

Center for Smart Agriculture Hi Tech Fruit Culture



Module 1: Nursery Management

Session 4: Nursery Management in Pineapple



- Nursery management in Papaya
- Propagation
- Pineapple is easily propagated by vegetative methods.
- It can be propagated by

Shoot suckers

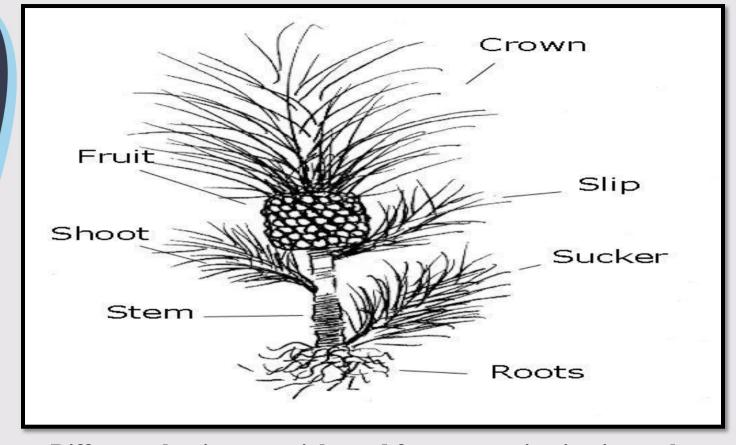
Ground suckers

Slips

Crowns and

Stem-bits





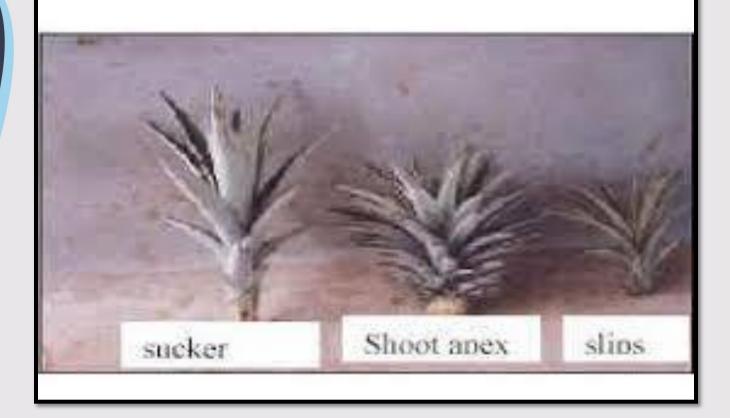
Different planting materials used for propagation in pineapple



• Slips were found to be the best planting materials followed by side suckers and crowns.

• Suckers from main stem bear little earlier than slips, but slips produce larger and uniform fruits







• Flowering is delayed by about 70 days in plants from crown and about 350 days from stem bits compared with that from slips.

• Hence slips and Suckers should be preferred for planting as they come to bearing earlier than the crown and also produce larger fruits.







Slips

Suckers



• Before planting, suckers are sorted out into large, medium and small to avoid competition between plants of different sizes.

• Suckers weighing 400-500g or slips of 350-450g are considered suitable as planting material.

• Prior to planting, curing of slips and suckers for 8-10 days in shade is necessary as fresh suckers planted in moist soil begin to decay.



• Some of the lower leaves are removed from the sucker to facilitate the formation and entry of roots into the soil.

• After removing scaly leaves, planting material should be treated with Monocrotophos (0.15%) and Carbendazim (0.1%) solution to protect against mealy bugs and heart rot, respectively.



Removal of Suckers, Slips and Crowns:

• Suckers start growing with the emergence of inflorescence while slips grow with developing fruits.

• Only one or two suckers are retained on the plant for ratooning while additional suckers and all slips are removed.

• This is essential as the growth of these may weaken plant and hinder fruit development.



• Desuckering can be delayed as much as possible since fruit weight was found to increase with increasing number of suckers per plant.

• Increased number of slips delayed fruit maturity; therefore they are removed as soon as they attain the size required for planting.

• Removal of crown is not required as it mars appeal of fruit and also makes handling difficult.

