**HTML uses tags to define elements and structure web pages**.

Here are some commonly used HTML tags and examples of their usage:

**1. Heading Tags:**

Heading tags define the headings of different levels on a web page, ranging from `<h1>` for the main heading to `<h6>` for subheadings. Example:

```html

<h1>Main Heading</h1>

<h2>Subheading</h2>

```

**2. Paragraph Tag:**

The `<p>` tag is used to define paragraphs of text. Example:

```html

<p>This is a paragraph of text.</p>

```

**3. Image Tag:**

The `<img>` tag is used to insert an image into a web page. It requires the `src` attribute, which specifies the image source (URL or file path), and the `alt` attribute, which provides an alternative text description of the image. Example:

```html

<img src="image.jpg" alt="Description of the image">

```

**4. Link Tag:**

The `<a>` tag creates a hyperlink. It requires the `href` attribute, which specifies the destination URL. Example:

```html

<a href="https://example.com">Click here</a> to visit Example.com.

```

**5. List Tags:**

HTML offers ordered and unordered list tags for creating lists. `<ul>` represents an unordered list, while `<ol>` represents an ordered list. Each list item is defined with the `<li>` tag. Example:

```html

<ul>

 <li>Item 1</li>

 <li>Item 2</li>

</ul>

<ol>

 <li>First item</li>

 <li>Second item</li>

</ol>

```

**6. Division Tag:**

The `<div>` tag is a generic container used for grouping and styling elements. It is often used in combination with CSS. Example:

```html

<div>

 <p>This is a paragraph inside a div.</p>

 <img src="image.jpg" alt="Image inside a div">

</div>

```

These are just a few examples of HTML tags. HTML offers a wide range of tags for various purposes, such as tables, forms, headers, footers, and more. By combining these tags and using attributes appropriately, you can structure and present content in a web page according to your requirements.