

# Center for Smart Agriculture Isolation, purification & mass multiplication of Azosprillum





#### Rhizobium Inoculant

Bradyrhizobium strains are slow growing, gram negative, soil bacteria.

Bradyrhizobium **Bradyrhizobium** Bradyrhizobium japonicum liaoningense elkanii Bradyrhizobium genus **Bradyrhizobium Bradyrhizobium** Bradryrhizobium canariense yuanmingense

betae



#### **Isolation of Rhizobium Strains**

- Collection and preservation of root nodules in field trips
- Equipment for collection and preservation of root nodules
- Sampling vials with desiccated silica gels



### **Consideration points before sampling**

- a) Site identification
- b) Host plants identification
- c) Soil identification:



## Collection and preservation of root nodules

Excavate whole plants



Remove soil around root nodules



Store all nodules from a single host plant in the same vial



kept vials in a refrigerator at 4 °C



### Isolation of bradyrhizobia from dried root nodules

(1st day)

- Wash dried root nodules under tap water to remove soil contamination and transfer to sterile water.
- Keep the root nodules in sterile water in a refrigerator at 4 °C overnight to absorb water.



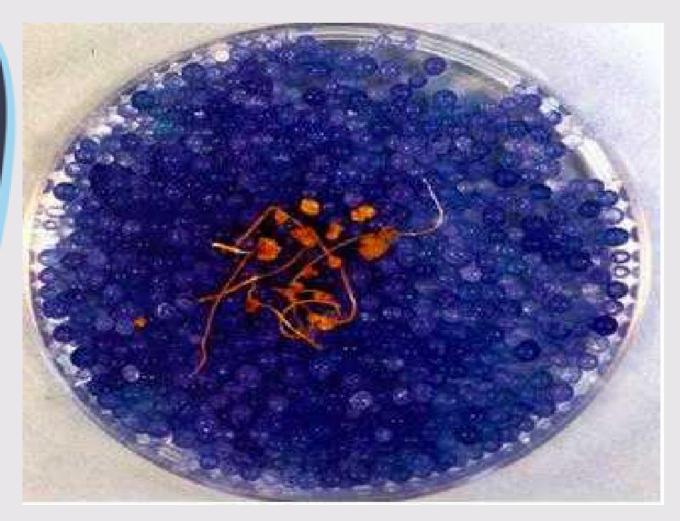


Fig 1: Dried root nodule in blue silica gel



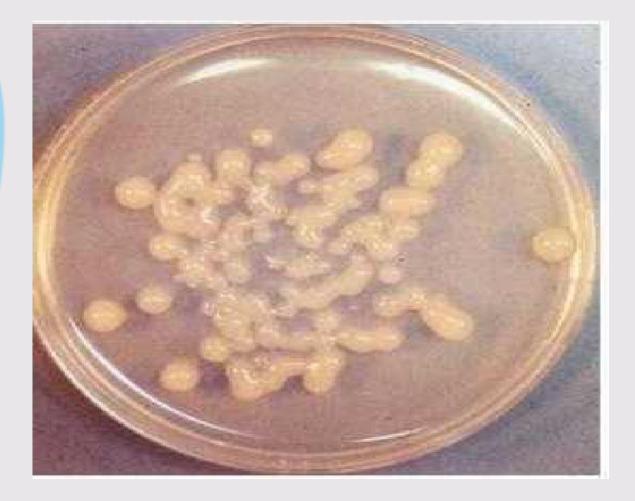


Fig 1.1: Bradyrhizobium colonies isolated from a dried root nodule originated in Wild Vigna plant



### (2nd day)

- The root nodules are surface sterilized by immersion in 70 % ethanol for 30s, and in a 3 % sodium hypochlorite solution for 3 min.
- The root nodules are subsequently washed at least five times with sterile water.
- Each root nodule is crushed in a microfuge tube with 100 μl of 15 % glycerol solution.



### (2nd day)

- Ten µl of turbid suspension with 15 % glycerol solution is streaked onto the surface of a yeast extract mannitol agar (YMA) medium (Somasegaran and Hoben 1994).
- The turbid suspensions with 15 % glycerol solution in a microfuge tube keep in freezer at -30 °C until isolations of bradyrhizobia are complete.
- If first isolations do not succeed, the glycerol solutions are restreaked onto fresh plate to obtain pure cultures.



### (2 weeks later)

• The plates are incubated at 28 °C for 2 weeks in an inverted position. Well-separated single colonies are restreaked onto fresh plate to obtain pure cultures.



### Thank you...