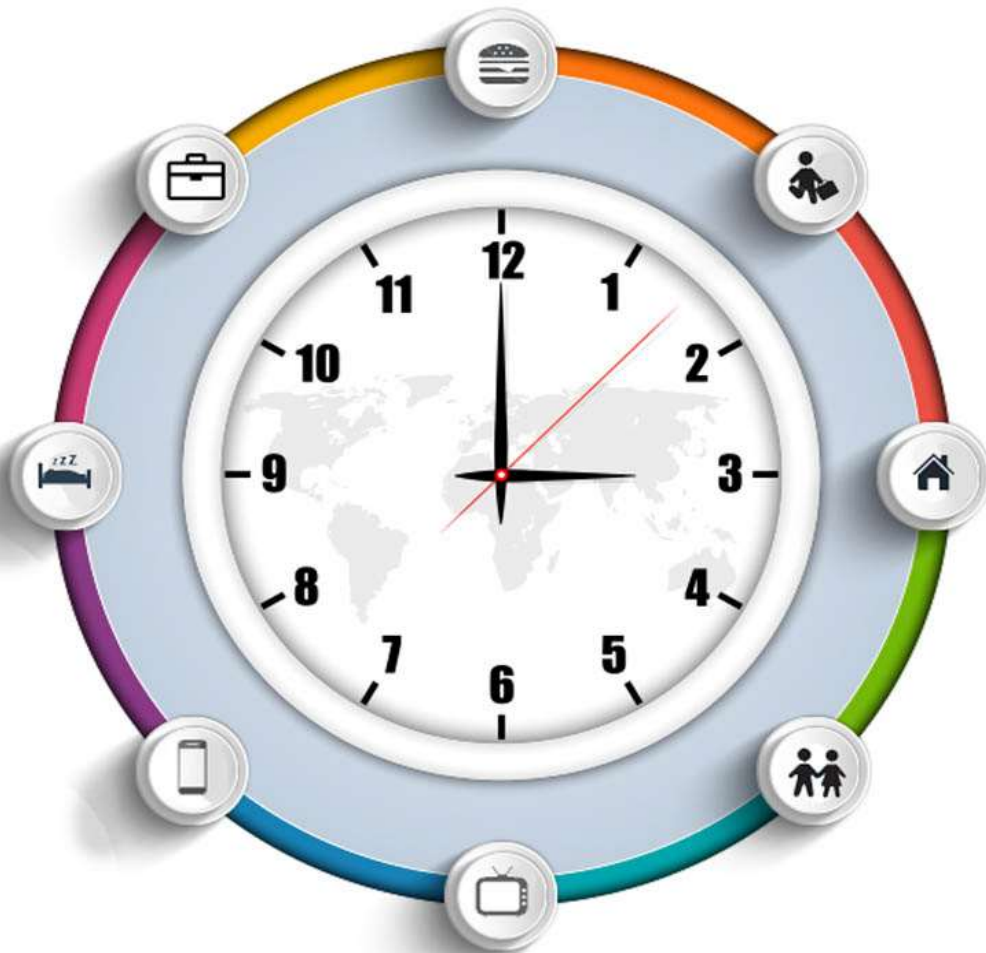


# CHRONOPHARMACOLOGY



# Overview

- Introduction
- History
- Definitions
- Circadian rhythm & clock genes
- Applications of Chronopharmacology
- Chronopharmaceutics
- Conclusion
- References

# Introduction :-

- Most facets of mammalian physiology and behavior vary according to time-of-day, thanks to an endogenous “circadian” clock.
- Daily oscillations of proteins is necessary for either drug absorption or metabolism result in circadian pharmacokinetics; and oscillations in the physiological systems targeted by these drugs result in circadian pharmacodynamics.
- Circadian clocks influence all major organ systems, and this influence translates directly into disease pathology that also varies with time of day.

# History :

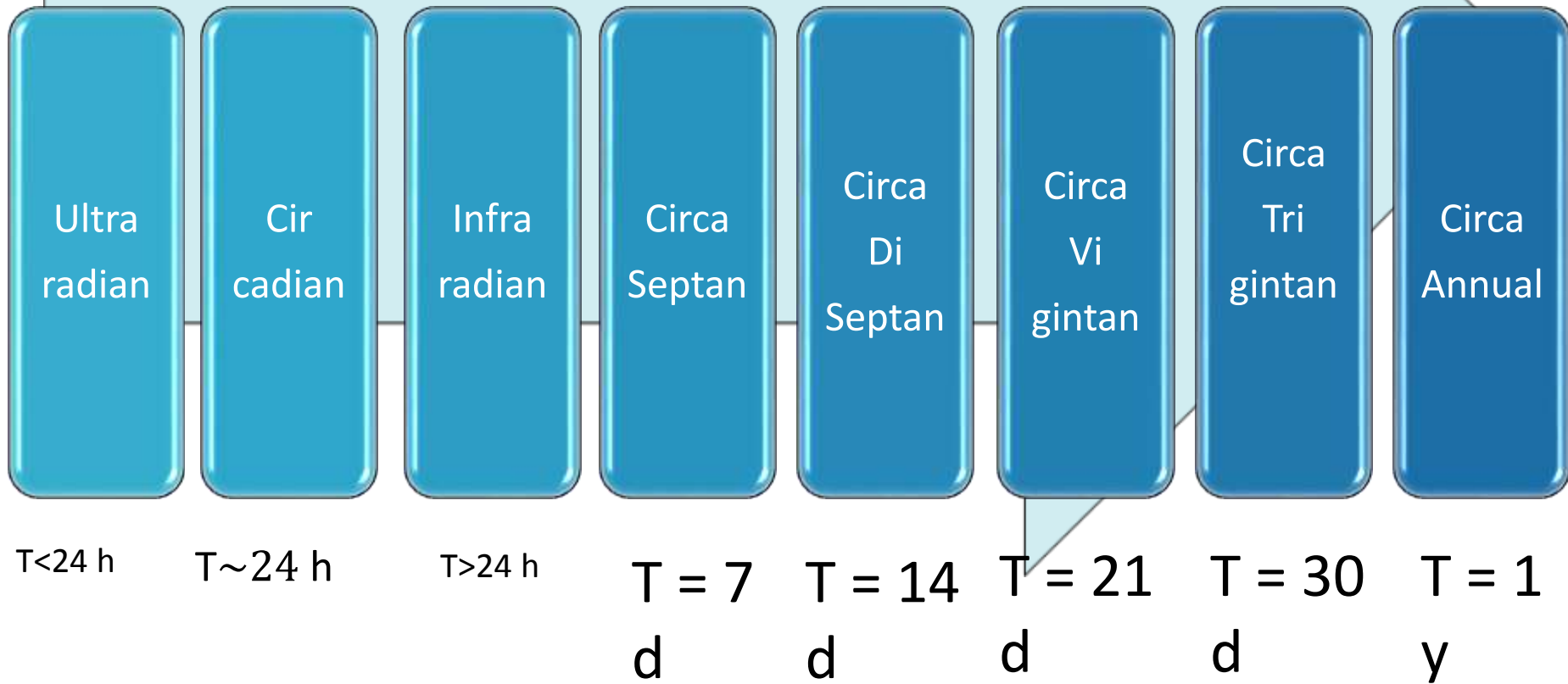
- **Jean-Jaques d'Ortous de Mairan** described circadian rhythms of plants in the 18<sup>th</sup> century
- **Franz Halberg** coined the term '**Circadian**' in 20<sup>th</sup> century.
- (circa – about or approximately; dian-day, or about 24 hour).
- Considered as one of the founders of Modern Chronobiology.



# Biological rhythms

- **Circadian**: Lasting for about 24 hours.
  - Sleep wake cycles
- **Infradian**: Cycles longer than 24 hours.
  - Menstrual cycle
- **Ultradian**: Cycles shorter than a day.
  - Neuronal firing time
- **Seasonal**: Seasonal affective disorders.

# Biorhythms



# Definitions :

- **Chronobiology**

The branch of science focusing on biological rhythms and their mechanisms.

- Chronos (time),

- Bios (life),

- Logos (study).

- **Chronopharmacology**

Science dealing with optimization of drug effects & minimization of adverse effects by timing medications in relation to biological rhythm. It is concerned with the effects of drugs upon the timing of biological events and rhythms.

- Subdivided into

- **Chronopharmacokinetics**
- **Chronotoxicity**
- **Chronesthesia**
- **Chronotherapy**



## Chronopharmacokinetics :

- It deals with the study of the temporal changes in the pharmacokinetics of the drugs with respective time.
- Study of **absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion** of drug according to the time of the day or year.

- Chronesthesia

- The rhythmic changes in susceptibility or sensitivity of a target system to a drug.

- Chronergy

Rhythmic changes of both the desired [effectiveness] and undesired [toxicity, tolerance] effects on the organism as a whole.

## Chronotherapeutics

- Discipline of medical treatment which allows for the consideration of a patient's biological rhythm, changes in the severity of a disease state during the day, and the synchronizing of dosing and delivery of a particular drug to allow for the optimal efficacy in the patient.
- Refers to concept of matching timing of treatment with intrinsic timing of illness.

## Advantages

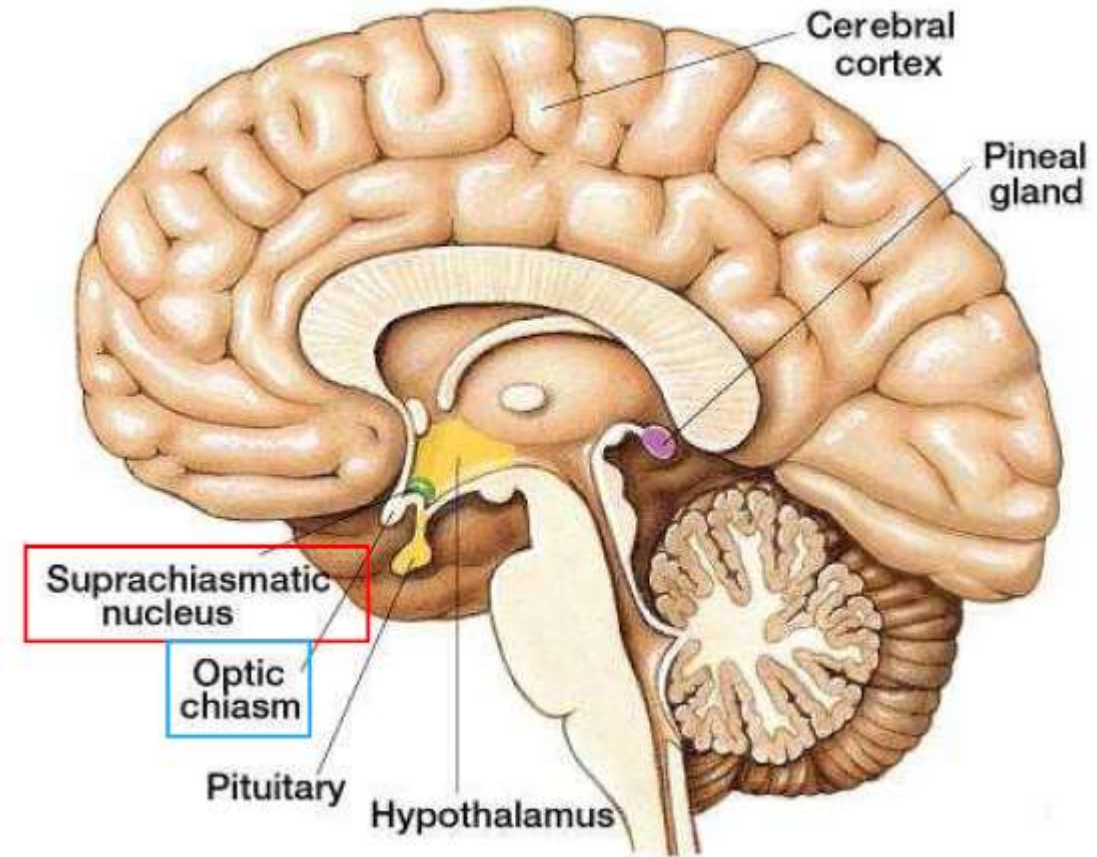
- Prevents over dosage
- Appropriate usage of drug
- Reduce side effects

- ChronoPharmaceutics

- Branch which designs and develops a drug delivery system in accordance with biological rhythm to optimize the treatment of disease.

# Circadian rhythm

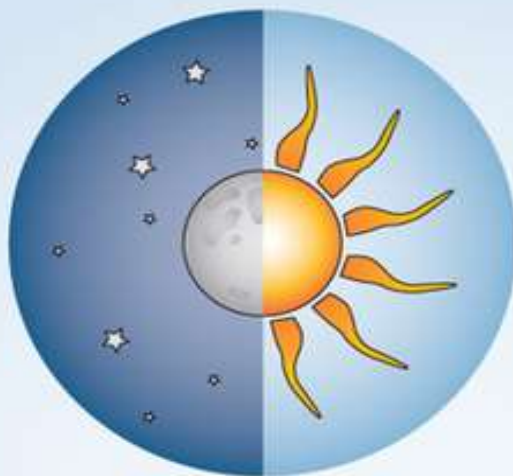
- The basic unit of circadian timekeeping is the...
- **Supra chiasmatic nucleus**
- **Clock genes**



# Zeitgeber

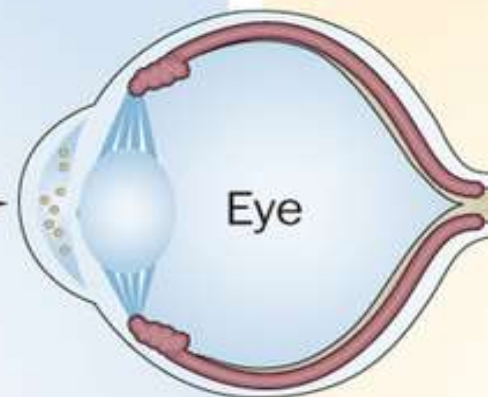
Circadian rhythms are driven by endogenous processes, are self-sustaining, and rely upon circadian time cues (**zeitgebers**) to remain appropriately oriented to the individual's environment and desired routine.

### External 24h light–dark cycle



Photic Zeitgeber

- Nonphotic Zeitgeber
- Sleep–wake cycle
  - Physical activity
  - Social time
  - Meals



Entrainment

### Endogenous circadian rhythm

SCN (Master clock)



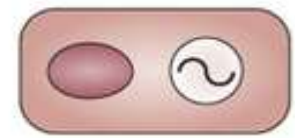
Synchronization



Peripheral oscillators



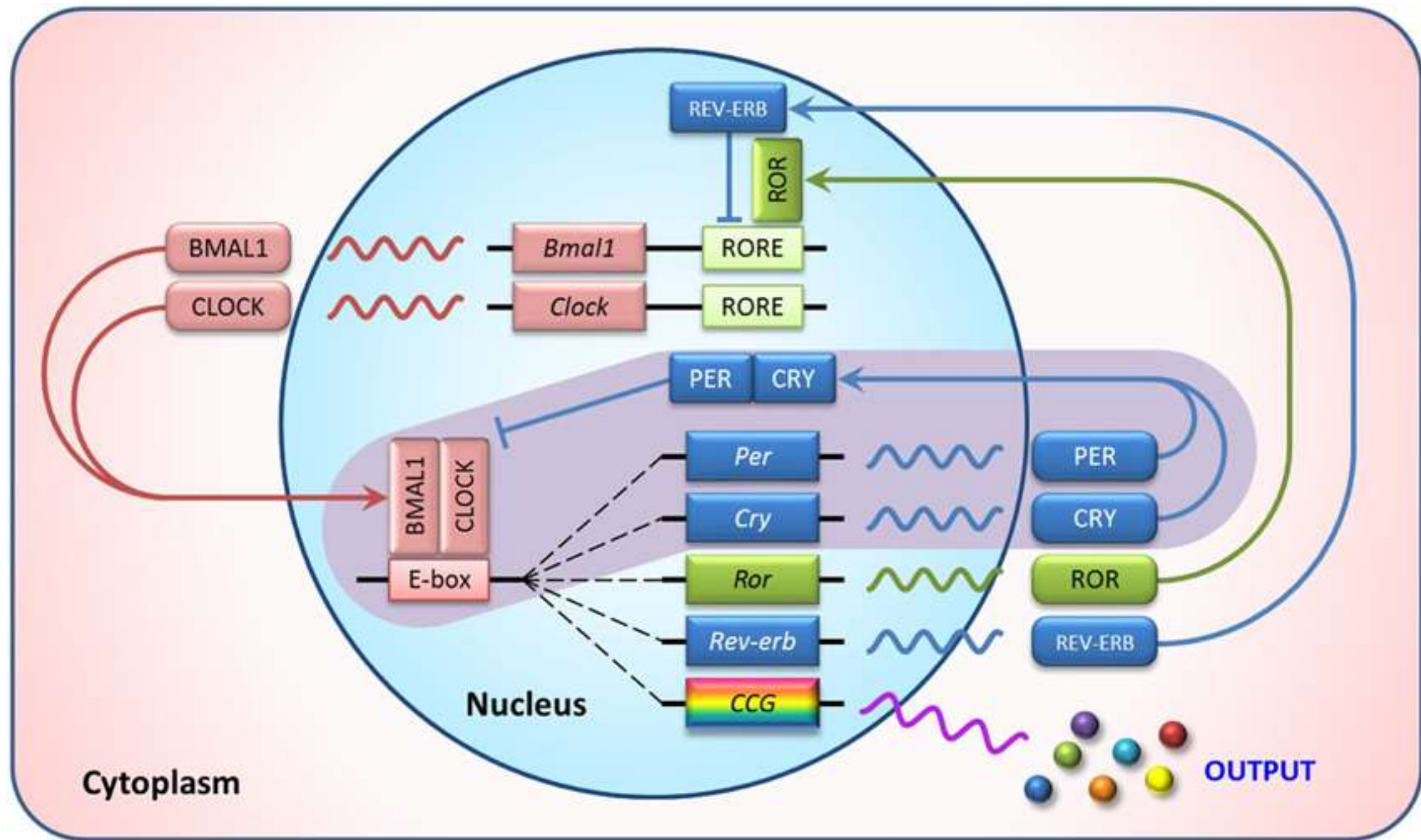
Cellular oscillators



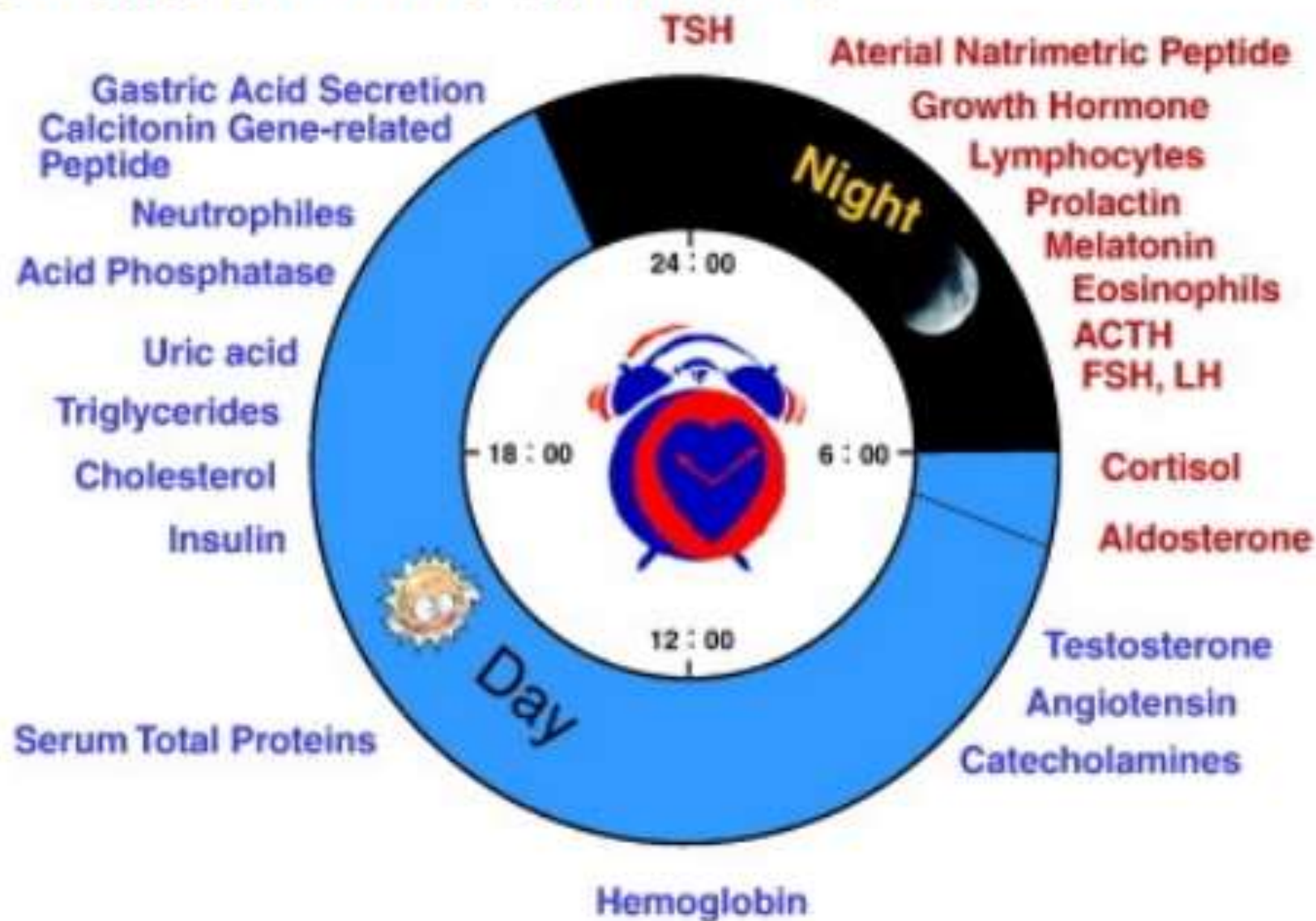


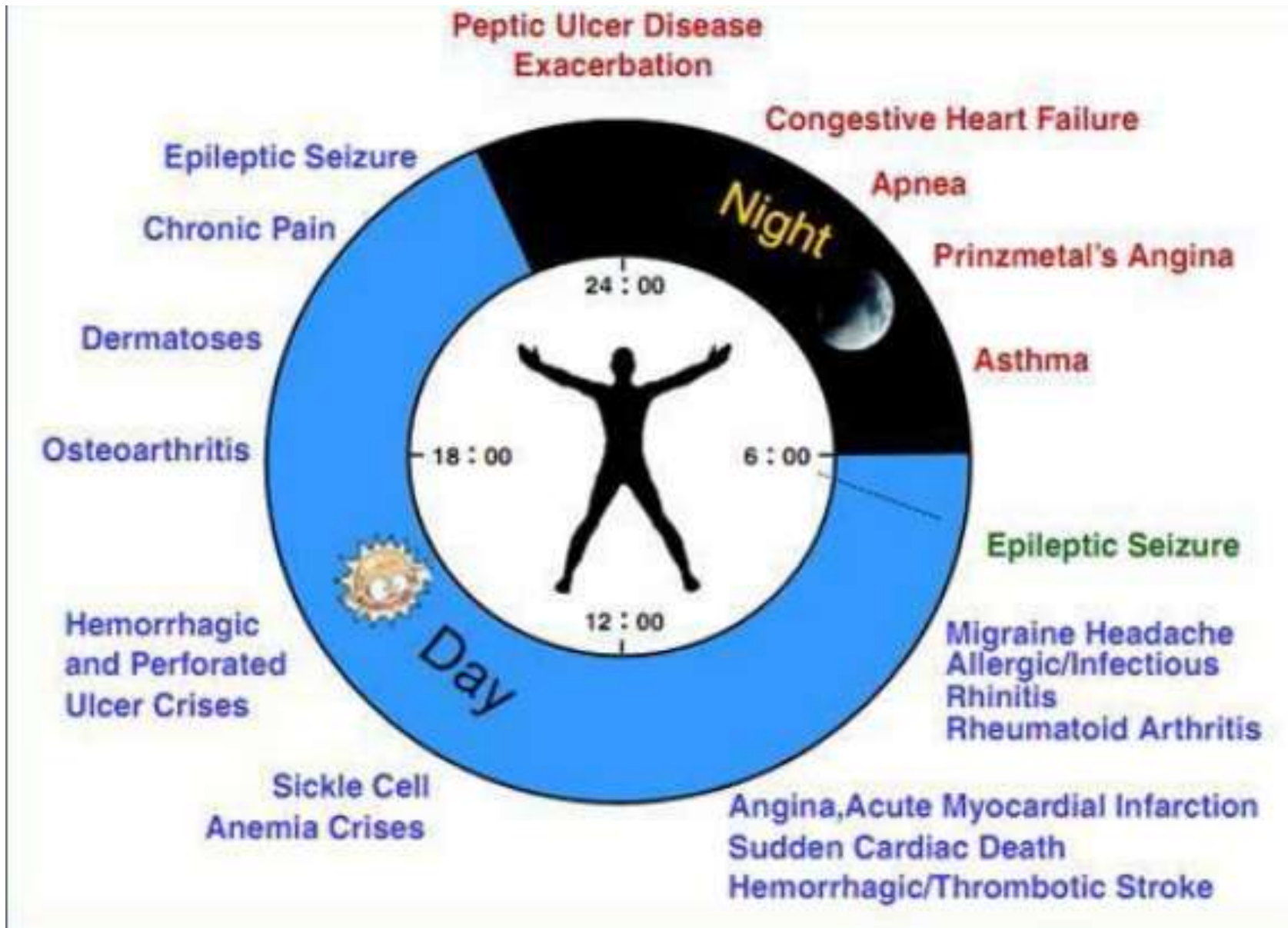
# Clock Genes :

- Circadian rhythms are driven by a group of genes called **clock genes**.
- In mammals, the core clock genes consist of **Bmal1** (Brain and muscle aryl-hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator-like 1), **CLOCK** (Circadian Locomotor Output Cycles Kaput), **Per** (Period), and **Cry** (Cryptochrome).
- They form a tightly regulated system with interlocking feedback and feed-forward loops.



# Human Circadian Time Structure





# Applications of Chronopharmacology

# Respiratory system

Increased bronchoconstriction at night due to...

↑ Parasympathetic tone

↓ Adrenaline

↓ Cortisol at midnight

↑ Sensitivity to irritants and allergens at night

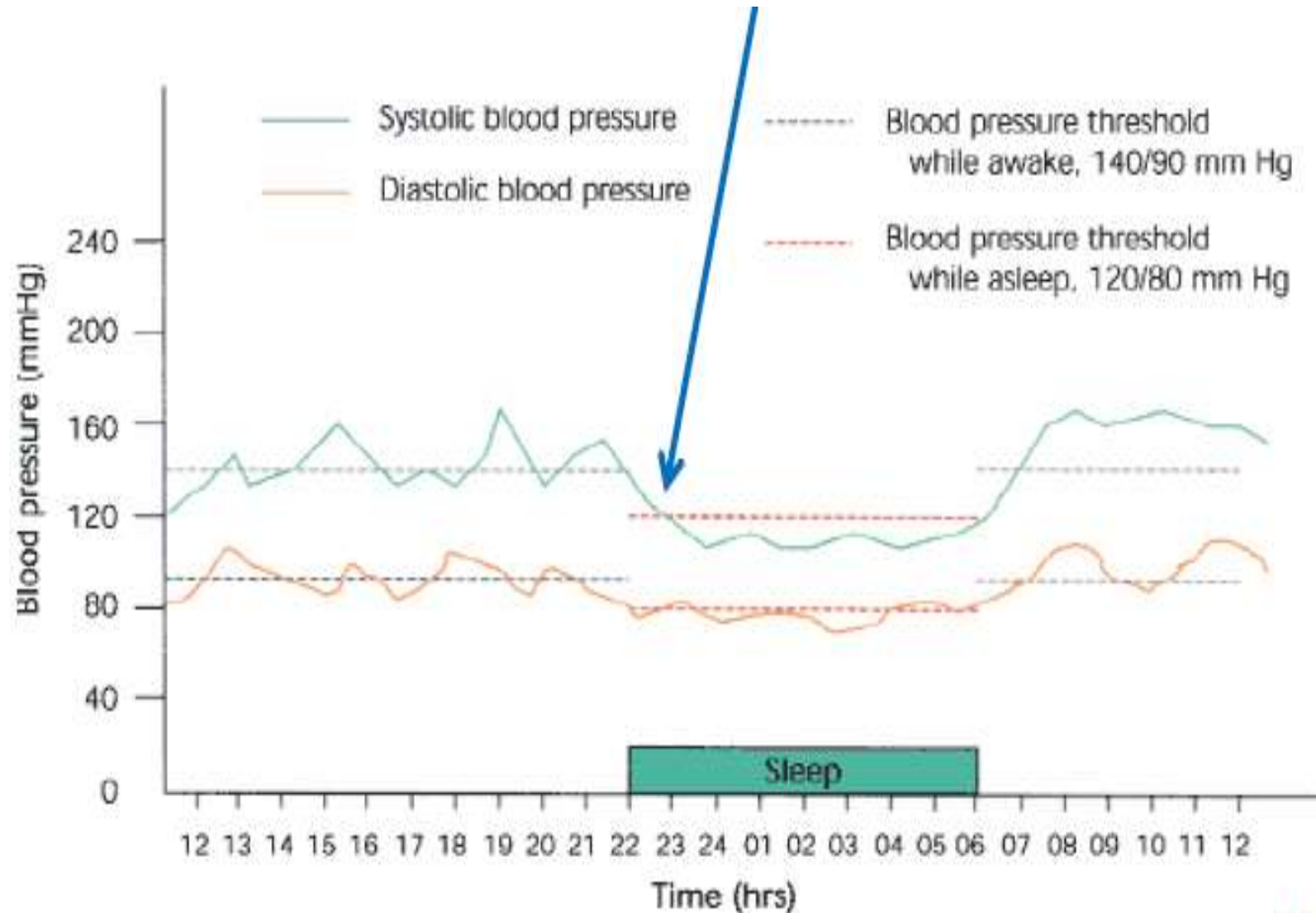
→ exacerbations of allergic rhinitis & asthma

# Asthma

- Acute attack of asthma
  - more common between midnight and 6 am.
- Rx - Theophylline and Beta 2 agonist is timed at evening

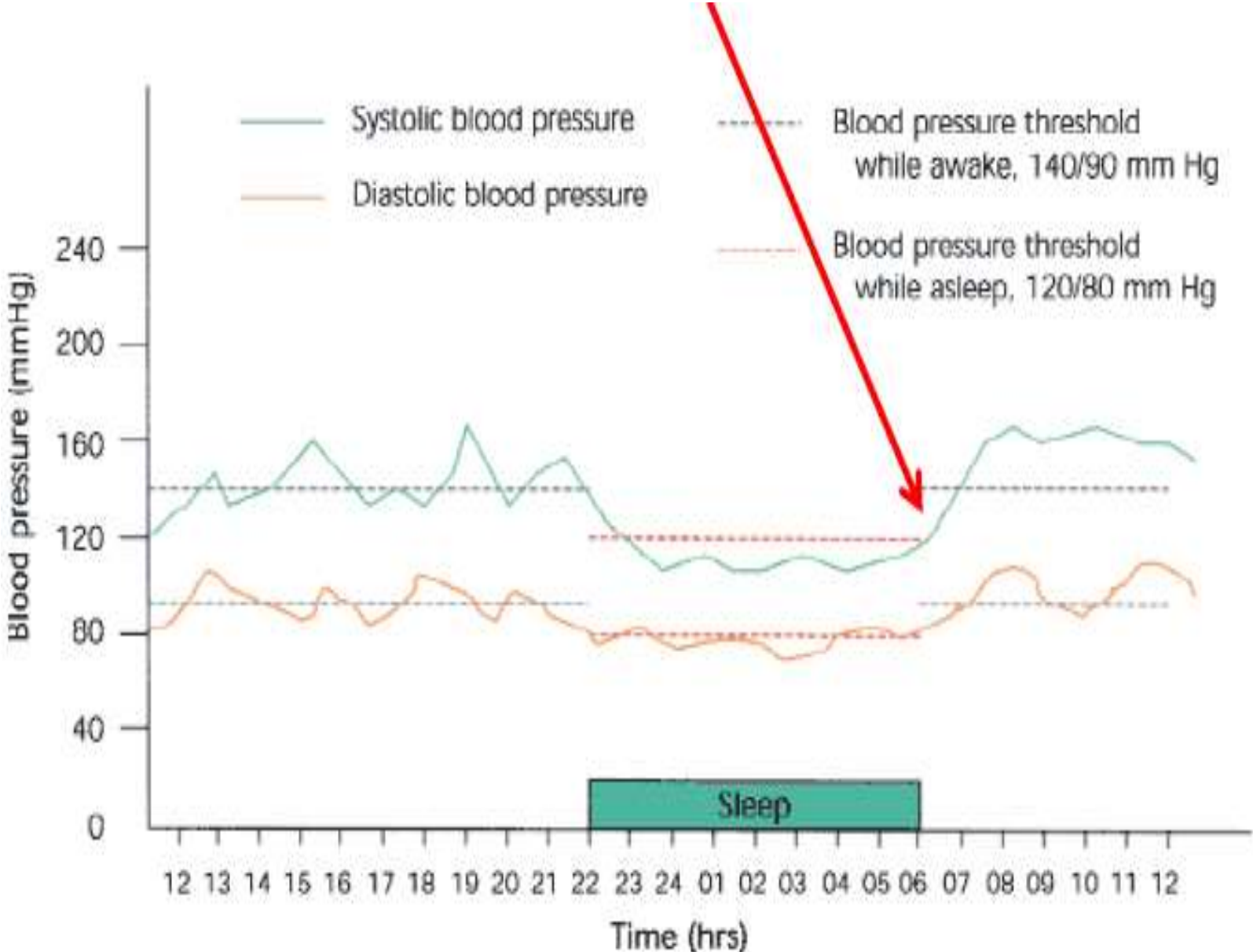
# CVS-

## Night time dip





# Morning rise

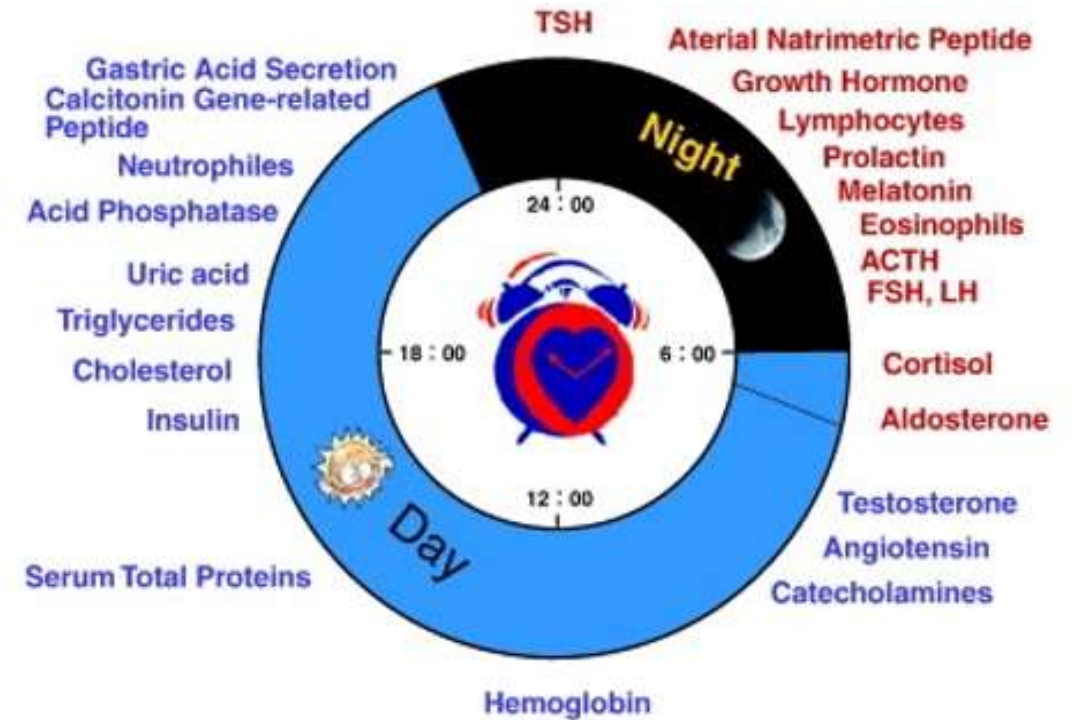


# Cardiovascular Disorders

- Myocardial infarction
- Sudden cardiac death
- Angina pectoris
- Transient ischemic attacks / Stroke

High incidence between 6am and 12 noon.

- ↑ Vascular tone
- ↑ Platelet aggregation
- ↓ Intrinsic thrombolytic activity.

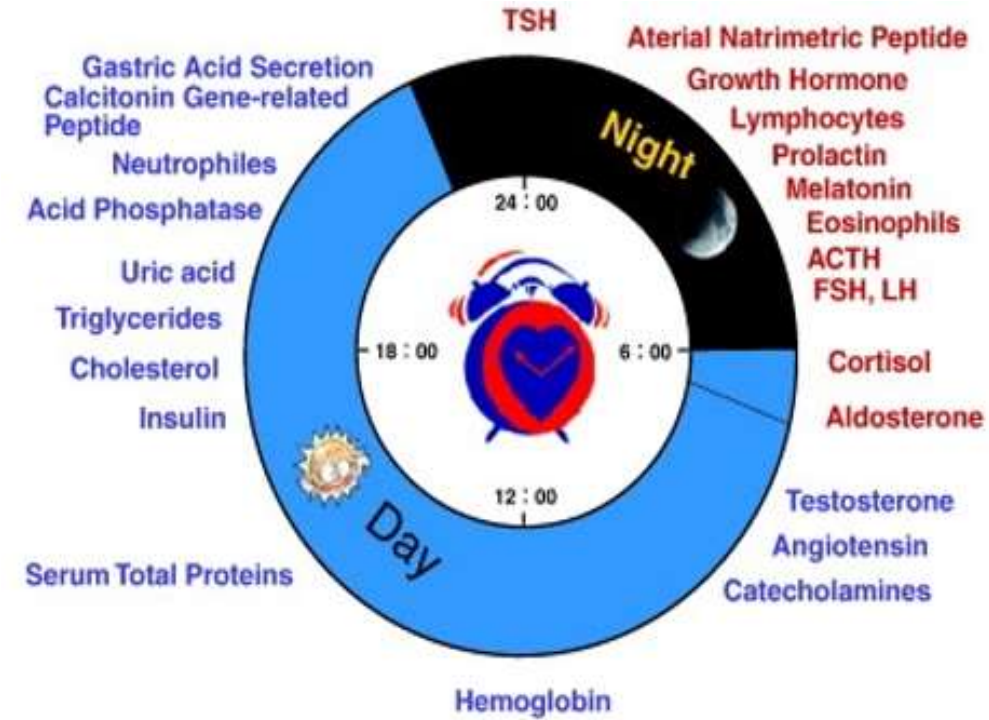


# Cardiovascular drugs

- **Aspirin** – maximum antiplatelet effect in the morning.
- **Thrombolytics and Heparin** – ↓ benefit during early morning hours.
- **Atenolol** – more effective during day time.
- **Labetalol** – more effective in early morning hours.
- **Enalapril** - Peak effect in the afternoon after morning dose.

# Endocrine system

- Highest secretion of cortisol early morning.
- Lowest at midnight.
- GH peaks during sleep.
- Testosterone peaks early morning.
- TSH peaks at mid night.
- Corticosteroids given as single morning dose cause less pituitary adrenal suppression



# Gastrointestinal tract

- Acid secretion peaks between 10 pm and 2 am.
- Ulcer pain is worst at this time.
- Ulcer healing is directly related to acid secretion inhibition at night.
- Evening dosage of H<sub>2</sub> receptor antagonists or PPI.

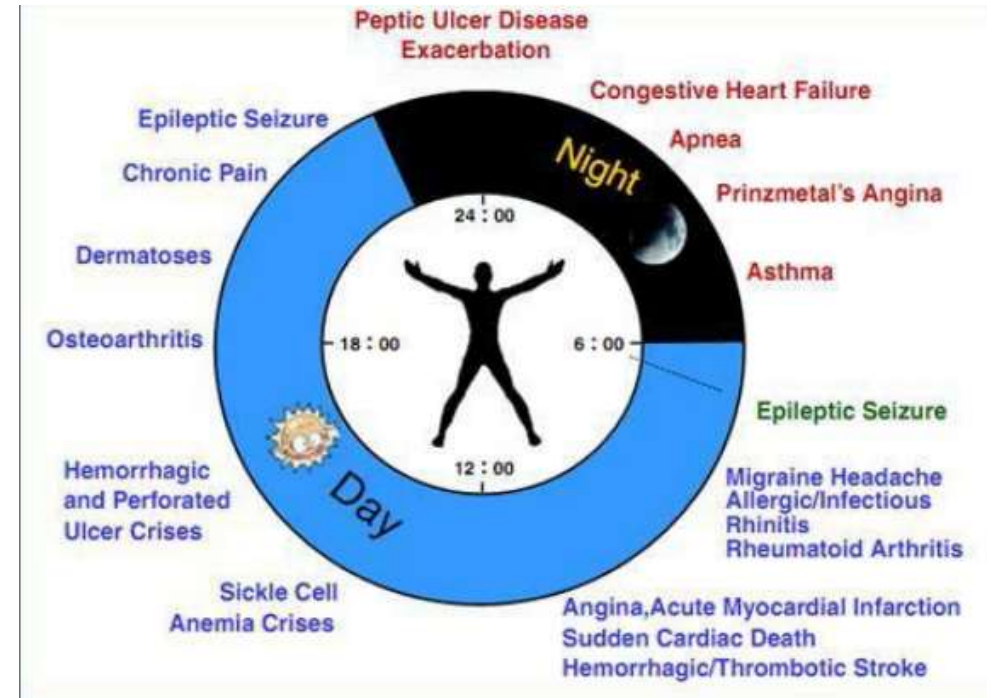
# CNS

- Melatonin – secreted at night by pineal gland.
- Function – synchronizes sleep wake cycle with circadian rhythm.
- Melatonin agonist [**Ramelteon**] – hypnotic for sleep onset insomnia & reduces jet lag symptoms.
- Bedtime administration - more effective.

# Musculoskeletal system

## Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Symptoms more severe - 8am & 11am.
- Long acting NSAIDS at bed time



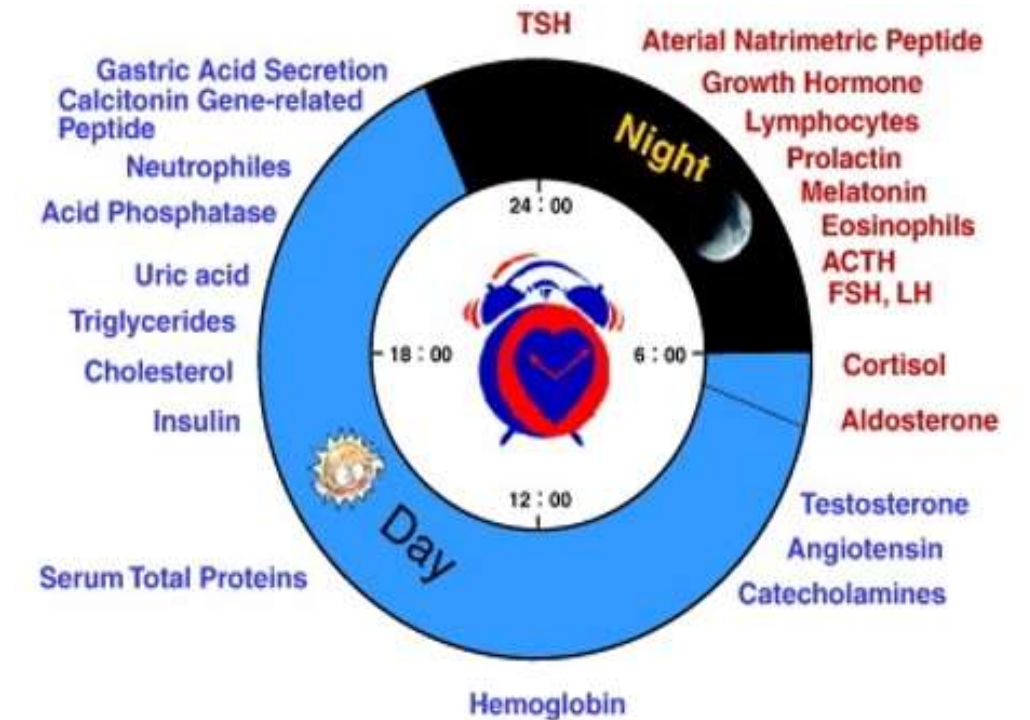
## Osteoarthritis

- Pain more intense between 2 pm and 8 pm.
- Morning dose for afternoon worsening, evening dose for night time worsening.



# Hypercholesterolemia

- Cholesterol synthesis more at night.



- Evening dose of **HMG CoA reductase inhibitors** is more effective.

# Cancer

- Cancer cells are considered to have lost internal time keeping mechanism.
- Tumor cells and normal cells differ in their chronobiological cycles.

## ➤ The basis for the chronopharmacotherapy of cancers...

### Lymphoma

- The **DNA synthesis** in the normal human bone marrow cells has a peak around noon while the peak of DNA synthesis in **lymphoma** cells is near midnight.
- So, an s-phase active cytotoxic therapy at late nights should be more advantageous

# Skin Disorders

- **Psoriasis**: cell proliferation rate peaks between 9pm & 3am.  
-Inflammatory activity highest at night, least in the morning.
- **Atopic dermatitis**: sensitivity to histamine highest at night.
- **Topical corticosteroids**: activity in the afternoon higher than that in the morning.

# ChronoPharmaceutics

# Design and development of Chrono drug delivery system :

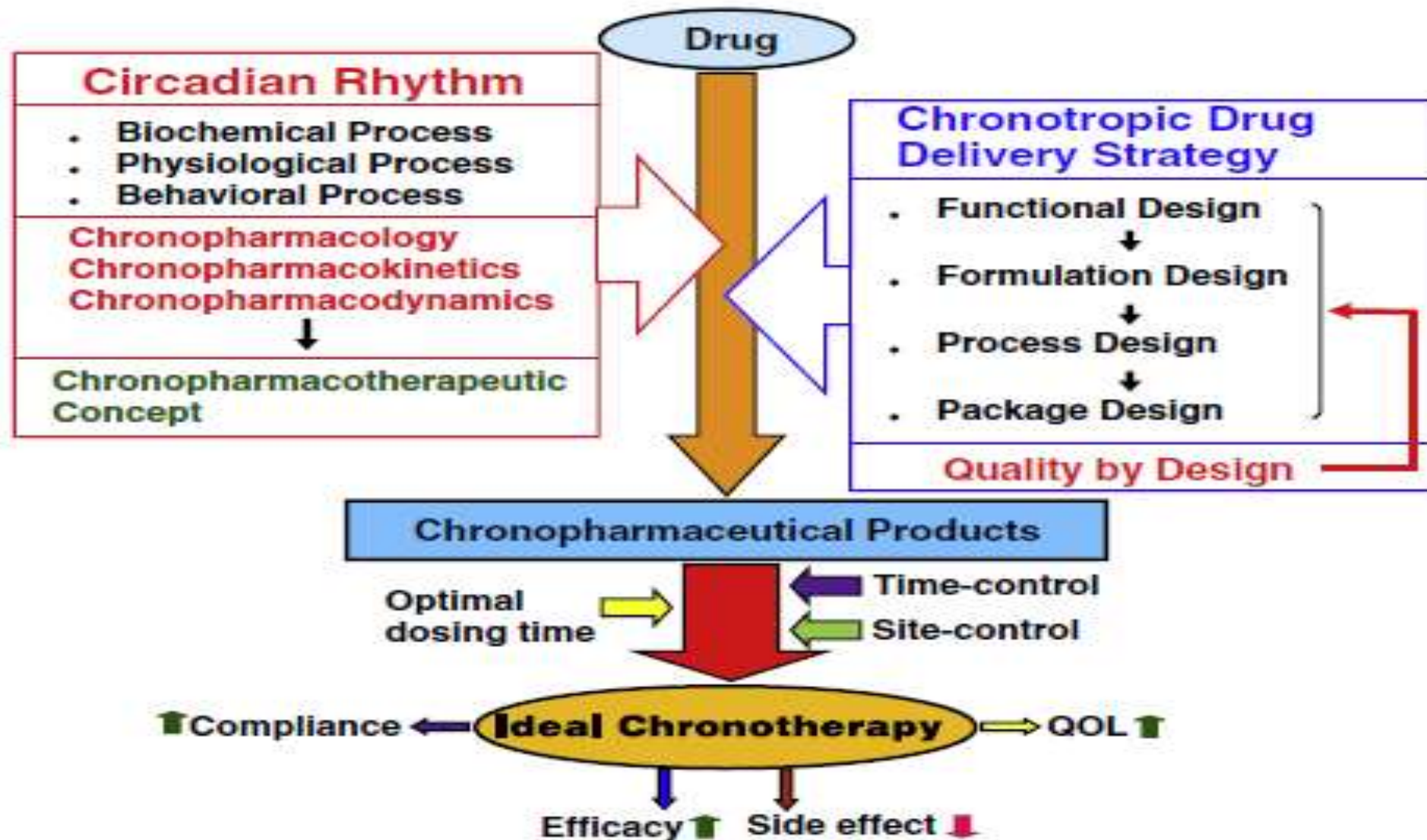


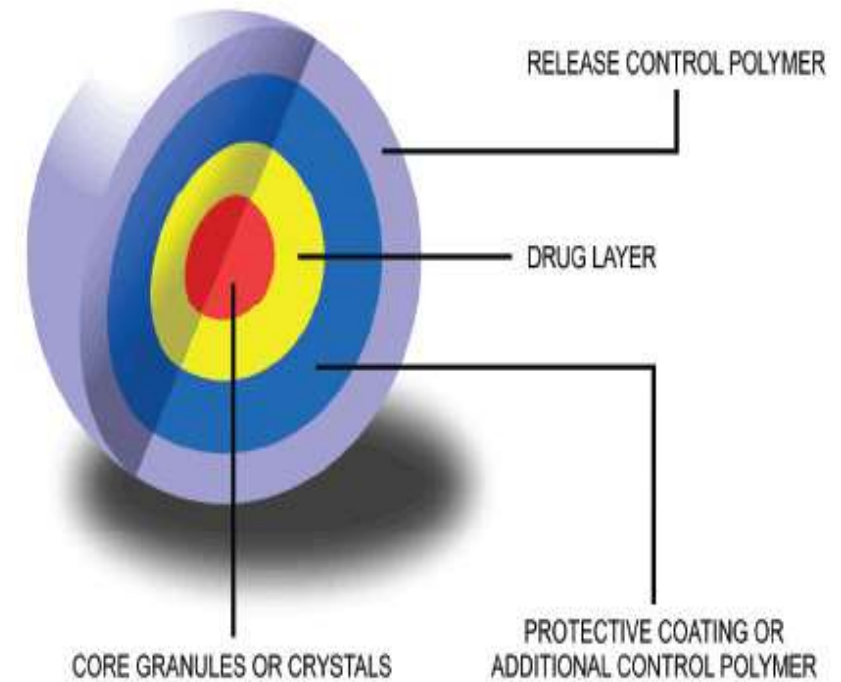
Fig. 2. Design and development of new chronotropic DDSs in accordance with circadian rhythm of human body.

# Chrono Drug Delivery Systems (Chrono-DDS)



Figure 1

## Diffucaps<sup>®</sup> Bead Technology



OROS, CODAS, CEFORM, TIMERx, POLYMERS,  
MICROCHIPS, DIFFUCAPS

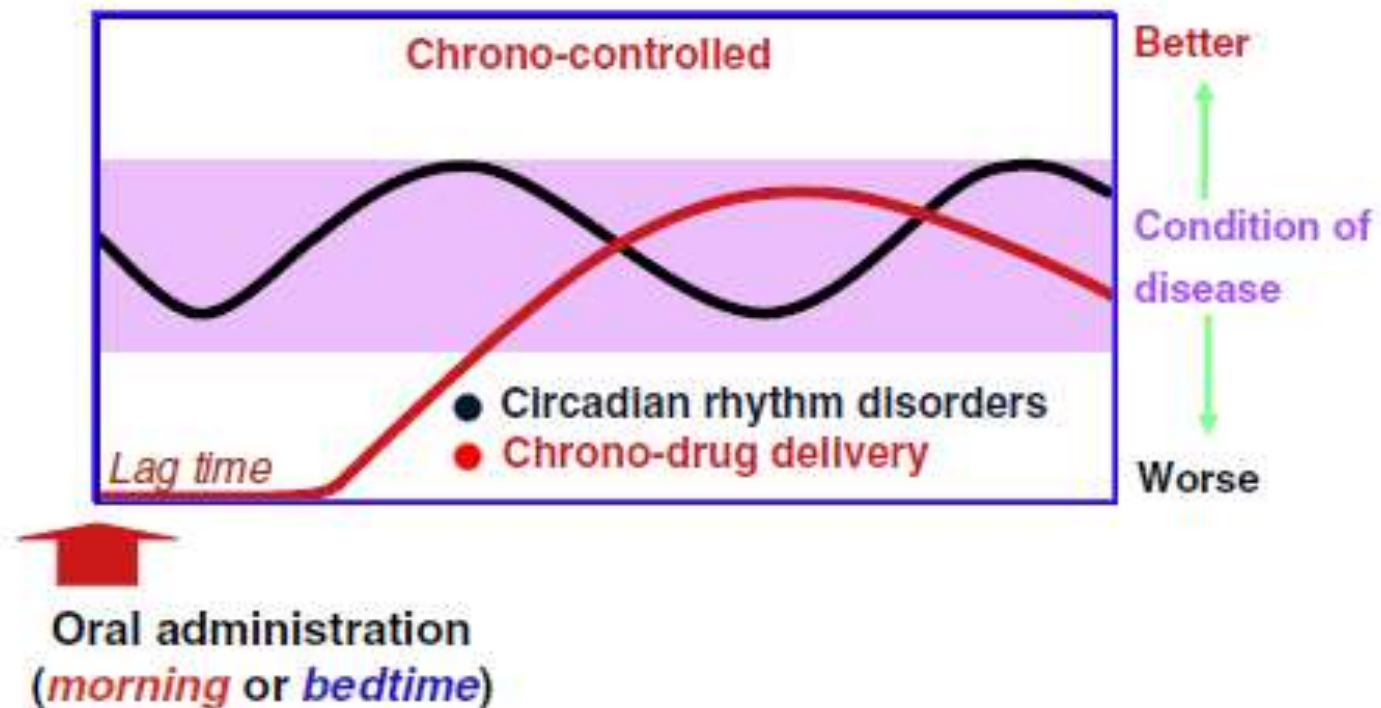


Fig. 22. An ideal chronotherapeutic drug delivery according to the circadian rhythm disorders of the patient.



# Chronopharmaceutical technologies:

- Parenteral routes in chronotherapy include
  - **Chronomodulating infusion pumps** (i.e. Melodie™, Panomat™ V5, Synchronomed™, Rhythmic™)
  - **Controlled-release microchips**
- Oral administration include
  - Contin™, Chronset™, Codas™, Ceform™, Diffucaps™, TIMERx®, Chronotopic™, Egalet™, GeoClock™, Port™, Three-dimensional printing (3DP)™
  - methods involve physico-chemical modification of the active pharmaceutical ingredient and/or the use of **controlled-release erodible polymer** .

- **Pulsatile drug delivery systems:** Here a targeted drug is delivered at specific site due to induction of certain physiochemical stimuli at target site.
- Release of certain enzymes, hormones, antibodies, pH of the site, temperature of the site, presence of certain cells, and concentration of biomolecules (glucose, neurotransmitters, inflammatory mediators) act as stimuli to trigger the release of drug from these types of drug delivery systems.
- Recently, a novel **floating pulsatile system** - high internal phase emulsion based porous material.

# Marketed technologies of pulsatile drug delivery

| Technology                              | Mechanism                         | Proprietary name and dosage form               | API                            | Disease      |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------|
| OROS <sup>®</sup> ;                     | Osmotic mechanism                 | Covera-HS <sup>®</sup> XL tablet               | Verapamil HCl                  | Hypertension |
| CODOS <sup>®</sup>                      | multiparticulate dependent system | ph Verelan <sup>®</sup> PM; XL release capsule | Verapamil HCL                  | Hypertension |
| DIFFUCAPS <sup>®</sup>                  | multiparticulate system           | Innopran <sup>®</sup> ;XL tablets              | Verapamil HCl, propranolol HCl | Hypertension |
| Three dimensional printing <sup>®</sup> | externally regulated system       | TheirForm <sup>®</sup>                         | Diclophenac sodium             | Inflammation |
| Pulsincap <sup>™</sup>                  | Rupturable system                 | Pulsincap <sup>™</sup>                         | Dofetilide                     | Hypertension |

# Conclusion

- Effectiveness and toxicity of a drug are not constant over 24 hr period.
- Understanding the biological rhythms can optimize and individualize drug therapy to a great extent.
- Thus it can help to decrease the drug related toxicity and enhance effectiveness.

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