ANTHELMINTIC DRUGS

- > DRUGS THAT EITHER KILL OR EXPEL HELMINTHS ARE CALLED AS ANTHELMINTIC
- ➤ Vermicide : kill
- ➤ Vermifuge : *promote expulsion of worm*
- ➤Infection: primary site GIT, other tissue, larvae migrate into tissue

Harm the host by:

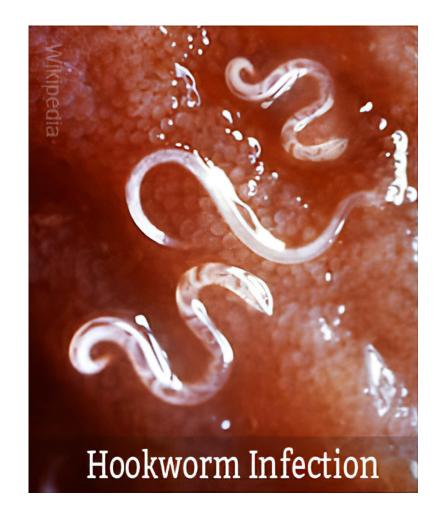
- Depriving of food
- > Causing blood loss
- **➢**Injury to organ
- **►** Intestinal or lymphatic obstruction & by secreting toxins

Choice of drugs depends on:

- Efficacy
- Side effects / toxicity
- Dose regimen
- Chance of development of resistance is not a problem

TYPES OF INFECTIOUS AGENT:

Roundworm, Whipworm, Topeworm, threadworm, Filariasis, hydatid disease





ROUND WORM



THREAD WORM



Filariasis

SI no	Types of parasite	Drug used
1	ROUND WORM	MEBENDAZOLE ALBENDAZOLE PYRANTEL
2	HOOK WORM	MENBENDAZOLE ALBENDAZOLE PYRANTEL
3	THREAD WORM	MEBENDAZOLE ALBENDAZOLE PYRANTEL
4	TAPE WORM	ALBENDAZOLE PRAZIQUANTEL NICLOSAMIDE
5	HYDATID DISEASE	Albendazole

MEBENDAZOLE: Benzimidazole introduced in 1972

- ➤ Broad spectrum: 1st line drug for round warm, hookworm, pinworm, whipworm infections
- ➤ Produced around: 100% cure rate / reduction in egg count in roundworm, hook worm
- Expels trichinella from intestine but can not kill migrated larvae
- Immobilizing and lethal action on worm is slow (takes 2-3 days)

Mechanism of action:

Binds to **Beta tubulin of parasite** with high affinity



Decreased of *several metabolic activity* of parasite





Decreased glucose uptake

Adverse reactions:

- > Mild nausea, vomiting and diarrhea
- ➤ Mild abdominal pain
- > Reversible neutropenia and agranulocytosis
- > Hypospermia in higher dose

ALBENDAZOLE :BENZIMIDAZOLE

- > Broad spectrum well tolerability
- ➤ Advantage of single dose administration in many infection
- ➤ One dose treatment : Ascariasis, Hoke worm and enterobiasis
- ➤ Mebendazole required 3 days to treat above infections
- > Result in trichiniasis is inferior to mebendazole

MECHANISM OF ACTION:

- ➤ BLOCKS GLUCOSE UPTAKE IN LARVAE
- ➤ Deplets glycogen stores
- > Leads to decrease formation of ATP
- >CAUSED immobilization and death of parasite

Adverse drug reaction:

- Epigastric distress, nausea and diarrhoea
- > Headache dizziness
- > Hepatotoxicity, bone marrow depression on long term use

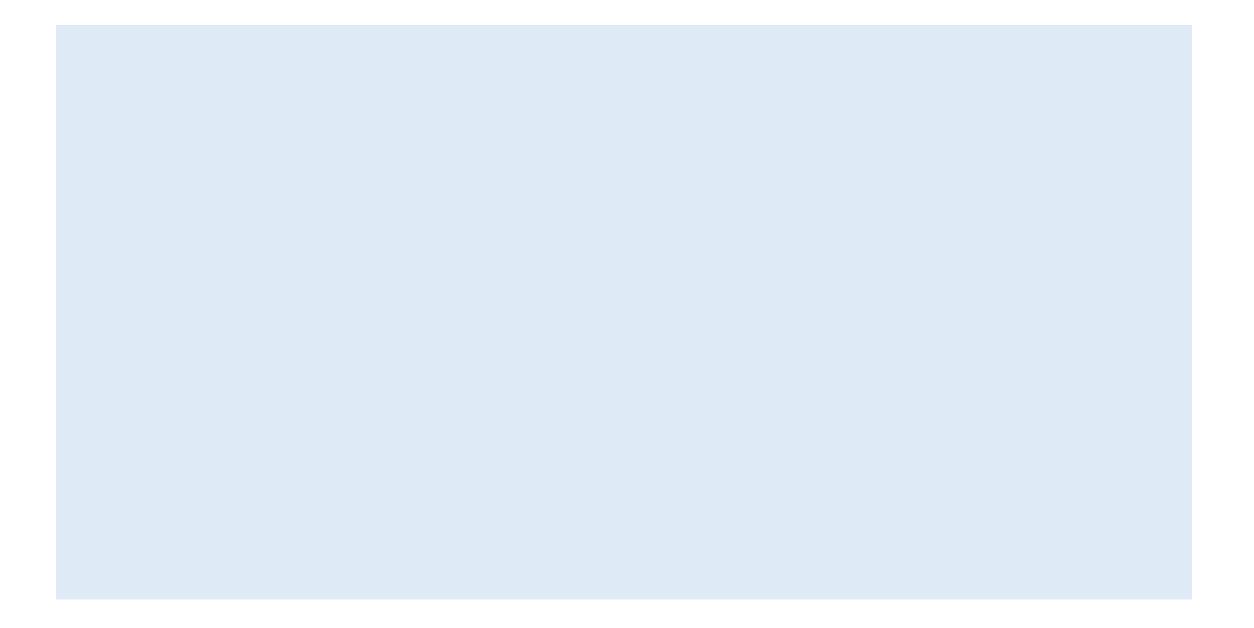
PYRANTOL PAMOATE:

- ►INTRODUCE IN THE YEAR 1969
- > FOR PINWORM INFECTION IN CHILDREN
- > Extended to roundworm , hookworm
- ➤ Efficacy against Ascaris, Enterobius and Ancylostomiases is more as compare to Mebendazole
- ➤ Inactive for Trichiris

MECHANISM OF ACTION:

- Activate Nicotinic cholinergic receptors in parasite worm
- This results in persistant depolarization
- Further contraction and spastic paralysis will occur
- Cholinergic receptor in mammalian skeletal muscles have very low affinity for pyrantel pamole (only selective towards worm)
- Adverse effects:
- Remarkably free of side effects
- Occiassionally GIT PAIN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS

It is tasteless. Non-irritant, No abdominal migration of worm



Diethyl carbamazine Citrate;

- ➤ Developed in the year 1948
- First drug for Filariasis caused by Wuchereria bancrafty (90%) brugia malayi
- Absored after oral ingestion, distributed all over the body metabolized in liver & excreted in urine
- Excretion is faster in acidic urine
- ➤ Diethylcarbamazine is Microfilaricidal
- ➤ A dose of 2 mg/kg TDS clears MF from peripheral blood in 7 days

Adverse effects:

Anorexia, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, headache, allergic reaction, itching rashes, fever

Decreases BP, bronchospasm

Avoided during pregnancy

NICLOSAMIDE:

- It is vermicide
- Highly effective against Cestodes infesting man, faenia saginata, tselium, Hnana(Hymenolepis nana dwarf tapeworm) and pin worm
- Mechanism of action :
- Decreased oxidative phosphorylation in mitochondria and than interfere with Anaerobic generation of ATP by Tapeworm
- After injured by niclosamide tapeworm and parasite digested by intestine

- **➤** Regimen for tapeworm : Available as 0.5g tablet
- ➤after a light breakfast 02 tablets are to be chewed & swallowed with water and another 02 hours wash out the worms
- **For Hnana 02g repeated daily for 05 days →**
- **▶**It is safe in pregnancy also