequences

| Filter your results * Save result | Create RSS feed |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Ource Orotein sequences (45,428,598 results) | |
| All results (75,4,4,965) | |
| Protein sequences (45,428,598) Q9VHN9(HPS5_DROME) Source: UniProtKB (ID: HPS5_DROME) | |
| UniRef100 (2.162.305) Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome 5 protein homolog | |
| UniRef90 (1,042,146) Drosophila melanogaster(Reviewed) | |
| UniRef50 (284,497) Secondary accession number(s): Q8SXI1 | |
| EPO (17,293) IPO (51 407) Cross References: Samples & ontologies (11) Protein families (9) Protein sequences (8) + show more | |
| KIPO (1 703) Formats: in FASTA format in Feature Viewer in Interpro Matches + show more | |
| USPTO (604) UniParc (24,522) | |
| P protein | |
| Organisms Homo sapiens(Reviewed) | |
| Secondary accession number(s): Q15211, Q15212, Q96EN1, Q9UMI5 | |
| Human immunodeficiency virus 1 (277,945) Cross References: Protein expression data (48) Literature (28) Samples & ontologies (14) + show more | |
| Gammaproteobacteria bacterium (264,489) Formats: in FASTA format in Feature Viewer in Interpro Matches + show more | |
| Arundo donax (259,909) | |
| CENPP_HUMAN) CENPP_HUMAN) Source: UniProtKB (ID: CENPP_HUMAN) | नंबोगाव विक्र |
| Escherichia coli (228,236) | |
| Clostridiales bacterium (206,589) Homo sapiens(Reviewed) | |
| Chlorefloui hostorium (175,042) Secondary accession number(s): B3KRA5, B3KS17, Q5T9F8, Q5T9F9 | CENTURION |
| | UNIVERSITY Shaping Lives |
| Cross References: Protein expression data (115) Nucleotide sequences (9) Samples & ontologies (7) + show more | Empowering Communities: |

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|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------|----------|------------------|
| Source | UniProtKB (41 | ,844,121 results) | | | | |
| All results (75,484,965) <u>Protein sequences</u> (45,428,598) UniProtKB (41,844,121) | ☑ Q9VHN9(HPS5_E | ROME) Source: UniP | rotKB (ID: HPS5_DROME) | | | |
| Organisms | Hermansky-Pudlak syr Drosophila melanogasi Secondary accession r | ndrome 5 protein hom ter(Reviewed) number(s): Q8SXI1 | nolog | | | |
| ☐ Salmonella enterica (380,544) ☐ Human immunodeficiency virus 1 (277,923) ☐ Arundo donax (259.909) | Cross References: Sample | es & ontologies (11) Pro | tein families (9) Protein seque | nces (8) 🕂 show more | | |
| □ Acidobacteria bacterium (241,322) □ Gammaproteobacteria bacterium (238,233) | Q04671(P_HUMA | N) Source: UniProtKB (| ID: P_HUMAN) | | | |
| Clostridiales bacterium (200,671) Lachnospiraceae bacterium (188,922) Escherichia coli (188,796) | P protein Homo sapiens(Review | ed) | | - | | |
| Pseudomonas sp. (163,475)Chloroflexi bacterium (148,221) | Cross References: Protein | expression data (48) | iterature (28) Samples & ontol | ogies (14) 🕂 show more | | |
| More > | Formats: in FASTA format | in Feature Viewer in In | terpro Matches + show more | | | |
| Keywords | Q6IPU0(CENPP_ | HUMAN) Source: UniF | ProtKB (ID: CENPP_HUMAN) | | | |
| ☐ Reference proteome (14,293,828) ☐ Membrane (9,242,280) | Centromere protein P (Homo sapiens(Review | CENP-P ed) | | | | |
| ☐ Transmembrane (8,574,365) ☐ Transmembrane helix (8,473,275) | Secondary accession r | number(s): B3KRA5, | B3KS17, Q5T9F8, Q5T9F | 9 | | |
| Transferase (4,144,435) Coiled coil (3,942,576) | Cross References: Protein Formats: in FASTA format | expression data (115) I in Feature Viewer in In | Nucleotide sequences (9) San terpro Matches 🕂 show more | nples & ontologies (7) 🕂 sl | 10w more | |
| ☐ Metal-binding (3,758,536) ☐ Signal (3,451,235) | □ <u>P49908</u> (SEPP1_H | UMAN) Source: UniP | rotKB (ID: SEPP1_HUMAN) | | | |
| Nucleotide-binding (3,137,425) Hydrolase (3,120,711) | Selenoprotein P SeP Homo sapiens(Review | ed) | | | | |

- 1. Click on the PDB id to view in UniProt and to download sequence data.
- 2. Or,
- Choose desired sequences.
- Then click on clustal, to download MSA file and phylogenetic tree.



| 1 | | |
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| | Advanced V Search | |
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| UniProtKB - | Q9VHN9 (HPS5_DROME) | |
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| Dublications | Protein Herm Text rome 5 protein homolog | |
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| Function | | - |
| Names & Taxonomy | Has a role in the biogenesis of eye pigment granules. Eye pigment granules are specialized forms of late endosomes or lysosomes. Biogenesis of pigment granules in the eye requires molecular components required for protein delivery lysosomes. | to |
| Subcellular location | Miscellaneous | |
| Pathology & Biotech | Pink was the second eye color gene identified by Morgan and colleagues, mutant flies were isolated in June 1910 just 2 months after isolation of the first white mutant allele. Another mutant allele of pink, peach, was isolated by Bridges | s |
| PTM / Processing | in 1913, and according to a review published by Bridges and Morgan 10 years later, these alleles represented the first case of multiple allelomorphs described for an autosomal gene in Drosophila. | |
| Expression | GO - Molecular function* | |
| Interaction | pigment binding Source: UniProtKB-KW | |
| Structure | Complete GO annotation on QuickGO | |
| Family & Domains | GO - Biological process ¹ | |
| Sequences (1+) | • compound eye pigmentation 🔗 Source: FlyBase 🚽 | |
| Similar proteins | eye pigment biosynthetic process Source: UniProtKB = negative regulation of gene silencing by RNA Source: FlyBase = | |
| Cross-references | • ommochrome biosynthetic process 🛛 Source: FlyBase 👻 | |
| Entry information | protein targeting to lysosome I Source: UniProtKB response to stimulus Source: UniProtKB-KW | |
| Miscellaneous | visual perception Source: UniProtKB-KW | |
| ⊾Тор | Complete GO annotation on QuickGO | |
| | Keywords ¹ | |
| | | ST T |

Click on Format>>FASTA and download the protein sequence in Fasta format.



>sp|Q9VHN9|HPS5_DROME Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome 5 protein homolog OS=Drosophila melanogaster OX=7227 GN=p PE=2 SV=1 MADAYCLTNFIDFSLSLSLPLKHHNRIKYTCFDISDSYIIFGASSGSLYLFNRNGKFLLL IPNKHGAITSLSISANSKYVAFATQRSLICVYAVNLSAQATPQVIFTHLDQSVQVTCIHW TQDEKQFYYGDSRGQVSLVLLSSFIGHSLLFNMTVHPLLYLDSPIVQIDDFEYLLLVSNC TKCILCNTEYEDYKQIGNRPRDGAFGACFFVSPQESLQPSRIYCARPGSRVWEVDFEGEV IQTHQFKTALATAPARIQRPGSGTDELDANAELLDYQPQNLQFAKVQRLNDDFLLAFTEL GLYIFDIRRSAVVLWSNQFERIADCRSSGSEIFVFTQSGALYSVQLQTLQSHAVSLIQQS KLLPCANLLRQHVRYFADKAREDYELKQLNPLKQLLIERQEYELLNDISVIFDAITQCTG SALDTHSSGGSSATTERSLSGGSSSRAPPKGVYVLENAFCDNLKQPLKTGHFKDALLTVT GKFGKNIIKYKFNIFAEEQQQLVRELIPASERSLPFKDIKARYESGSEDQEEEIVRRCKK PAPQVPHISPEEKTLYNLYLIAKSAKFSRTQCVDRYRAVFDEYAAGELVNLLEKLAQVMV EHGDTPDQAQRNCYEMYFDYLDPEMIWEVDDATRDHIAAGFVLLNTSQNAEIVKCEHCSF PLRFDTSCQYHELGAVLLRYFWSRGEQLKCFDVVQSVPALLDVLAKFYLAEQNLTKVVAI VLNYGLPELLADVGKQLSVSAWGRCFEQFVELQRGGRLVCANCECISGVEQEQLGRHFFY NWNCFLNIALDHMSAGDTLALIFKWSSYIPNDAIDREFYSRCLLKG



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| Input form | Web services | Help & Documentation | Bioinformatics Tools FAQ | |
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| ioois > iviuitip | le Sequence Alig | nment > Clustal Omega | | |

Multiple Sequence Alignment

Clustal Omega is a new multiple sequence alignment program that uses seeded guide trees and HMM profile-profile techniques to generate alignments between **three** or more sequences. For the alignment of two sequences please instead use our pairwise sequence alignment tools.

Important note: This tool can align up to 4000 sequences or a maximum file size of 4 MB.

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| sequences in a | ny supported format: | | | |
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b. Perform MSA by clicking in submit below.



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| Alignme 3 Result Summary | Guide Tree | Phylogenetic Tree | Results Viewers | Submission Details | | |
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| CLUSTAL O(1.2.4) multiple sequenc | e alignment | | | | | |
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|---|--|------------------|
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | WAPAGQEFASFLTKGRSHSSLPQMSSSRSKDSCFTENTPLLRNSLQEKGS -MADAYCLTNFIDF-SLSLSLPLKHHNRIKYTCFDISDSYIIFGASSGSLYLFNRNGKFL | 110 58 0 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | RCIPVYHPEFITAEESWEDSSADW-ERRYLLSREVSGLSASASSEKGDLLDSPHIRLRLS LLIPNKHGAITSLSISANSKYVAFATQRSLICVYAVNLSAQATPQVIFTHLDQS | 169 112 0 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | KLRRCVQWLKVMGLFAF | 186 172 6 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | VVLCSILFSLYPDQGKLWQLLALSPLENYSVNLSSHVDSTLL YLLLVSNCTKCILCNTEYEDYKQIGNRPRDGAFGACFFVSPQESLQPSRIYCARPGSRVW | 228 232 6 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | QVDLAGALVASGPSRPGREEHIVVELTQADALGSRWRRPQQVTHN EVDFEGEVIQTHQFKTALATAPARIQRPGSGTDELDANAELLDYQPQNLQFAKVQRLND- L-S- : | 273 291 8 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | WTVYLNPRRSEHSVMSRTFEVLTRETVSISIRASLQQTQAVPLLMAHQYLRGSVETQVTI -DFLLAF | 333 297 14 |

1. Click on download alignment file for downloading the MSA file.

2. Or choose phylogenetic tree, for downloading phylogenetic tree.



CLUSTAL 0(1.2.4) multiple sequence alignment

| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | MHLEGRDGRRYPGAPAVELLQTSVPSGLAELVAGKRRLPRGAGGADPSHSCPRGAAGQSS | 60 0 0 |
|---|--|------------------|
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | WAPAGQEFASFLTKGRSHSSLPQMSSSRSKDSCFTENTPLLRNSLQEKGS -MADAYCLTNFIDF-SLSLSLPLKHHNRIKYTCFDISDSYIIFGASSGSLYLFNRNGKFL | 110 58 0 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | RCIPVYHPEFITAEESWEDSSADW-ERRYLLSREVSGLSASASSEKGDLLDSPHIRLRLS LLIPNKHGAITSLSISANSKYVAFATQRSLICVYAVNLSAQATPQVIFTHLDQS | 169 112 0 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | KLRRCVQWLKVMGLFAF VQVTCIHWTQDEKQFYYGDSRGQVSLVLLSSFIGHSLLFNMTVHPLLYLDSPIVQIDDFE MSLHSK | 186 172 6 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | VVLCSILFSLYPDQGKLWQLLALSPLENYSVNLSSHVDSTLL YLLLVSNCTKCILCNTEYEDYKQIGNRPRDGAFGACFFVSPQESLQPSRIYCARPGSRVW | 228 232 6 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | QVDLAGALVASGPSRPGREEHIVVELTQADALGSRWRRPQQVTHN EVDFEGEVIQTHQFKTALATAPARIQRPGSGTDELDANAELLDYQPQNLQFAKVQRLND- L-S- : | 273 291 8 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | WTVYLNPRRSEHSVMSRTFEVLTRETVSISIRASLQQTQAVPLLMAHQYLRGSVETQVTI DFLLAF ESLKAY : * . | 333 297 14 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | ATAILAGVYALIIFEIVHRTLAAMLGSLAALAALAVIGDRPSLT TELGLYIFDIRRSAVVLWSNQFERIADCRSSGSEIFVFTQSGALYSVQLQTLQS ADLDKTVKEIEE : :* | 377 351 26 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN UNIPROT:HPS5_DROME UNIPROT:PHOSP_SVCV | HVVEWIDFETLALLFGMMILVAIFSETGFFDYCAVKAYRLSRGRVWAMIIMLCLIAA HAVSLIQQSKLLPCANLLRQHVRYFADKAREDYELKQLNPLKQ- Q-VSSMEEPVPKTVKYVTFEENLSEEEWESDSGDDDEDSIDDS : *. : : : : : : : : : : | 434 394 68 |
| UNIPROT:P_HUMAN | VLSAFLDNVTTMLLFTPVTIRLCEVLNLDPRQVL-IAEVIFTNIGGA | 480 |



Clustal Omega Input form Web services Help & Documentation Bioinformatics Tools FAQ Feedback Tools > Multiple Sequence Alignment > Clustal Omega <td

Results for job clustalo-I20201207-063108-0787-32939856-p1m

| Alignments | Result Summary | Guide Tree | Phylogenetic Tree | Results Viewers | Submission Details |
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Branch length: Cladogram O Real

UNIPROT_P_HUMAN 0.44742 UNIPROT_HPS5_DROME 0.366 UNIPROT_PHOSP_SVCV 0.434

Tree Data

(UNIPROT_P_HUMAN:0.44742, UNIPROT_HPS5_DROME:0.36600, UNIPROT_PHOSP_SVCV:0.43400);



By clicking on download phylogenetic tree data we can download phylogenetic tree.

Conclusion

 Although there are many potential databases to search, SRS databases are indexed well, thus reducing the search time. The contents of the data fields in each database are broken down into components, and selected words are extracted and inserted into an index. Each field generally has its own index. The query form allows search terms for a specific field to be entered, or you can search all fields using the option 'All text'. SRS provides an alternative query form that allows more complex Boolean queries to be composed.



Thank You

