EXPERIMENT: 12



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AIM OF THE EXPERIMENT: Health Communication: communicable diseases, their signs and symptoms, and prevention.(SARS-COV-19)

REQUIREMENT: Data Collection

THEORY:

Coronaviruses are a family of viruses that can cause respiratory illness in humans. They are called "corona" because of crown-like spikes on the surface of the virus. Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). The new strain of coronavirus — SARS-CoV-2 — was first reported in Wuhan, China in December 2019. It has since spread to every country around the world.

SIGN & SYMPTOMS:

People with COVID-19 have had a wide range of symptoms reported – ranging from mild symptoms to severe illness. Symptoms may appear 2-14 days after exposure to the virus. Anyone can have mild to severe symptoms.

Possible symptoms include:

- Fever or chills
- Cough
- Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing
- Fatigue
- Muscle or body aches
- Headache
- New loss of taste or smell
- Sore throat
- Congestion or runny nose
- Nausea or vomiting
- Diarrhea

This list does not include all possible symptoms. Symptoms may change with new COVID-19 variants and can vary depending on vaccination status. CDC will continue to update this list as we learn more about COVID-19.

EMERGENCY WARNING SIGNS FOR COVID -19:

- Trouble breathing
- Persistent pain or pressure in the chest
- Confusion
- Inability to wake or stay awake
- Pale, gray, or blue-colored skin, lips, or nail beds, depending on skin tone

PREVENTION:

- Wash your hands for at least 20 seconds especially before eating and preparing food, after using the bathroom, after wiping your nose, and after coming in contact with someone who has a cold.
- Wear a multilayered cloth facemask that fits snugly on your face and covers your mouth, nose and chin as recommended by the CDC.
- Avoid touching eyes, nose and mouth to prevent the spread of viruses from hands.
- Cover the mouth and nose with a tissue when sneezing and coughing or sneeze and cough into your sleeve. Throw the tissue in the trash.
 Wash your hands afterward. Never cough or sneeze into your hands!
- Avoid close contact (within 6 feet) with those who have coughs, colds or are sick. Stay home if you're sick.
- If you're prone to sickness or have a weakened immune system, stay away from large crowds of people. Follow the directions of your healthcare authorities, especially during outbreaks.
- Clean frequently used surfaces (such as doorknobs and countertops) with a virus-killing disinfectant.

- Use hand sanitizers that contain at least 60% alcohol if soap and water are not available.
- Greet people with a friendly gesture instead of shaking hands.
- Get enough sleep, eat a healthy diet, drink plenty of liquids and exercise if you are able.
- Take medicine properly as directed by physician.
- These steps will strengthen the immune system and help you fight off infections more easily.

Conclusion: From the above experiment, we discussed about the signs and symptoms, and prevention of SARS-COV-19.